

Eco-friendly one pot synthesis of zinc oxide nanoparticles using catkin extract of *Piper longum*: *In vitro* antibacterial, antioxidant and antibiofilm potential against multi drug resistant enteroaggregative *E.coli*

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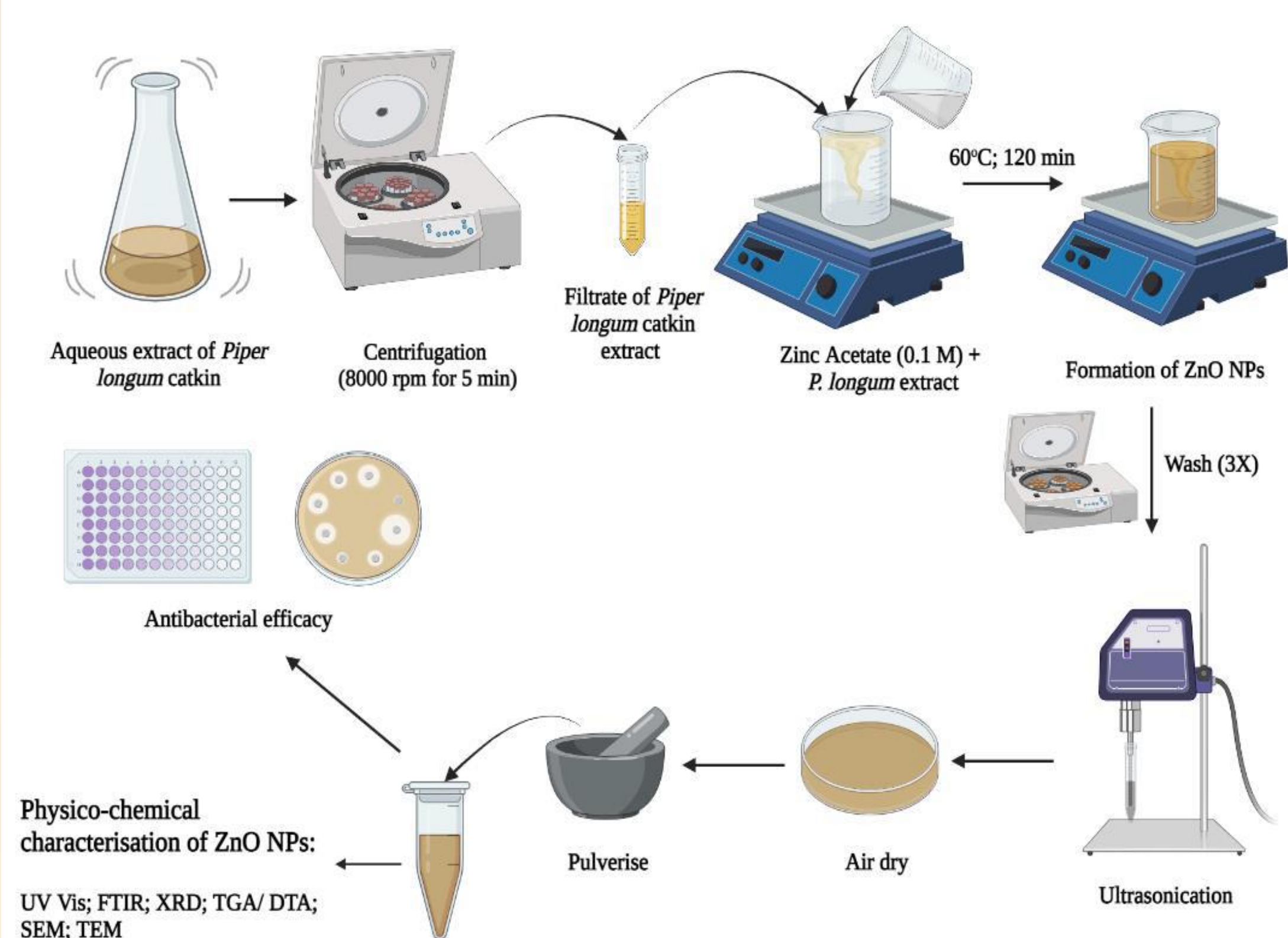
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INTRODUCTION

