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Effects of Serum 25-Hydroxyvitamin D concentration on Insulin Resistance and IVF-ET outcomes in PCOS

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Graphical Abstract	Abstract.
	Objective To explore the potential effects of
	serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D on insulin
None	resistance and IVF pregnancy outcomes in the
	patients with polycystic ovarian syndrome
	(PCOS). Methods The patients with PCOS were
	divided into vitamin D deficiency (VDD) group
	and sufficient group according to the
	concentration of serum vitamin D on GnRHa
	administered day. To compare and analyze the
	relationship between 25(OH) D and indicators of
	insulin resistance and secretion function in
	patients, and effects on pregnancy outcomes.
	Results VDD group was more prone to have
	high blood glucose 1 h post-meal,
	hyperinsulinemia and insulin resistance, but with
	significantly lower ISIcomp (P<0.05). G60 and
	time-glycemic AUC has predictive value on
	VDD in PCOS. Vitamin D sufficient is in favor
	of improving the quality of embryos (r=0.3,
	P=0.014), but does not affect IVF pregnancy
	outcomes. Conclusion Vitamin D deficiency
	was prevalent in PCOS and they were more
	likely to have insulin regulatory dysfunction, but
	it had no effect on IVF pregnancy rate.
	[Key words] 25-hydroxyvitamin D; insulin
	resistance; embryo; pregnancy

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