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Recovered organic acids from cranberry juice deacidification as a natural strategy for fresh-cut lettuce preservation within a circular economy framework

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Introduction

- Fresh produce are increasingly being consumed, but maintaining their microbial safety is still a big challenge in the food industry^[1]
- Leafy greens are considered the commodity group of greatest concern from a microbiological safety perspective (FAO/WHO)^[2]
- E. coli contamination is frequently reported: 60 outbreaks linked to leafy vegetables consumptions from 2009 2018 (Canada + US)[3]
- Sodium hypochlorite (SH) remains the gold standard sanitizer used for fresh produce washing but natural alternatives are needed^[4] Recently, cranberry juice was deacidified using EDBM (electrodialysis with bipolar membranes), generating a coproduct in the form of
- organic acids recovery solutions (OARs) with promising antimicrobial potential that remain unexplored

Objectives

Control

Water

4 min

Soaking time

□ OARs (6.3 mg/mL)

■ OARs (18.9 mg/mL)

■ OARs (27.4 mg/mL)

0.2 mg/mL SH

Conclusions

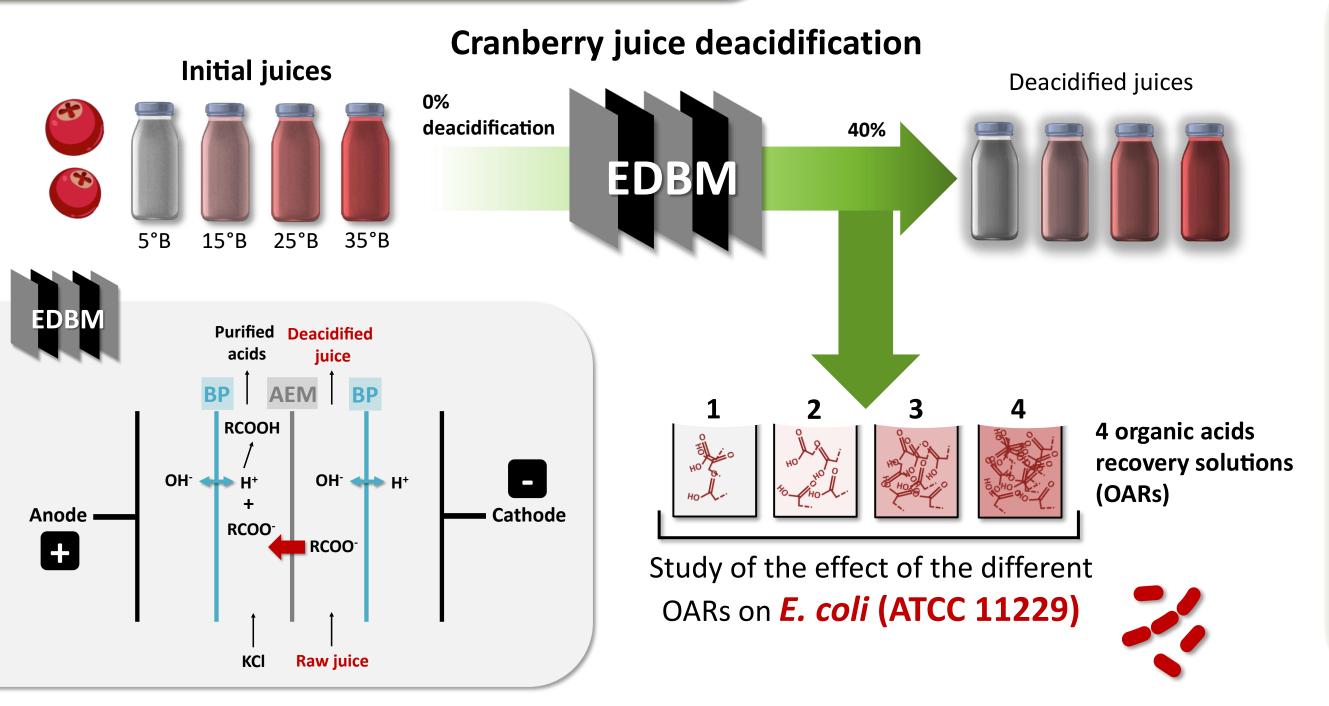
Other fresh produces,

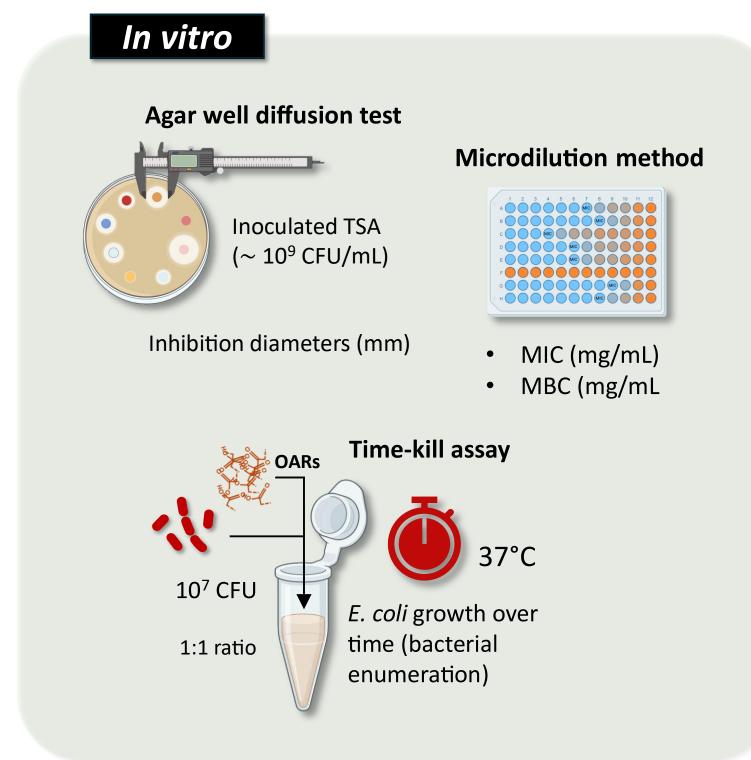
bacterial pathogens,

■ SH (0.2 mg/mL)

To evaluate the **antibacterial effect** of the OARs on *E. coli* and their possible use for **fresh-cut lettuce preservation** as alternative to conventional sanitizers

Materials and methods





Lettuce quality parameters

300

200

1 min

Soaking time

• No significant differences between

No significant effect of treatment

OARs preserved quality parameters

treatments (day 0 and day 7)

time and storage duration

similarly to H₂O or SH

strength (g)