- Antimicrobial resistance poses a major threat to public health globally.
- Of late, an unusual emergence of drug resistance among EAEC strains has been recognized worldwide; hence the AMR research paradigm should be shifted towards novel alternative tactics.
- Recently, nanotechnology employing ZnO NPs have revealed great attention due to their unique physicochemical characteristics.
- The green route of NP synthesis has replaced the conventional physical and chemical methods, as they produce unintended effects such as potential health hazards and environmental pollutions.
- The present study has been envisaged to attempt the green synthesis of ZnO NPs using *P.longum* catkin extract and further evaluate its *in vitro* antimicrobial, antioxidant and antibiofilm activity against MDR-EAEC strains.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

1. Green synthesis and characterisation of ZnO NPs

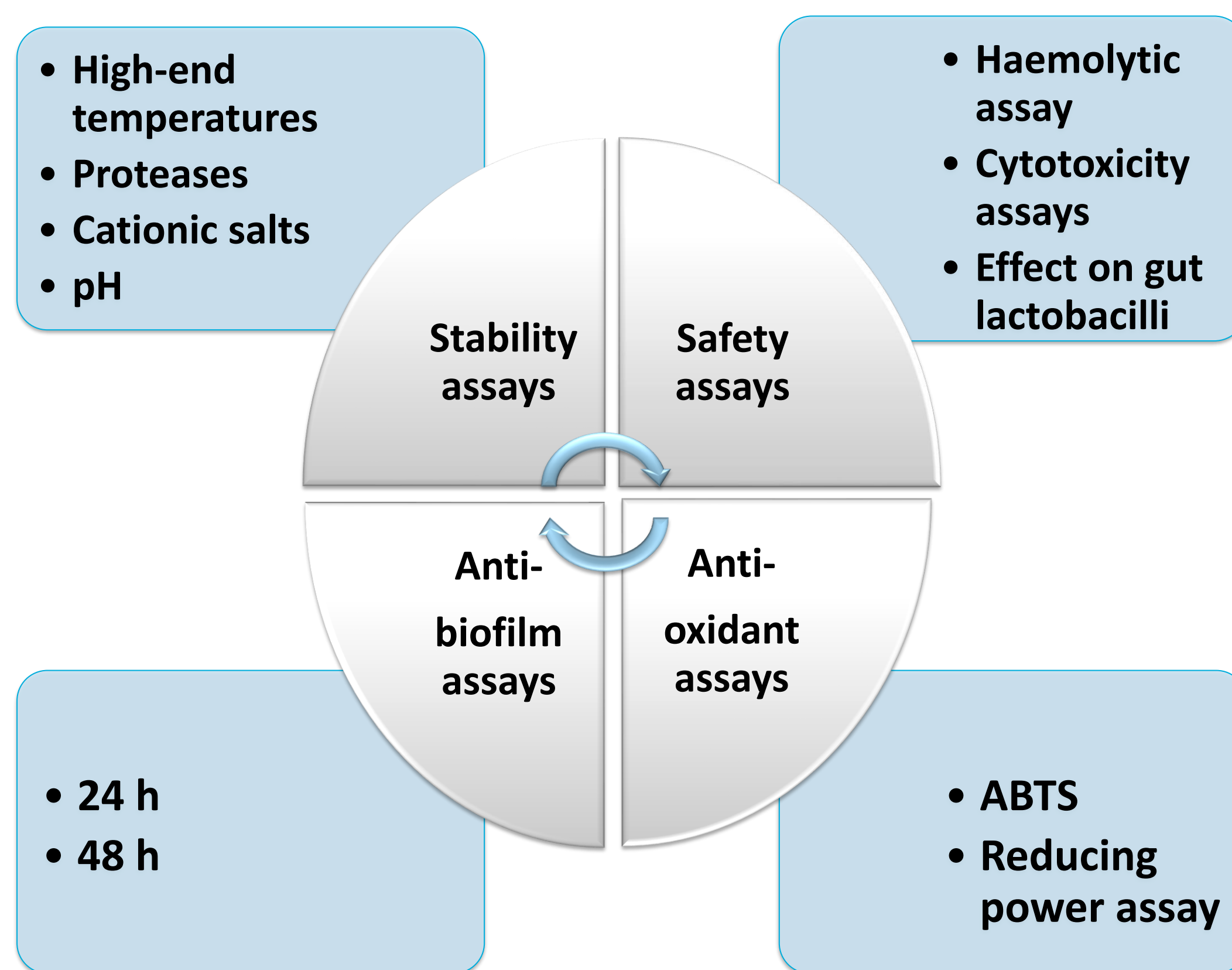


(Unni et al., 2022)

