ELECTROCHEMICAL BIOSENSORS BASED ON POLYPYRROLE AND **LACCASE** FOR THE DETECTION OF **L-TYROSINE** IN PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS

Dinu Ancuta^{1*}, Apetrei Constantin^{1*}

¹ "Dunarea de Jos" University of Galati, Faculty of Sciences and Environment, Chemistry, Physics and Environment Department, 111 Domneasca Street, 800201, Galati, Romania

INTRODUCTION:



Development of a new, efficient, sensitive and low**cost device** for the early diagnosis of appropriate pathology caused by these Amino Acid and the development of innovative therapeutic approaches

The analytical performance of the biosensor was evaluated at the detection of L-Tyr in pharmaceuticals and validated with the spectrometric method.

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Screen-printed Carbon Electrode

Biologic SP 150 potentiostat/galvanostat

Chemicals and solutions: pyrrole, 0.1 M KCl, FeCN, laccase, 10⁻³ M L-Tyrosine, Cebrium, Sleep Optimizer











CONCLUSIONS

The results obtained with the biosensor are in good agreement with those obtained by the standard method, but the electroanalytical method is faster, easy to implement, requires small amounts of sample and few chemical reagents.



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1. Deposition of the PPy on the surface of SPCEs by chronoamperometry

