

Ti-Catalyzed Homo- and Cross-Cyclomagnesiation in the Synthesis of 1Z,5Z-Dienes Containing a Biologically Active 3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl Fragment in Their Structure [†]

Alexey A. Makarov ^{1,*}, Elina Kh. Makarova ¹, Lilya U. Dzhemileva ² and Usein M. Dzhemilev ²

¹ Institute of Petrochemistry and Catalysis, Russian Academy of Sciences, 141 Prospekt Oktyabrya, Ufa 450075, Russia; makarovaelina87@gmail.com (E.K.M.)

² N.D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry, Russian Academy of Sciences, Leninsky Prospect 47, Moscow 119991, Russia; lilyadzhemileva@gmail.com (L.U.D.); dzhemilev@anrb.ru (U.M.D.)

* Correspondence: makarovalexin@gmail.com; Tel.: +7-9677468315

[†] Presented at the 28th International Electronic Conference on Synthetic Organic Chemistry (ECSOC 2024), 15–30 November 2024; Available online: <https://sciforum.net/event/ecsoc-28>.

Abstract: 1Z,5Z-diene compounds containing biologically active 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragments were synthesized. Molecules containing this moiety have attracted the attention of medicinal chemistry researchers due to their biological activities, including anti-inflammatory and antioxidant, anticancer, fungicidal and neuroprotective activities. The presence of methoxy groups in these structures enhances their biological activity as they participate in various interactions that are critical for their binding affinity and selectivity towards certain biological targets. The intermolecular homocyclomagnesiation reaction of 4-(buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)-1,2-dimethoxybenzene catalyzed by Cp₂TiCl₂ with the help of EtMgBr produced dialkylidenemagnesacyclopentane, the acid hydrolysis of which led to the production of (2Z,6Z)-1,8-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)octa-2,6-diene with a yield of 74%. Also, Ti-catalyzed cross-intermolecular cyclomagnesiation of 4-(buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)-1,2-dimethoxybenzene with octadeca-1,2-diene produces the corresponding dialkylidenemagnesacyclopentane, acid hydrolysis of which gives the target 1,2-dimethoxy-4-((2Z,6Z)-pentacose-2,6-dien-1-yl)benzene in 68% yield. Cyclomagnesiation reactions were carried out in an inert atmosphere of argon. The resulting products were isolated using column chromatography. The structures of the synthesized compounds were determined using elemental analysis, IR, ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR spectral data and mass spectroscopy. The resulting 1Z,5Z-dienes containing 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragments are of great interest as objects for studying their biological activity.

Keywords: 1Z,5Z-diene; biologically active 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragments; cyclomagnesiation

Citation: Makarov, A.A.; Makarova, E.K.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Dzhemilev, U.M. Ti-Catalyzed Homo- and Cross-Cyclomagnesiation in the Synthesis of 1Z,5Z-Dienes Containing a Biologically Active 3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl Fragment in Their Structure. *Chem. Proc.* **2024**, *6*, x. <https://doi.org/10.3390/xxxxx>

Academic Editor(s): Name

Published: 15 November 2024



Copyright: © 2024 by the authors. Submitted for possible open access publication under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

1. Introduction

Cancer is one of the leading causes of death in the world, after cardiovascular diseases. According to the World Health Organization, in 2022, 20 million new cases of cancer and 9.7 million deaths from cancer were detected worldwide.

Treatment with chemotherapeutic drugs does not always lead to the desired result due to multidrug resistance (MDR). The drugs currently used to treat cancer act not only on tumor cells, but also on normal cells, which leads to undesirable side effects. The development of new targeted antitumor drugs is a critical task.

