



Casa abierta al tiempo

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FOOD ALTERNATIVES FOR A SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION OF RUMIANTS IN ARID AND SEMI-ARID ZONES IN MEXICO

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Mixtec region of Mexico

During the rainy months and until January, due to residual humidity, there is an abundance of forage plants in the arid and semi-arid zones.

Whereas, from February to June there is an intense dry season that limits the good development of the animals.



1.- Multinutritional blocks



Cactus fruits (*Stenocereus griseus* L.
and *Escontria chiotilla* L)



Mezquite pods (*Prosopis laevigata*)

Ingredients	Treatments (%)			
	T1	T2	T3	T4
Cement	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Calcium oxide	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Salt	5	5	5	5
Urea	10	10	10	10
Molasses	0	10	20	30
Corn stubble	28	28	28	28
Pitahaya	40	30	20	10
Mineral salt	2	2	2	2
Total	100	100	100	100



Results

- The results indicate that the greater consumption of BMN and the weight gain were attributable to the treatment (T3), with an amount of $0.350 \pm$ Kg per day for consumption of MNB and with a weight gain of 0.267 ± 0.024 Kg per day.
- Costs of the total blocks consumed, the highest was \$ 2.5 USD.
- Body condition was better reflected in all treatments compared to the control.

2.- Establishment of an experimental plot in the form of a protein bank with three species.

- *Prosopis laevigata* (mezquite)
- *Acacia farnesiana* (huizache)
- *Acacia cochliacanta* (cubata)



Stage 1 Germination



Stage 2: Green house



Stage 3: nursery



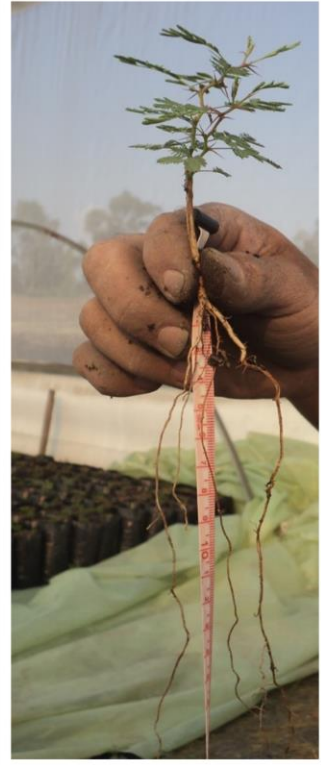
Stage 4 transplantation to the field

DESARROLLO DE LAS ESPECIES



Huizache

root 33.80 cm
stalk 19.50 cm
branches 19



Cubata

root 25.80 cm
stalk 7.60 cm
branches 12



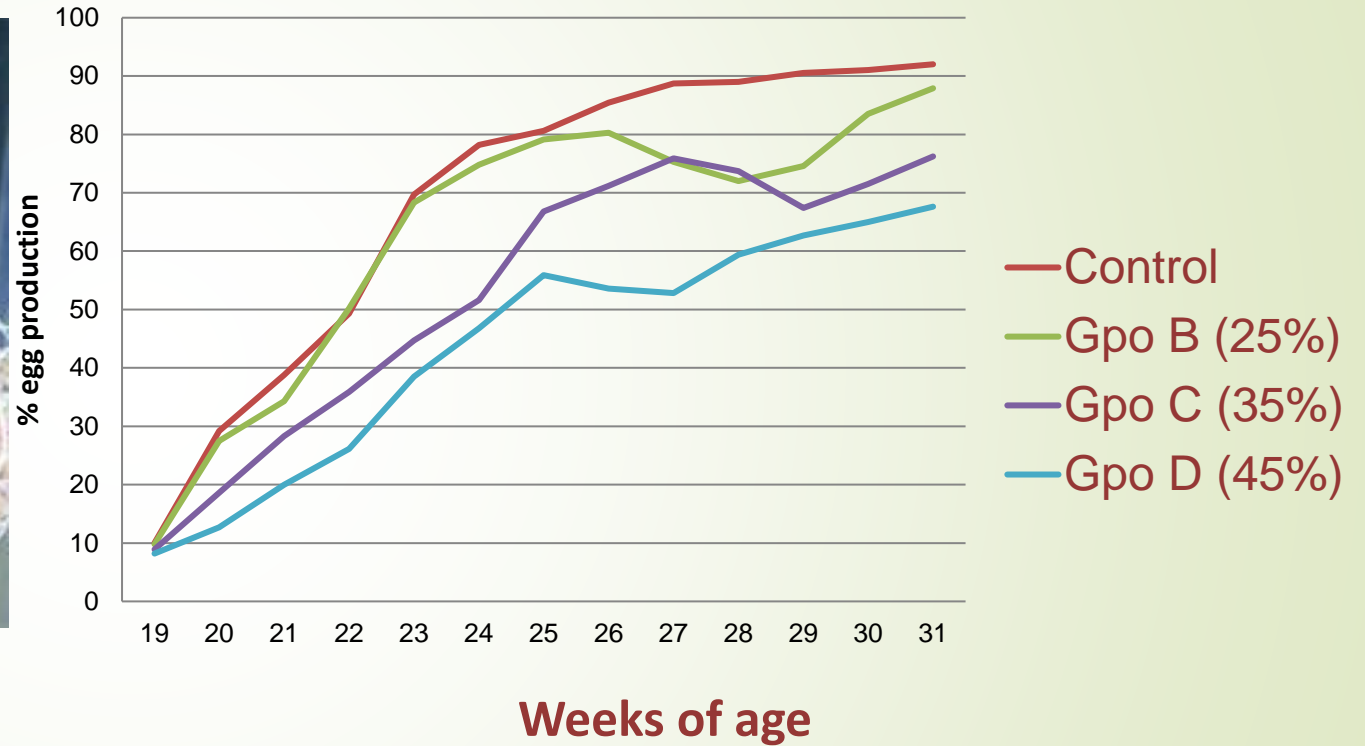
Mezquite

root 29.60 cm
stalk 15.50 cm
branches 14

At 344 days of growth crecimiento

Huizache registered the longest stalks length (60,97 cm) root (60,63 cm) and the number of sprouts (221,89) in comparison with cubata (58,16 cm, 43,7 cm y 181,78 respectively).

3.- Hydroponic green forage



- Additionally, a hydroponic green forage (HGF) production was obtained and used with laying hens.
- 90% of egg laying was achieved in the 31st week using 25% of HGF in substitution of concentrate.

Conclusion

- ▶ These three strategies can be of complementary use for a strategic and sustainable production that improves ruminant production in arid and semi-arid zones of Mexico.



Thanks