2. *In vitro* antibacterial activity of green synthesised ZnO NPs against MDR-EAEC strains (E1, E2, E3)



3. *In vitro* assays



RESULTS

1. Green synthesis and characterisation of ZnO NPs

- The catkin extract of *P. longum* reduced the aqueous solution of 0.10 M Zinc acetate dihydrate (at a ratio of 1:4) to ZnO NPs at 60 °C under constant stirring for 2 h.
- The appearance of a brown-colored precipitate at the bottom of the beaker indicated the formation of ZnO NPs

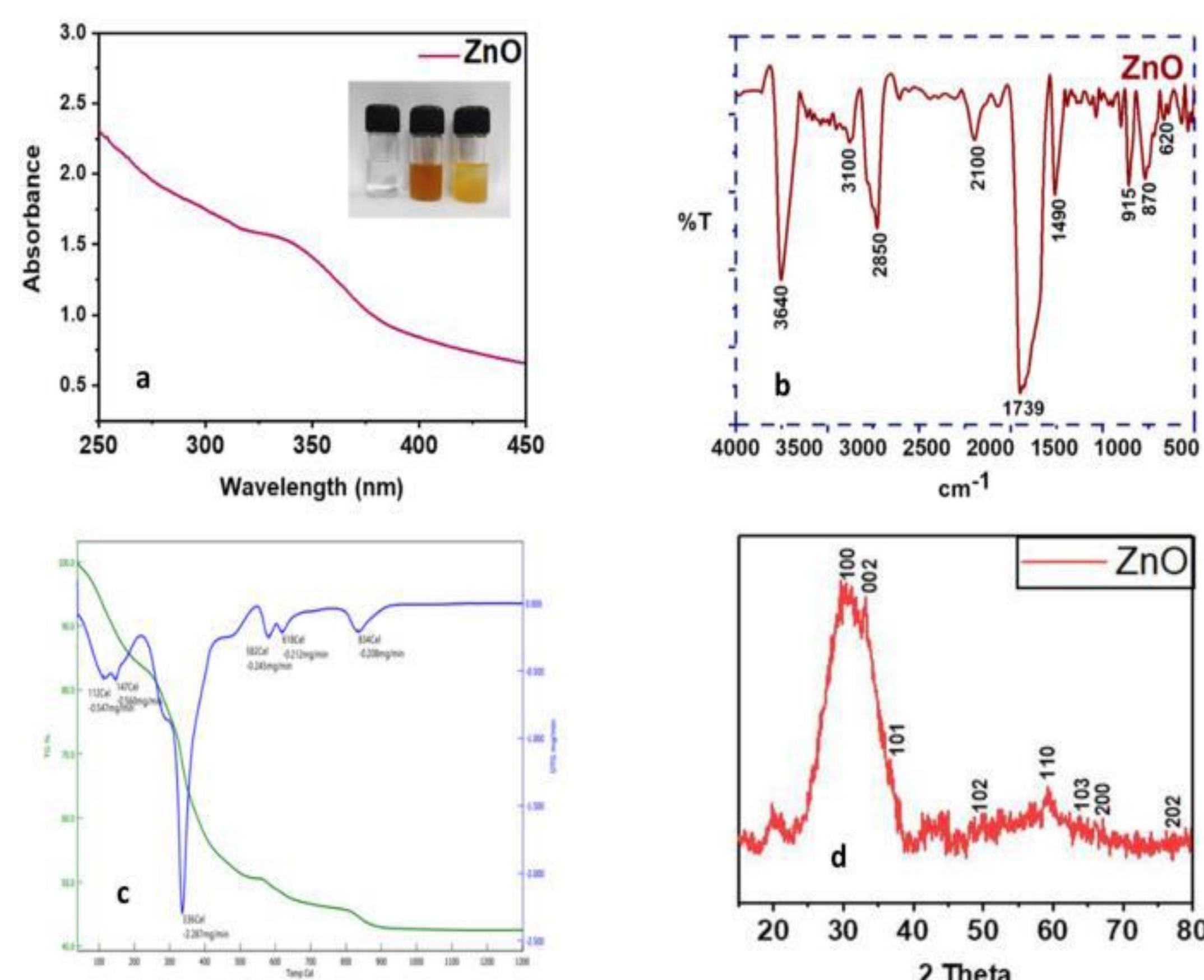


Figure 1. Physicochemical characterisation of Green synthesised ZnO NPs a) UV- Vis spectroscopy b) FTIR analysis c) TGA-DTA analysis d) P-XRD plot