1.20%

3 1.00%

S 0.80%

0.60%

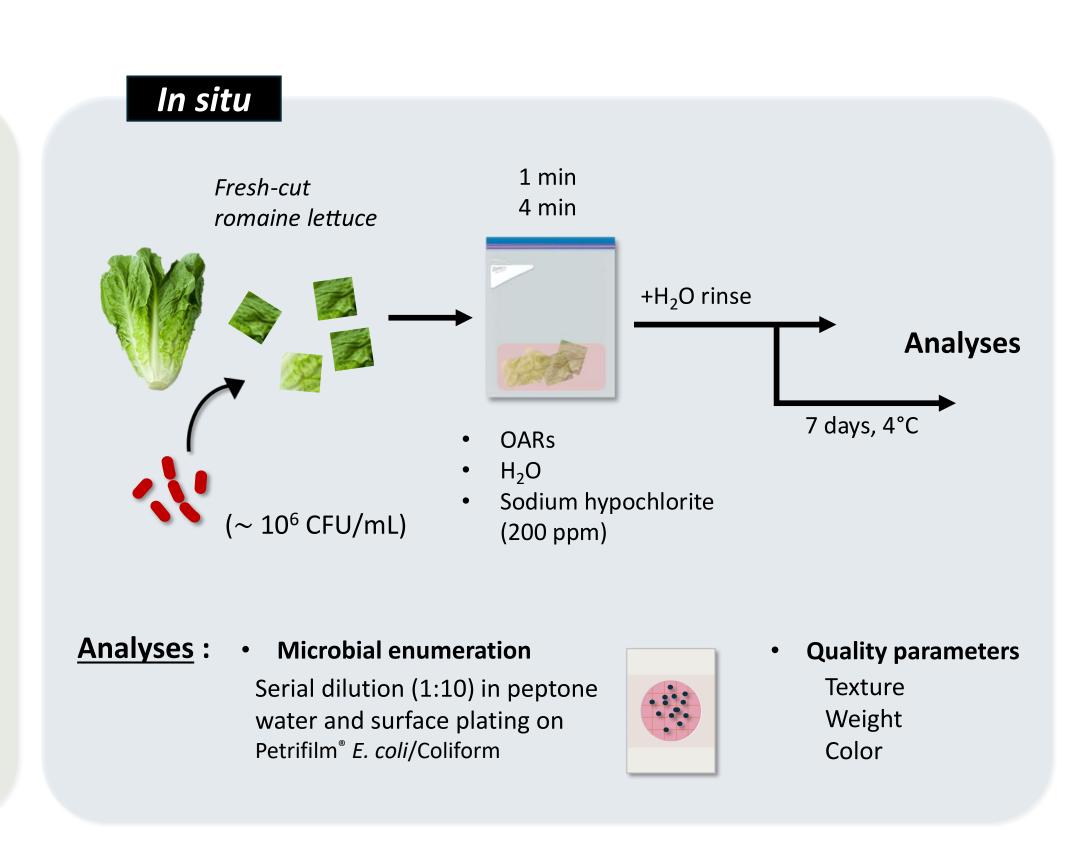
0.20%

0.00%

Day 0

1 min

Soaking time



Day 7

1 min

300

200

4 min

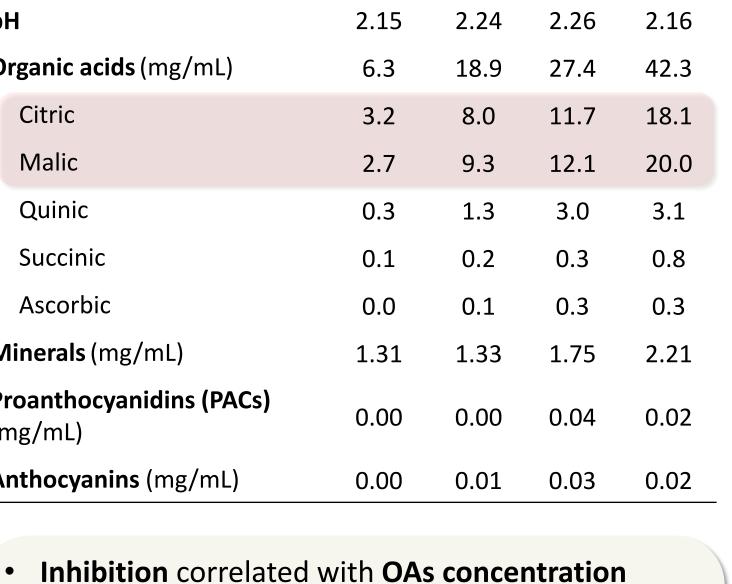
Results and discussions

Organic acids recovery solutions (OARs) composition and in vitro evaluation

		Organic acids recovery solutions (OARs)			
		OAR1	OAR2	OAR3	OAR4
рН		2.15	2.24	2.26	2.16
Organic acids (mg/mL)		6.3	18.9	27.4	42.3
	Citric	3.2	8.0	11.7	18.1
	Malic	2.7	9.3	12.1	20.0
	Quinic	0.3	1.3	3.0	3.1
	Succinic	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.8
	Ascorbic	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3
Minerals (mg/mL)		1.31	1.33	1.75	2.21
Proanthocyanidins (PACs) (mg/mL)		0.00	0.00	0.04	0.02
Anthocyanins (mg/mL)		0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02

