# How a risk-based strategy could contribute to a more sustainable Agri-food system

#### Benoît Grossiord

Department Feed & Food, Bordeaux Sciences Agro, 33170, Gradignan, France

# 1/ Introduction & Aim

- When considering sustainable development, food and agriculture are among the most important challenges
- Food operators are therefore facing significant issues, as illustrated in figure 1

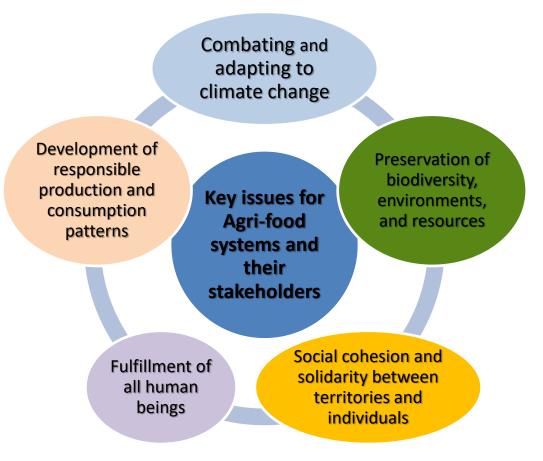


Figure 1 : Key issues for Agri-food systems and their stakeholders

- Their ability to address these issues is crucial for their own longevity and the sustainability of the Agrifood systems to which they belong
- They must all adapt to a changing environment that is now considered VUCA (volatile, uncertain, complex and ambiguous)
- Here, we discuss how risk management could help to improve performance and address those challenges more effectively

# 2/ Sustainability and Agri-food systems

When considering Agri-food systems, the following **key reference tools** are essential for **evaluating** their sustainability:

- ➤ The **three pillars** of sustainable development (1987): environmental, social and economic
- > The seven core subjects of the ISO 26000 standard (2010), as shown in figure 2
- > The 17 sustainable development goals from the UN (2015), as shown in figure 3
- ➤ The ISO 26030 standard, which provides recommendations for using ISO 26000 in the **food chain** (2019)



Figure 2: The 7 core subjects of the ISO 26000 Guidance on social responsibility (Source: https://www.iso.org)

# SUSTAINABLE GRALS 1 NO POVERTY POVERTY AND WELL-BEING 2 HUNGER WE POUGATION AND WELL-BEING AND WELL-BEING PAGE CHAIN WATER AND WELL-BEING PAGE CHAIN WATER AND WELL-BEING TO REDUCED NEGULALITES NEGULALITES NEGULALITES AND COMMUNITIES AND CHAINABLE CHIES AND COMMUNITIES AND CHAINABLE CHIES AND COMMUNITIES AND

Figure 3: The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (Source: https://www.un.org)

These tools enable food business operators (FBOs) to better identify their stakeholders and consider their needs and expectations

# 5/ Building a risk-integrated approach

- Once familiar with the risk management methodology, FBOs can apply it to any issue, such as food quality, food safety, environmental protection or operator safety, using the global approach proposed in the CSR
- There are **many standards** (public or privates) available, including those with specific or mixed criteria, which aim to optimize impacts (both positive and negative) while implementing better practices
- Examples :
  - Mandatory aspects: regulations (national / EU) / EU food law
  - Food safety aspects: Codex Alimentarius / Good Hygiene Practices Guides / HACCP
  - Food quality aspects: EU quality schemes (PDO / PGI / TSG)
  - Occupational health and safety aspects: Risk evaluation (mandatory in France)
  - Environmental aspects: energy / waste / biodiversity / animal welfare / water
  - etc.

# 3/ All involved in the Food Chain

All FBOs play a **key role in the global sustainability of Agri-food systems**. They must evaluate their **impact** on stakeholders, the environment and future generations, taking **responsibility** for their **activities** and **decisions** (see figure 4)