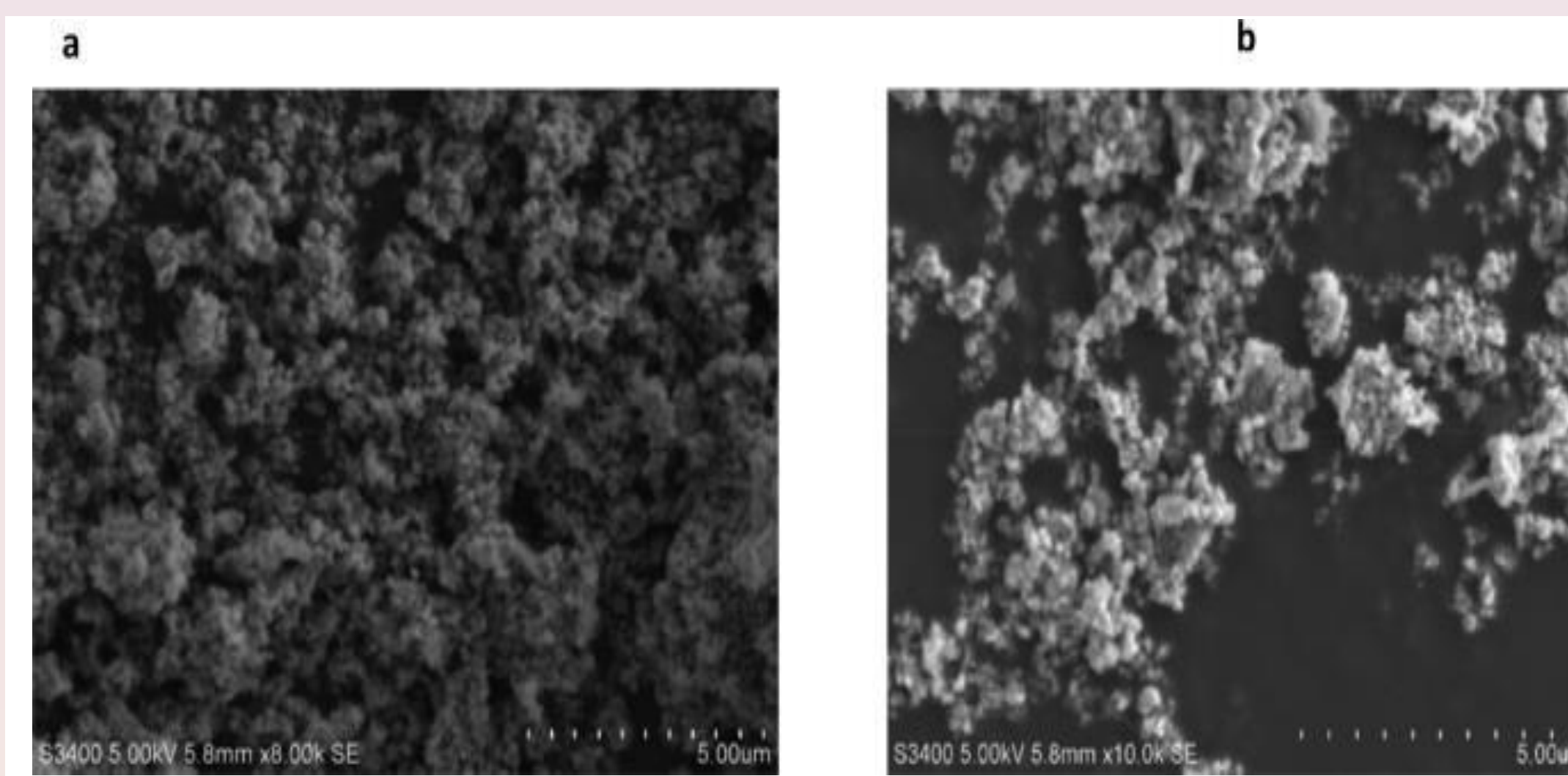


Figure 2. SEM imaging of green synthesized ZnO NPs. Scanning electron micrographs (a; b) exhibiting hexagonal and cubic shape of green synthesized ZnO NPs