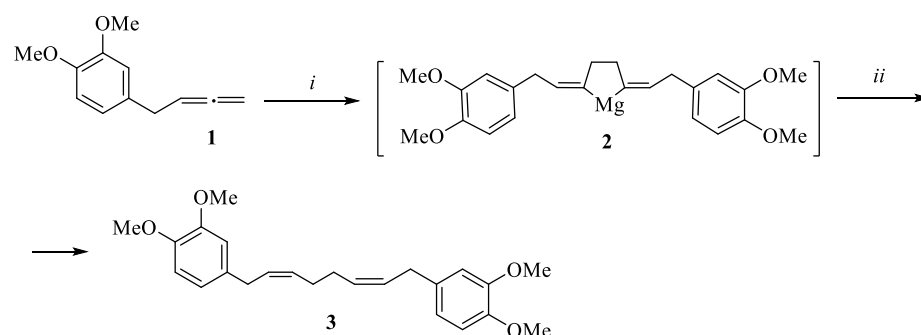
The 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragment is contained in the structure of many natural and synthetic biologically active compounds, such as lignans [1–3], tetramethyl derivative of nordihydroguaiaretic acid (NDGA), alkaloids [4], quinolizidines and indolizidines [5], exhibiting anti-HIV [6], antileishmanial activity [7], proangiogenic and proarteriogenic [8], anti-inflammatory [9] and antitumor [10] activities.

In our previous studies, we demonstrated the possibility of synthesizing symmetrical and asymmetrical 1*Z*,5*Z*-diene compounds with good yields and high stereoselectivity, on the basis of which natural dienoic acids, lembeyhynes and acetogenins were obtained [11–19].

2. Results and Discussion

We synthesized new, previously undescribed 1,5-diene compounds containing a biologically active 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragment in their structure.

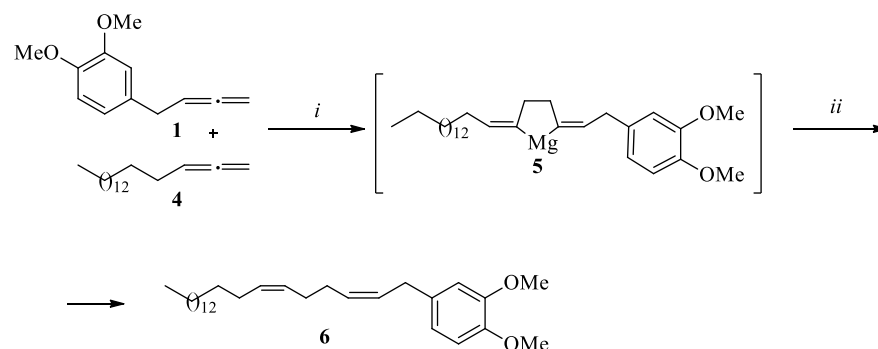
The intermolecular homocyclomagnesiation reaction of 4-(buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)-1,2-dimethoxybenzene **1** (1:EtMgBr:Mg:[Ti] = 10:20:24:0.5, Et₂O, 10 h, 20–22 °C) catalyzed by Cp₂TiCl₂ using EtMgBr afforded dialkylidenemagnesacyclopentane **2**, acidic hydrolysis of which led to the formation of (2*Z*,6*Z*)-1,8-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)octa-2,6-diene **3** in 74% yield (Scheme 1).



Reagents and reaction conditions: *i.* Cp₂TiCl₂ (5 mol.%), EtMgBr (2 eq.), Mg (2 eq.), Et₂O, 20–22 °C, 10 h; *ii.* HCl 5%, 74%.

Scheme 1. Synthesis of a (2*Z*,6*Z*)-1,8-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)octa-2,6-diene **3**.

Ti-catalyzed cross-intermolecular cyclomagnesiation of 4-(buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)-1,2-dimethoxybenzene **1** with octadeca-1,2-diene **4** (1:4: EtMgBr:Mg:[Ti] = 12:10:40:32:0.5, Et₂O, 10 h, 20–22 °C) yields the corresponding dialkylidenemagnesacyclopentane, acidic hydrolysis of which yields the target 1,2-dimethoxy-4-((2*Z*,6*Z*)-pentacos-2,6-dien-1-yl)benzene **6** in 68% yield (Scheme 2).