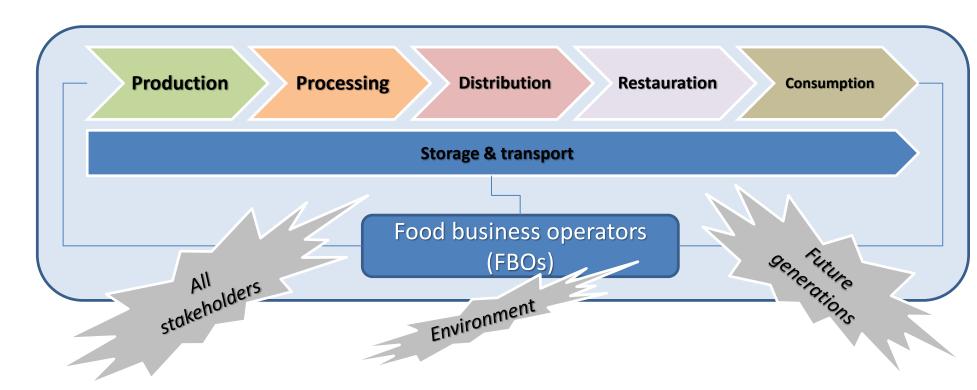


Figure 4: A few activities for evaluating the contribution of FBOs to sustainability.

FBOs are often involved in multiple activities in the food chain, which increases their responsibilities. See short food supply chains (SFSCs) as an example

# 4/ Risk management & continuous improvement

- When considering all their activities, the FBOs must keep in mind to "do good and do it well"!
- ➤ Risk management tools are useful for evaluating potential impacts in a preventive manner, enabling FBOs to anticipate issues more effectively and maintain full control of their activities (see figure 5)

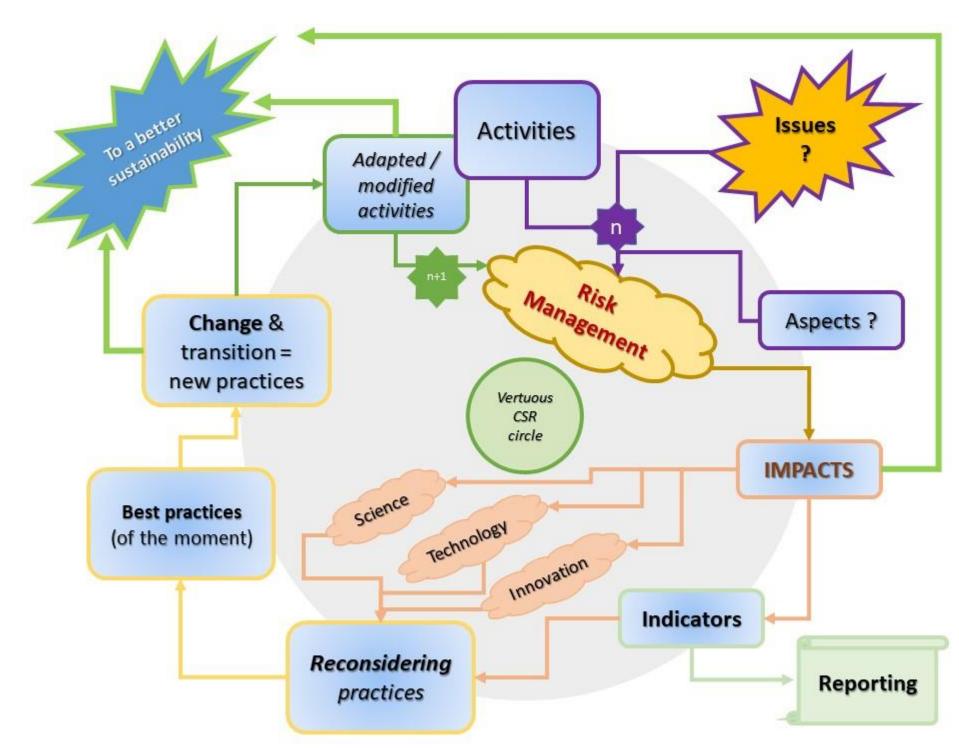


Figure 5: To a virtuous CSR circle based on risk management

#### 6/ Conclusions & Perspectives

- The FBOs are able to improve their overall performance and viability based on a risk management strategy and a good knowledge of their context
- It is useful to support the implementation of tools within the food chain, especially within the SFSCs, in order to implement and promote a **shared risk culture**

### Resources

EU and national regulations (food law) / Codex standards / ISO Standards: ISO 31000 – ISO 22000 – ISO 14001 – ISO 45001 – ISO 26000 / Quality standards dedicated to food & agriculture