

[e009]



Microwave assisted synthesis of triskelium $\text{N}^{\text{H}}\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHC}_6\text{H}_4\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NH}_2$ compounds from 1,3,5-triazines

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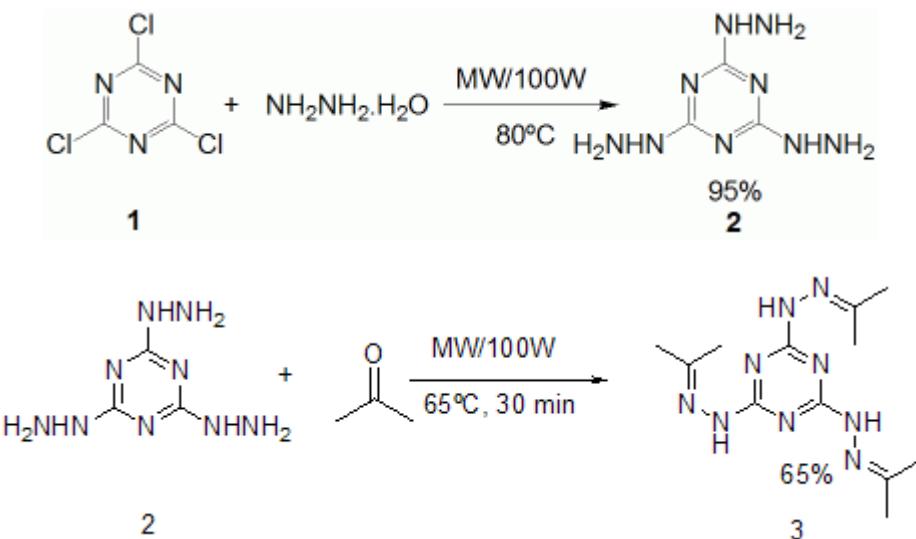
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Abstract: Microwave assisted synthesis of 2,4,6-trishydrazino-1,3,5-triazine from hydrazine and cyanuric chloride is achieved in good yield. Its reaction with acetone and benzaldehyde yields the corresponding trishydrzones in good yields and short reaction times using MAOS.

s-Triazine chemistry has undergone a revitalization due to the usefulness of melamine derivatives as precursors of a variety of oligomers,¹ polymers,² as scavenging resins,³ components of host–guest,⁴ superstructure assemblies,⁵ ligand scaffolds for catalysis,⁶ in medicinal chemistry,⁷ as in encapsulation of anticancer drugs and reduction of its toxicity.⁸ 1,3,5-Triazine derivatives have proven their great potential in this rising area of material chemistry, both for their π -interaction abilities,⁹ and for their aptitude to be involved in intricate H-bond networks.¹⁰ They can recognize other molecules by the donation and acceptance of hydrogen bonds, metal chelation, and π – π interactions.

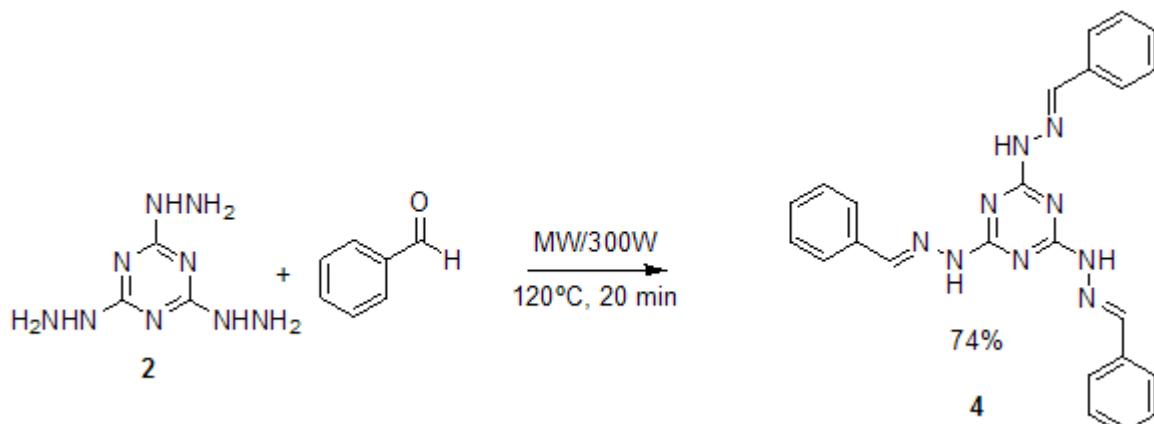
The appeal of the s-triazine core is largely due to the ease of sequential substitution of the chloride atoms in cyanuric chloride with amine nucleophiles, to generate a variety of structures. Although for products with C_3 symmetry the substitution of three chlorine atoms in cyanuric chloride (**1**) can be achieved in one-pot reaction. In this communication we report our preliminary results on the application of microwaves to the chemistry of s-triazines.

So, synthesis of 2,4,6-trishydrazino-1,3,5-triazine has been carried out by reacting hydrazine hydrate (80% aqueous solution) with cyanuric chloride under microwave irradiation for 15 minutes. The temperature was maintained at 80°C irradiating with a power of 100W, with simultaneous cooling, in order to increase the amount of microwaves irradiated. This yielded a 95% yield of hydrazine **2** (scheme1).



Scheme 2

Once checked the utility of microwaves for the preparation of hydrazones of 2,4,6-trihydrazinyl-1,3,5-triazine, hydrazine **2** was irradiated together with benzaldehyde in 1:4 molar ratio for 20 minutes, at 120°C (irradiation power set at 300W with simultaneous air cooling). this reaction conditions yielded 74% yield of 2,4,6-tris((E/Z)-2-benzylidenehydrazinyl)-1,3,5-triazine.



Scheme 3

Two possible 3D structures for compound **4** were modelled using MOPAC with Hamiltonian PM3. The lowest heat of formation corresponding with a triskelion like form (figure 2).

Hf=229.86487 kcal/mole	Hf=241.56413 kcal/mole

In summary, microwave assisted solvent-free organic synthesis (MASFOS) for triskelium like molecules can be used as a tool to get this compounds with C₃ symmetry.

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