

Student sensor lab at home: safe repurposing of your gadgets

Outline



- Motivation: why repurposing home audio computing equipment
- Controlling the equipment
- Utilising ground loop isolators
- Connecting audio equipment to a custom circuit
- Using an external USB audio card
- Using Bluetooth audio
- Using Arduino
- Using custom hardware
- Conclusions

Why repurpose

- COVID-19 severely restricted lab use on university campuses
- Hands on labs experience is essential for training electrical and electronic engineers
- There is no economical way of supplying, maintaining and supervising students at home with a professional measurement equipment
- Most of common gadgets that students possess (smartphones, tablets, laptops, PCs) are equipped with decent quality stereo audio
- Although audio range is limited to 20 ... 20,000 Hz, these frequencies can be used for various sensor experiments, e.g. for Wheatstone and Wein bridges



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Is it straightforward

- Unfortunately not because of the following main reasons
- safety of the learner (students can be very imaginative when using hardware; no university would want to get legally challenged because of H&S issues when operating laboratory instructions at home)
- - protection of the expensive gadgets



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Apps that can be used for measurements (1) Hallam University

Christian Zeitnitz. Soundcard PC osclloscope. https://www.zeitnitz.eu/scope_en



Apps that can be used for measurements (2) Hallam University

Digilent Waveforms – work with the PC audio inputs and outputs

WaveForms (new workspace)	WaveForms (new workspace)
Workspace Settings Window Help	Workspace Settings Window Help
Welcome 🖳 Help 🖻 Scope 1 🗵 🕞 Wavegen 1 🖂	Welcome 🕞 Help 🖻 Scope 1 🗵 🖻 Wavegen 1 🗵
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Manual Trigger Sound Card C Status: OK -	Manual Trigger Sound Card 🕥 Status: OK 🗸

Apps that can be used for measurements (3) Sheffield Hallam

Function generator from KEUWLSOFT for Android. <u>https://www.keuwl.com/FunctionGenerator/</u>



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Ground loop isolators



- Are used to reduce hum (mains and low frequency noise)
- Include transformer in every channel to isolate ground potentials
- Block DC with a capacitor (not present on the board)
- Up to 1.5 kV isolation stated in some datasheets

Not all the audio cables were born equal



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- TS (tip-sleeve, mono) cables are not suitable
- ! TS may short the stereo outputs !
- TRS (tip-ring-sleeve, stereo) are fine
- TRRS (tip-ring-ringsleeve, full headset – stereo headphones + mono microphone) are fine too

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Some audio cable sockets and adapters



- Are required to connect the isolated signal to a custom circuit (e.g. a breadboard)
- Can be barebone sockets
- Can have pin header
- Can have screw terminals

External USB audio cards



- Usually have headphone stereo output and mono microphone input with separate sockets
- Could be a full single TRRS socket though
- Some even have stereo line input
- CANNOT BE USED SAFELY W/O USB ISOLATOR

Using Bluetooth audio



- Fully wireless
- 2 channel stereo
- A separate transmitter and receiver are required
- Some have built in rechargeable batteries
- If not, use of power bank is recommended

Arduino Uno: Girino + Girinoscope

Girino - Fast Arduino Oscilloscope

By Caffeinomane in Circuits > Arduino 🌑 867,466 🎔 1,008 晃 107 🌟 Featured



📮 Chatanga / Girinoscope



- Firmware for Arduino
- 1 ch 40 kHz sampling
- Must be used with a USB isolator for safety
- No generator
- PC front end Girinoscope from Github
- Usable but not polished

Two more options – USB isolators required ! Hallam

EspoTek Labrador Board

******* (8 customer reviews)

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Martin_L&ren

HS402 DIY Oscilloscope



PC front end



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Android front end

Conclusions



- It is possible to repurpose standard gadgets using off-the-shelf parts
- The easiest option is to use two ground loop isolators with a PC's audio line input and output
- Inexpensive USB audio cards commonly provide only one channel microphone input, and require a USB isolator
- Bluetooth modules provide the best isolation but require two devices + two adaptors. For example, an Android phone sending the waveform to a BT receiver driving the circuit, and a BT transmitter acquiring waveforms to be sent to a BT equipped laptop
- Low-cost customised or bespoke developments are viable too