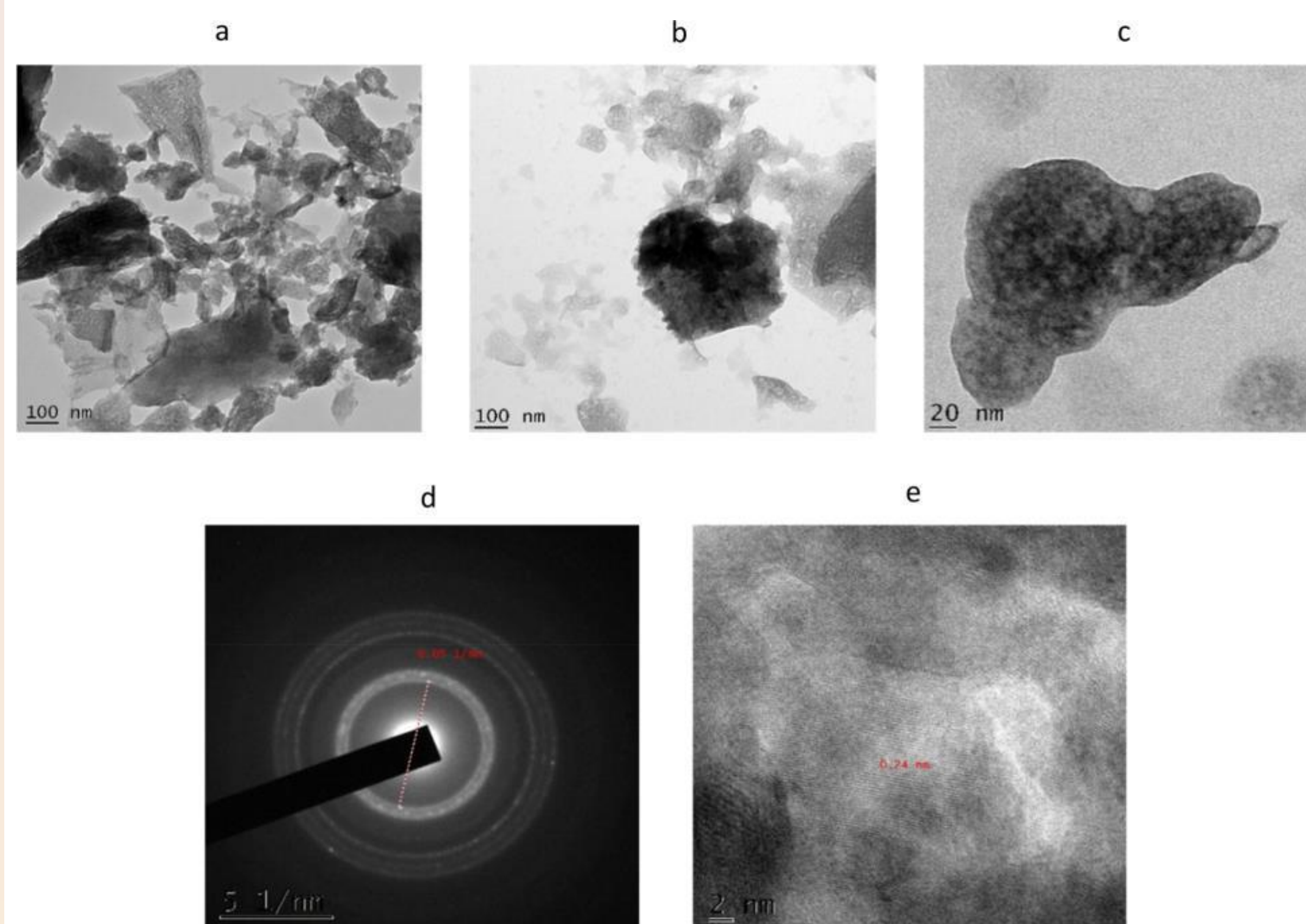


Figure 3. TEM imaging of green synthesized ZnO NPs

2. *In vitro* antibacterial activity of green synthesised ZnO NPs against MDR-EAEC strains (E1, E2, E3)

ISOLATES	MIC/MBC (µg/mL)
E1	125/250
E2	125/250
E3	125/250

Table 1. MIC and MBC values of green synthesised ZnO NPs against MDR-EAEC isolates

- The green synthesised ZnO NPs were found to be variably stable to high end temperatures (70 °C and 90 °C)
- MIC values of green synthesised ZnO NPs were halved on exposure to protease enzymes, and MBC values remained constant throughout the incubation period.
- The ZnO NPs maintained their antibacterial activity irrespective of the cationic salts
- The green synthesised ZnO NPs tested were found to be stable at different pH, as they retained their antimicrobial activity (MIC and MBC values)