Reagents and reaction conditions: *i.* Cp₂TiCl₂ (5 mol.%), EtMgBr (2 eq.), Mg (2 eq.), Et₂O, 20–22 °C, 10 h; *ii.* HCl 5%, 68%.

Scheme 2. Synthesis of a 1,2-dimethoxy-4-((2*Z*,6*Z*)-pentacos-2,6-dien-1-yl)benzene.

3. Conclusions

Thus, we have obtained symmetrical and asymmetrical 1Z,5Z-dienes containing in their structure a biologically active 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl fragment, using at the key stage a Ti-catalyzed reaction of homo- and cross-cyclomagnesiation of terminal 1,2-dienes. The synthesized structures are of interest for subsequent study of their biological activity.

4. Experimental Part

Commercially available reagents (Sigma-Aldrich and Acros) were used. Reactions with organomagnesium compounds were carried out under dried argon atmosphere. 1,2-dienes was prepared according to the known procedure. Reaction products were analyzed on a Carlo Erba chromatograph (a Hewlett Packard Ultra-1 glass capillary column, 25 m×0.2 mm, flame ionization detector, operating temperature 50–170 °C, carrier gas helium). TLC was performed on Silufol UV-254 plates. Elemental composition of compounds was determined using a Carlo Erba-1106 instrument. Mass spectra were obtained using a Bruker MALDI-TOF/TOF Autoflex III instrument. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer (100.62 MHz for ¹³C and 400.13 MHz for ¹H). Chemical shifts of ¹H and ¹³C nuclei (δ) are given relative to the residual signals of the deuterated solvent (δ 7.28 for protons and 77.2 for carbon nuclei).

(2Z,6Z)-1,8-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)octa-2,6-diene (3). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.29–2.31 (m, 4H), 3.39 (d, 1H), 3.87 (s, 6H), 5.59–5.64 (m, 4H), 6.73–6.82 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100.62 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 148.87, 147.22, 133.49, 129.81, 128.88, 120.03, 111.60, 111.25, 98.72, 55.77, 55.61, 31.89, 29.68. MS (MALDI-TOF), *m/z*: 382 [M]⁺. C₂₄H₃₀O₄. Found (%): C 75.36; H 7.91. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₀O₄ (%): C 75.30; H 7.85.

4-((2Z,6Z)-docosa-2,6-dien-1-yl)-1,2-dimethoxybenzene (6). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.28–1.39 (m, 26H), 2.29–2.30 (m, 6H), 3.33–3.39 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 12H), 5.54–5.63 (m, 4H), 6.73–6.82 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100.62 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 148.91, 147.26, 133.61, 130.32, 129.97, 129.39, 128.94, 120.08, 111.64, 111.28, 55.95, 55.78, 33.07, 31.94, 30.73, 29.72, 29.68, 29.67, 29.56, 29.47, 29.38, 29.32, 27.36, 22.71, 14.14. MS (MALDI-TOF), *m/z*: 442 [M]⁺. C₃₀H₅₀O₂. Found (%): C 81.29; H 11.29. Calcd for C₃₀H₅₀O₂ (%): C 81.36; H 11.38.

Author Contributions: Conceptualization, U.M.D. and L.U.D.; methodology, A.A.M.; validation, E.K.M.; resources, E.K.M.; data curation, U.M.D.; writing—original draft preparation, E.K.M. and A.A.M.; writing—review and editing, U.M.D. and L.U.D.; visualization, E.K.M.; supervision, U.M.D.; project administration, A.A.M.; funding acquisition, A.A.M. All authors have read and agreed to the published version of the manuscript.

Funding: The work was done within approved plans for research projects at the IPC RAS State Registration No. FMRS-2022-0075.

Institutional Review Board Statement: Not applicable.

Informed Consent Statement: Not applicable.

