



#### **1st International Electronic Conference on** Sensors and Applications

## Automatic system for providing security services in the Internet of Things applications over Wireless Sensor Networks

#### <u>Authors:</u>

J.A. Sánchez Alcón:jose.asanchez-alcon@.upm.esLourdes López:lourdes.lopez@upm.esJosé-Fernán Martínez:jf.martinez@upm.esPedro Castillejo:pedro.castillejo@upm.es









- 1.- Our team
- 2.- The problem
- 3.- Objectives
- 4.- Proposal
- 5.- The key elements
- 6.- Expert System Functional Blocks
- 7.- Testing scenario
- 8.- Results
- 9.- The next steps





The problem



## Security and privacy can be a problem for market and society.

#### New IoT Service. It should to consider:

- The appropriates security solutions for privacy.
- Resources limitations
  - Battery
  - Memory
  - Processing
  - ...
- Great diversity of legislative frameworks all around the world.
- Changes in use cases may alter the legislative framework too.



#### DIVERSIY OF APPLICATIONS WITH THE SAME PRODUCT



**Different uses cases** 

**Different impacts on data protection** 

#### **Dairy facilities**







Horse race

### THE SAME PRODUCT

**Monitoring Belt** 











**Objectives** 



Avoiding the user's **negative perception** with the IoTs technologies about security and their privacy.

To do an automatically determination process.

- About security services and privacy protections
- For products and services on the Internet of Things
- For products and services over Wireless Sensor Network



**Proposal** 



To go beyond for the art state over this topic.

To find the best solutions based on an Expert System.

It is based on the knowledge generated by the involved areas

- Skilled persons with knowledge on Business area
- Skilled persons with knowledge on Juridical area.
- Skilled persons with knowledge on Technological area.
- All these knowledge working together to give the best solutions for people.





- "Utility Matrix" as a main concept to link all interests of stakeholders regarding their security needs.
- The expert system has been divided in three parts.
- All of these interacting each other by interchanged information.
- Each part processes its own knowledge to give answers.
- To obtaining (based on "Utility Matrix") the legal imperatives and dataset to protect.
- To collect the security mechanisms available in the last state of art.
- To select the most efficient solutions as a security policy.
- This proposal will connect the Industrial, Judicial and Technological areas working together.



Expert System Functional Blocks



Automatic system for providing security services process stages								
Stage	Functional Blocks	INPUT	KNOWLEDGE DATABASE	OUTPUT				
1º	Business (BES)	Services Requirements	Business Knowledge	Utility matrix				
			structure	Personal data involved				
2º	Legal (LES)	Utility matrix + personal data involved	Laws standards	Legal Imperatives				
			Laws, standards	Sensitive information				
3º	Technological (TES)	Legal Imperatives over sensitive information	Attacks, security services, mechanisms, 	Security services & mechanisms over information pieces.				
4º	Business BES)	Security services & mechanisms over information pieces.	Business Knowledge structure	Final decision over security strategy to apply over network elements				
5º	Legal (LES)	Final decision	Validity chock	Legal certification is emitted to BES.				
			Validity check	One message is sent to TES for register.				





- The Expert System provides security policy.
- A middleware service oriented platform (AWARE) to configure security services over WSN.
  - AWARE middleware architecture is based on the *nSOM*, composed by three abstraction layers named:
    - Wireless Sensor Node Platform
    - Service-Oriented Software Platform (SOS)
    - Service Composition Platform (SCP)
  - The security system was deployed as a service inside the SOS layer.
  - The security service can be used by the upper layer (SCP) to compose new secured services.
- Sensors for monitoring human health status.



Results



- 1. Data identity and measures must be hidden.
- 2. Data have to be unknown by non-authorized people.
- 3. System nodes have to always be controlled and known (no intruders).
- 4. Non-authorized people and non-authorized systems must not access personal data.
- 5. Transmission data must not to be done in broadcast.
- 6. Historical data and results have to be protected. (Encrypted, or split data in DB).
- Data must be protected in standalone mode. In memory overflow, Alarm/Alert data must be preserved.
- 8. During standalone mode, visual or audible alarm/alert must be generated.
- 9. If one node leaves the system, data must be discharged before and erased.

	SERVICES						
N٥	Service	Information					
1	Confidentiality	All data					
2	Confidentiality	Personal Identity					
3	Authentication	Access Control List (ACL)					
4	Authorization	Access privileges					
5	Authentication	Node identities.					
6	Confidentiality	Database in server					
7	Integrity						
8 Availability		Measures, health alarms and alerts					
9	Confidentiality	SHE					

Imperatives for personal data LOPD

in Spain.

USES CASES						
Security requirements	Cow milk farm	Horse races	Soccer team	Firemen		
Options chosen	4	3; 4	2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 9	2; 3; 4; 6; 7; 8; 9		





- About Services Requirements:
  - Environment information: country, service type, ....
  - Service structure: Data collecting areas, aggregation, resources limitation, ...
  - Monitored data: Collected information.
  - Service data: Management data for service.
  - Stakeholders requirements
  - Other service requirements: Continuity ....
- Important information for LES is sent inside Utility Matrix.
- All these information along with the Knowledge bases should be enough for processing.



Security and Privacy Management



In a large IoT environment, the intelligence for security and privacy management could be insert on the Network Operation Centre (NOC).







Promoting ways of collaboration with Phd students and their thesis directors.

- Judicial area.
- Company area.
- Some other security experts

Next year we will perform some test over real services being developed.





# Thanks for your attention

GRyS team Automatic system for providing security services in the Internet of Things applications over Wireless Sensor Networks