3. *In vitro* safety assays

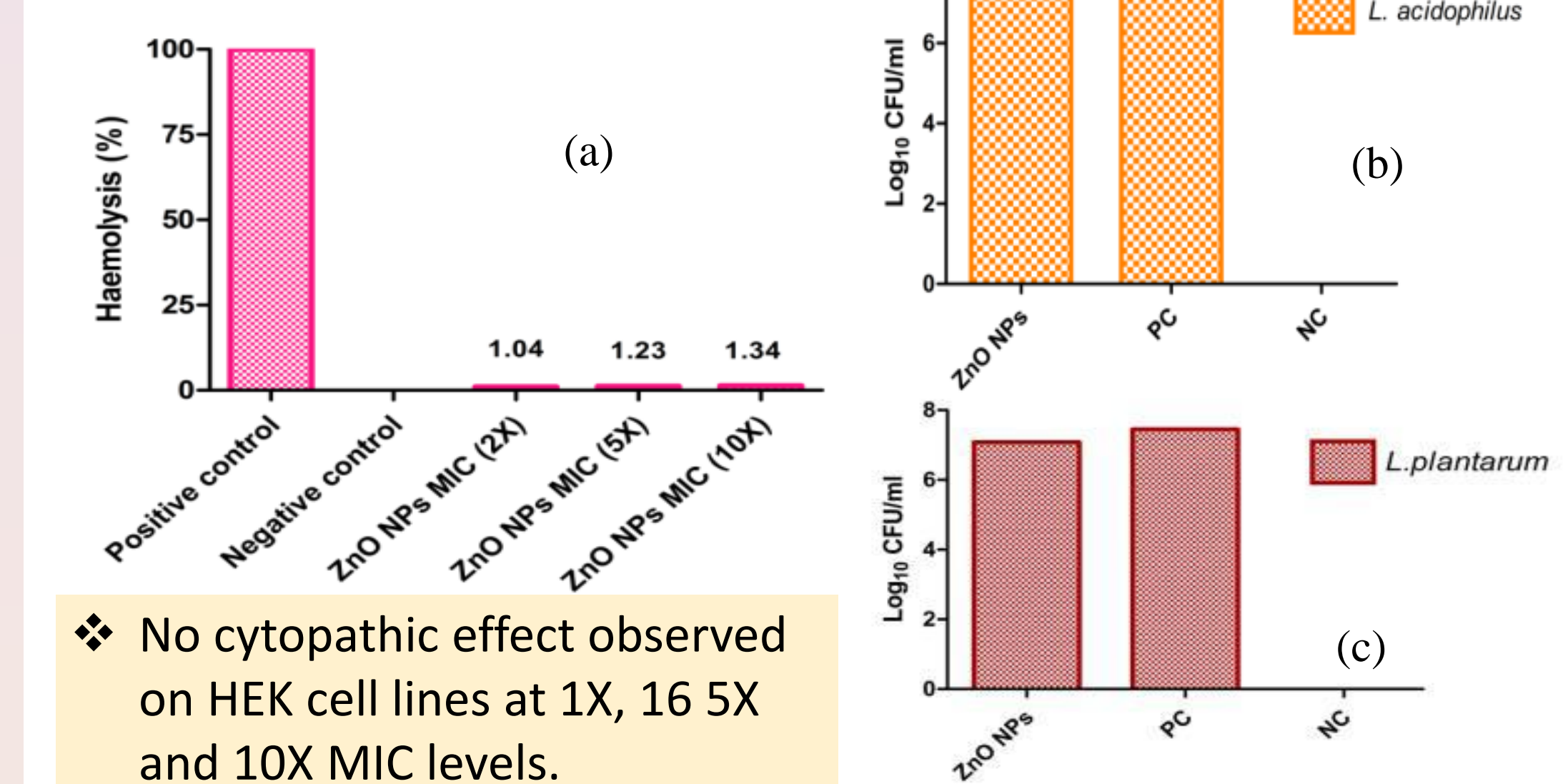


Figure 4. (a) *In vitro* haemolytic activity of green synthesized ZnO NPs on poultry RBCs (b) *In vitro* efficacy of green synthesized ZnO NPs on *L. acidophilus* MTCC 10307 (c) *In vitro* efficacy of green