OAR4 OAR1 OAR3 OAR2

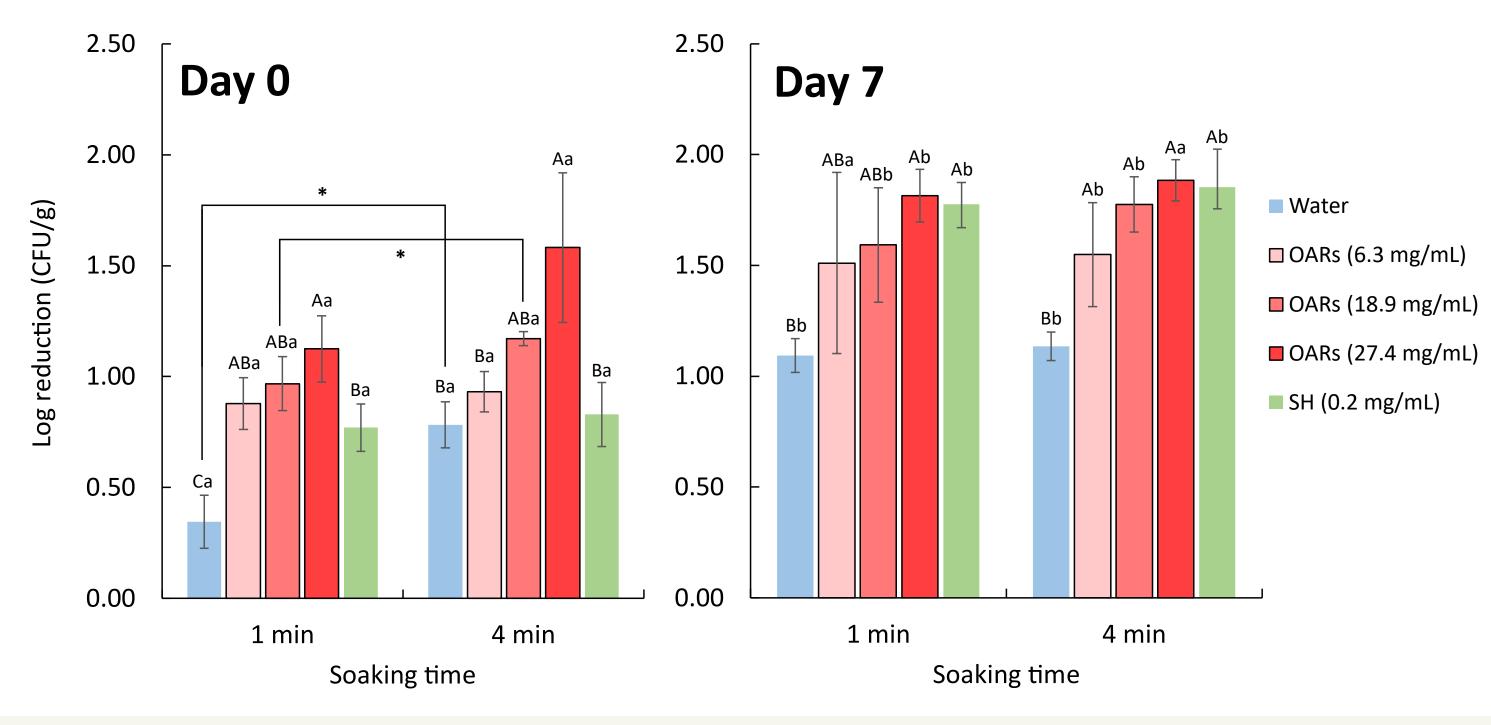
KCI -



- (r = 0.927, p < 0.001)
- Averaged MIC = 6.3 ± 0.5 mg/mL
- MBC/MIC ratio < 4 → bactericidal character
- Bactericidal effect in a concentration-dependent manner above a specific threshold concentration

-x-KCI (2 g/L)——OARs (3.1 mg/mL) ——OARs (9.5 mg/mL) → OARs (13.7 mg/mL) -OARs (21.2 mg/mL) 8.00 √ 0.5 x MIC Log CFU/mL 9.00 10.00 1.5 x MIC 2.2 x MIC 2.00 3.4 x MIC 0.00 100 200 50 Time (min)

E. coli inactivation in lettuce



- Regardless of soaking time, greater reduction on day 0 using OARs than H₂O or SH
- **Positive linear relationship** $(r^2 > 0.93)$ on day 0 : organic acids concentration log reduction
- No significant effect of treatment time on day $0 \rightarrow 1$ min can already achieve great efficacy
- 7-days storage \rightarrow effect of temperature (4°C) on decreased *E. coli* viability
- Additional reduction during storage differs according to treatments \rightarrow possible effect of residual compounds (OAs/SH)

Acknowledgments

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References

[1] Callejón et al., 2015, Foodborne Pathog. Dis., 12(1), 32-38. [2] FAO/WHO, 2008, Microbiological risk assessment series. [3] Coulombe et al., 2020, J. Food Prot., 83(8), 1444-1462. [4] Ölmez et al., 2009, LWT-Food Sci. and Technol., 42(3), 686-693.









RCOOH

Deacidified

cranberry juices



recovery solutions

HOOC COOH Citric acid



- *E. coli* (ATCC 11229) inhibition increased by organic acids concentration in the OARs
- About 2 log of *E. coli* inactivated after a 7-day refrigerated storage (4°C) using OARs

• 1.1 – 1.9 times log reduction improvement with OARs vs SH on fresh-cut lettuce

- OARs had **no detrimental effect** on lettuce quality parameters
- Innovative circular economy approach was proposed to promote fresh produce safety