

EFFECTS OF RED WINE CONSUMPTION ON CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH: A REVIEW OF HYPERTENSION AND LIPID PROFILE STUDIES

Mauro Lombardo



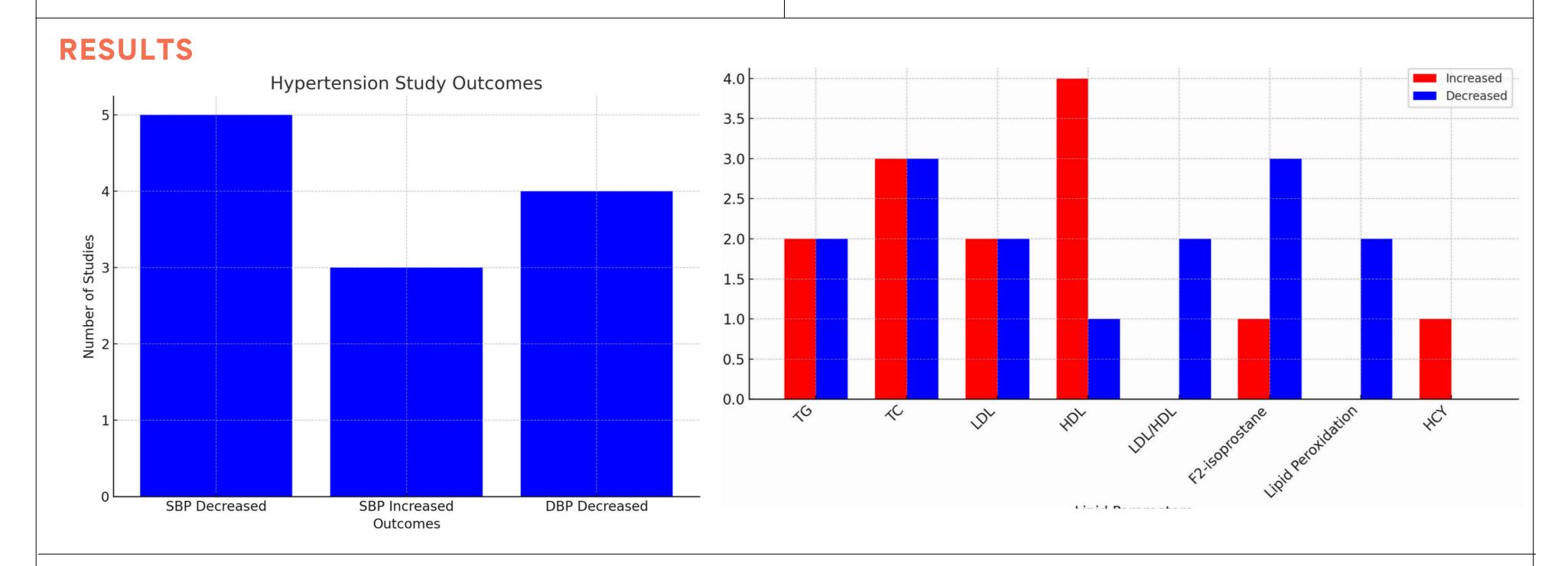
Department for the Promotion of Human Science and Quality of Life - San Raffaele Open University, Rome, Italy

BACKGROUND AND AIMS

This review aims to elucidate the clinical impact of Red Wine (RW) on Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) parameters and assess the relevant compounds in RW.

METHODS

This review analyzed 29 randomized controlled trials (RCTs) to assess the impact of RW consumption on lipid profile and blood pressure. A comprehensive PubMed search, and they were selected through a rigorous search and screening process.



CONCLUSIONS

Moderate RW consumption shows a mixed impact on blood pressure and lipid profile, influenced by ethanol and polyphenols such as resveratrol, flavonoids, and tannins. Short-term studies often report on the beneficial effects on SBP, DBP, and lipid profiles, particularly with standard RW, DRW, and PSRW. However, long-term observational studies show an increased risk of CVD associated with ethanol in RW.

MODERATE RW CONSUMPTION
OFFERS POTENTIAL SHORTTERM BENEFITS ON BLOOD
PRESSURE AND LIPID PROFILES,
BUT LONG-TERM USE,
ESPECIALLY DUE TO ETHANOL,
MAY ELEVATE CVD RISK.