synthesized ZnO NPs on *L. plantarum* MTCC 5690 ; PC: Positive control, NC: Negative control .

4. *In vitro* antioxidant assays

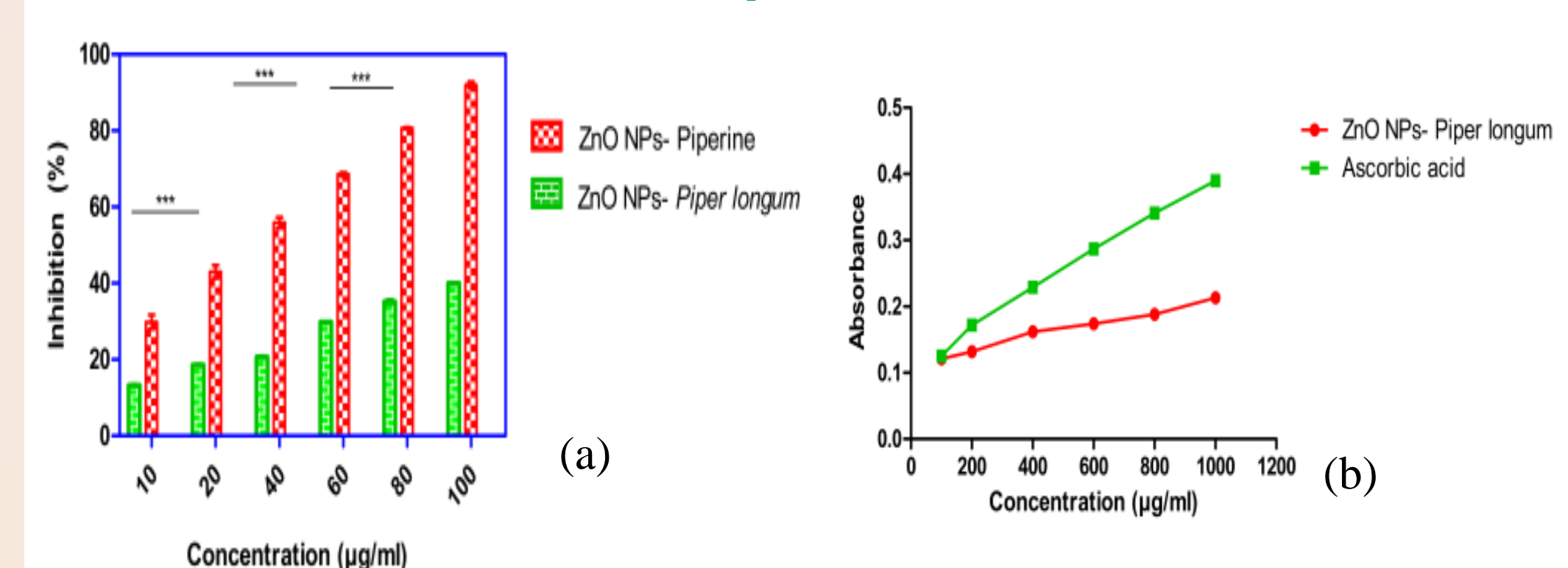


Figure 5. *In vitro* antioxidant activity of green synthesized ZnO NPs (a) ABTS assay (b) Reducing power assay