Acknowledgments: The structural studies of the synthesized compounds were performed with the use of Collective Usage Centre “Agidel” at the Institute of Petrochemistry and Catalysis of RAS.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References

1. Linder, T.; Liu, R.; Atanasov, A.G.; Li, Y.; Geyrhofer, S.; Schwaiger, S.; Stuppner, H.; Schnurch, M.; Dirsch, V.M.; Mihovilovic, M.D. Leoligin-inspired synthetic lignans with selectivity for cell-type and bioactivity relevant for cardiovascular disease. *Chem. Sci.* **2019**, *10*, 5815–5820. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c9sc00446g>.
2. Linder, T.; Geyrhofer, S.; Pappaliour, E.; Wang, L.; Atanasov, A.G.; Stuppner, H.; Dirsch, V.M.; Schnurch, M.; Mihovilovic, M.D. Design and Synthesis of a Compound Library Exploiting 5-Methoxyleoligin as Potential Cholesterol Efflux Promoter. *Molecules* **2020**, *25*, 662. <https://doi.org/10.3390/molecules25030662>.

3. Pohmakotr, M.; Pinsa, A.; Mophuang, T.; Tuchinda, P.; Prabpai, S.; Kongsaree, P.; Reutrakul, V. General Strategy for Stereoselective Synthesis of 1-Substituted Exo,Endo-2,6-Diaryl-3,7-dioxabicyclo[3.3.0]octanes: Total Synthesis of (\pm)-Gmelinol. *J. Org. Chem.* **2006**, *71*, 386–389. <https://doi.org/10.1021/jo0519110>.
4. Davis, F.A.; Chao, B. Alkaloid Synthesis Using Chiral δ -Amino-Ketoesters: A Stereoselective Synthesis of (–)-Lasubine II. *Org. Lett.* **2000**, *2*, 2623–2625. <https://doi.org/10.1021/ol0061438>.
5. Saha, N.; Biswas, T.; Chattopadhyay, S.K. Enantiodivergent Synthetic Entry to the Quinolizidine Alkaloid Lasubine II. *Org. Lett.* **2011**, *13*, 5128–5131. <https://doi.org/10.1021/ol2019967>.
6. Hwu, J.R.; Tseng, W.N.; Gnabre, J.; Giza, P.; Huang, R.C.C. Antiviral Activities of Methylated Nordihydroguaiaretic Acids. 1. Synthesis, Structure Identification, and Inhibition of Tat-Regulated HIV Transactivation. *Med. Chem.* **1998**, *41*, 2994–3000.
7. Costa, E.C.; Cassamale, T.B.; Carvalho, D.B.; Bosquioli, L.S.S.; Ojeda, M.; Ximenes, T.V.; Matos, M.F.C.; Kadri, M.C.T.; Baroni, A.C.M.; Arruda, C.C.P. Antileishmanial Activity and Structure-Activity Relationship of Triazolic Compounds Derived from the Neolignans Grandisin, Veraguensin, and Machilin G. *Molecules* **2016**, *21*, 802. <https://doi.org/10.3390/molecules21060802>.
8. Linder, T.; Geyrhofer, S.; Papaplioura, E.; Wang, L.; Atanasov, A.G.; Stuppner, H.; Dirsch, V.M.; Schnurch, M.; Mihovilovic, M.D. Design and Synthesis of a Compound Library Exploiting 5-Methoxyeoligin as Potential Cholesterol Efflux Promoter. *Molecules* **2020**, *25*, 662. <https://doi.org/10.3390/molecules25030662>.
9. Bandaru, S.S.; Kuchana, M. Synthesis, in-vitro antioxidant and anti-inflammatory properties of novel amide derivatives of substituted 2-aminothiophenes and 3,4-dimethoxy cinnamic acid. *J. Appl. Pharm. Sci.* **2024**, *14*, 116–125. <https://doi.org/10.7324/JAPS.2024.180925>.
10. Ghorab, M.M.; Alsaid, M.S.; Nissan, Y.M.; Ashour, A.E.; Al-Mishari, A.A.; Kumar, A.; Ahmed, S.F. Novel Sulfonamide Derivatives Carrying a Biologically Active 3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl Moiety as VEGFR-2 Inhibitors. *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **2016**, *64*, 1747–1754.