5. *In vitro* antibiofilm activity of ZnO NPs

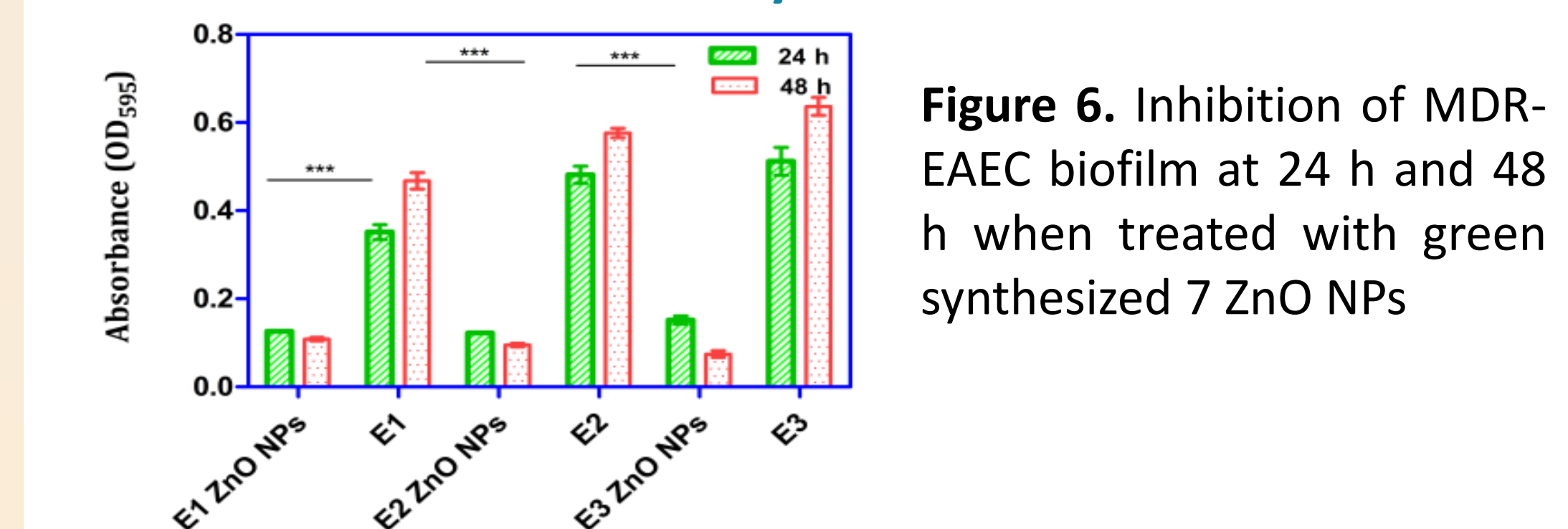


Figure 6. Inhibition of MDR-EAEC biofilm at 24 h and 48 h when treated with green synthesized 7 ZnO NPs

CONCLUSION

- We successfully synthesised ZnO NPs employing the aqueous extract of *Piper longum* catkin.
- The *in vitro* assays revealed that the synthesised ZnO NPs possess excellent antibacterial and antibiofilm activity against MDR- EAEC strains with antioxidant potential.

REFERENCES

Unni, V.; Abishad, P.; Prasastha Ram, V.; Niveditha, P.; Yasur, J.; John, L.; Prejit, N.; Juliet, S.; Latha, C.; Vergis, J.; Kurkure, N.V. Green synthesis, and characterization of zinc oxide nanoparticles using Piper longum catkin extract and its *in vitro* 5 antimicrobial activity against multi-drug-resistant non-typhoidal Salmonella spp. *Inorg. NanoMet. Chem.* 2022

FUNDING

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