11. D'yakonov, V.A.; Makarov, A.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Makarova, E.K.; Khusnutdinova, E.K.; Dzhemilev, U.M. The facile synthesis of the 5Z,9Z-dienoic acids and their topoisomerase I inhibitory activity. *Chem. Commun.* **2013**, *49*, 8401–8403. <https://doi.org/10.1039/C3CC44926B>.
12. D'yakonov, V.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Makarov, A.A.; Mulyukova, A.R.; Baev, D.S.; Khusnutdinova, E.K.; Tolstikova, T.G.; Dzhemilev, U.M. Stereoselective Synthesis of 11-Phenylundeca-5Z,9Z-dienoic Acid and Investigation of its Human Topoisomerase I and II α Inhibitory Activity. *Bioorganic Med. Chem. Lett.* **2015**, *25*, 2405–2408. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2015.04.011>.
13. D'yakonov, V.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Makarov, A.A.; Mulyukova, A.R.; Baev, D.S.; Khusnutdinova, E.K.; Tolstikova, T.G.; Dzhemilev, U.M. 11-Phenylundeca-5Z,9Z-dienoic Acid: Stereoselective Synthesis and Dual Topoisomerase I/II α Inhibition. *Curr. Cancer Drug Targets* **2015**, *15*, 504–510. <https://doi.org/10.2174/1568009615666150506093155>.
14. D'yakonov, V.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Makarov, A.A.; Mulyukova, A.R.; Baev, D.S.; Khusnutdinova, E.K.; Tolstikova, T.G.; Dzhemilev, U.M. nZ,(n+4)Z-Dienoic Fatty Acids: A New Method for the Synthesis and Inhibitory Action on Topoisomerase I and II α . *Med. Chem. Res.* **2016**, *25*, 30–39. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00044-015-1446-1>.
15. Makarov, A.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Salimova, A.R.; Makarova, E.K.; Ramazanov, I.R.; D'yakonov, V.A.; Dzhemilev, U.M. New 1Z,5Z-Diene Macrodilides: Catalytic Synthesis, Anticancer Activity, Induction of Mitochondrial Apoptosis, and Effect on the Cell Cycle. *Bioorg. Chem.* **2020**, *104*, 104303. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bioorg.2020.104303>.
16. D'yakonov, V.A.; Tuktarova, R.A.; Dzhemilev, U.M. Ti-Catalyzed Cross-Cyclomagnesiation of 1,2-Dienes in the Total Z,Z,Z-Stereoselective Synthesis of Natural Acetogenin—Chatenaytrienin-1, *ACS Omega* **2019**, *4*, 14085–14091. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsomega.9b01951>.
17. D'yakonov, V.A.; Makarov, A.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Andreev, E.N.; Dzhemilev, U. M. Total Synthesis of Neuritogenic Alkynes: Lembehynes B and Key Intermediate of Lembehynes A. *Chem. Sel.* **2017**, *2*, 1211–1213. <https://doi.org/10.1002/slct.201601988>.
18. Dzhemileva, L.U.; Makarov, A.A.; Andreev, E.N.; Yunusbaeva, M.M.; Makarova, E.K.; D'yakonov, V.A.; Dzhemilev, U.M. New 1,3-Diynoic Derivatives of Natural Lembehynes B: Stereoselective Synthesis, Anticancer and Neuritogenic Activity. *ACS Omega* **2020**, *5*, 1974–1981. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsomega.9b03826>.
19. D'yakonov, V.A.; Makarov, A.A.; Dzhemileva, L.U.; Andreev, E.N.; Makarova, E.K.; Dzhemilev, U.M. Total Synthesis of Natural Lembehynes C and Investigation of Its Cytotoxic Properties. *J. Nat. Prod.* **2020**, *83*, 2399–2409. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acsnatprod.0c00261>.

Disclaimer/Publisher's Note: The statements, opinions and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions or products referred to in the content.