

A Review on Synthesis and Properties of Graphene-TiO₂ Nanocomposites for Perovskite Solar Cells

Nitya Garg

Assistant Professor, Department of Physics, Sarala Birla University, Ranchi-835103, Jharkhand, India.

Email: nitya.garg@sbu.ac.in, Mobile No.-8084052728

INTRODUCTION & AIM

The development of perovskite solar cells (PSCs) using sustainable green nanomaterials has indeed shown great promise in the renewable energy sector due to its high efficiency, low manufacturing cost, and potential for commercial viability. However, there are some issues that need to be addressed to make PSCs available commercially for development of the sustainable technology. These issues include stability, toxicity, scalability, and reliability. In this context, titanium dioxide (TiO₂) have been widely investigated as an electron transport layer (ETL) in PSCs due to its promising properties includes high refractive index and strong UV absorption due to wide band gap of ~3.2eV. However, despite these advantages, TiO₂ also has some limitations, such as poor charge transport properties, high rate of electron-hole recombination, stability problems and poor visible light response which lower the current and voltage densities of the solar cell. Researchers have explored optimizing the morphology of TiO₂ with graphene nanomaterials which can help in enhancing the performance and stability of PSCs because of its exceptional electrical conductivity, high electron mobility, large surface area, and excellent mechanical properties. This review summarizes the research going on in the field of synthesis, structural, morphological, optical, photovoltaic properties of graphene based TiO₂ nanomaterials reported by different authors across the globe as an ETL for PSCs.

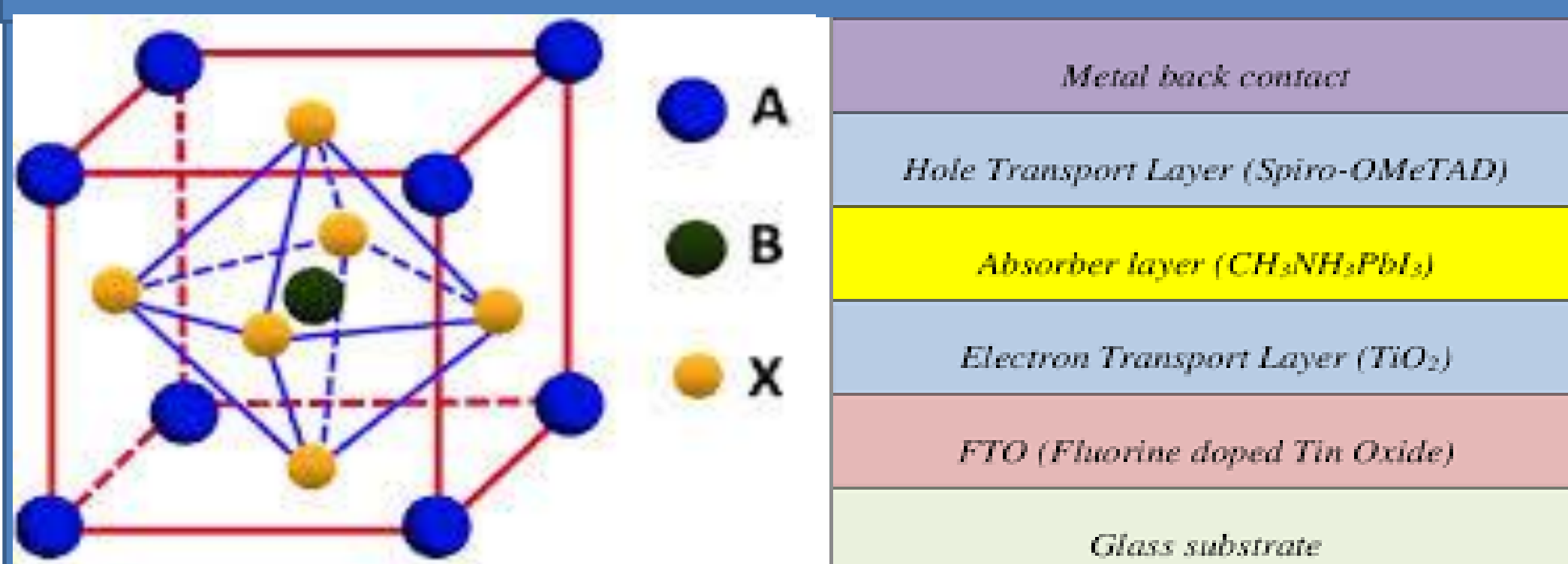


Figure 1. (a) Structure of Perovskite Materials & Perovskite Solar cells

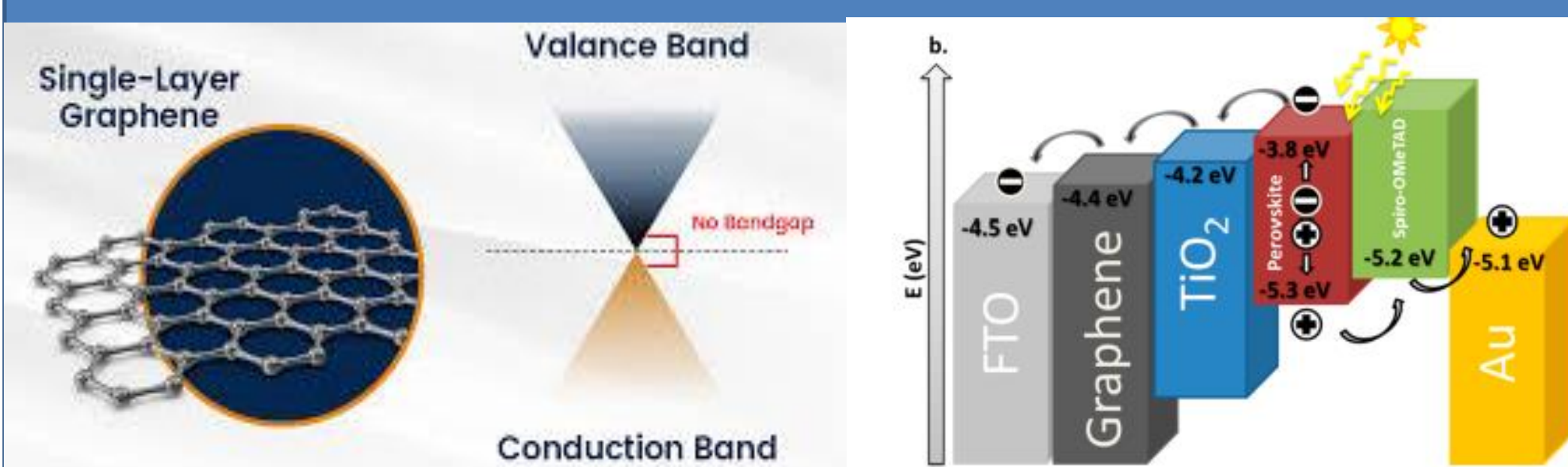
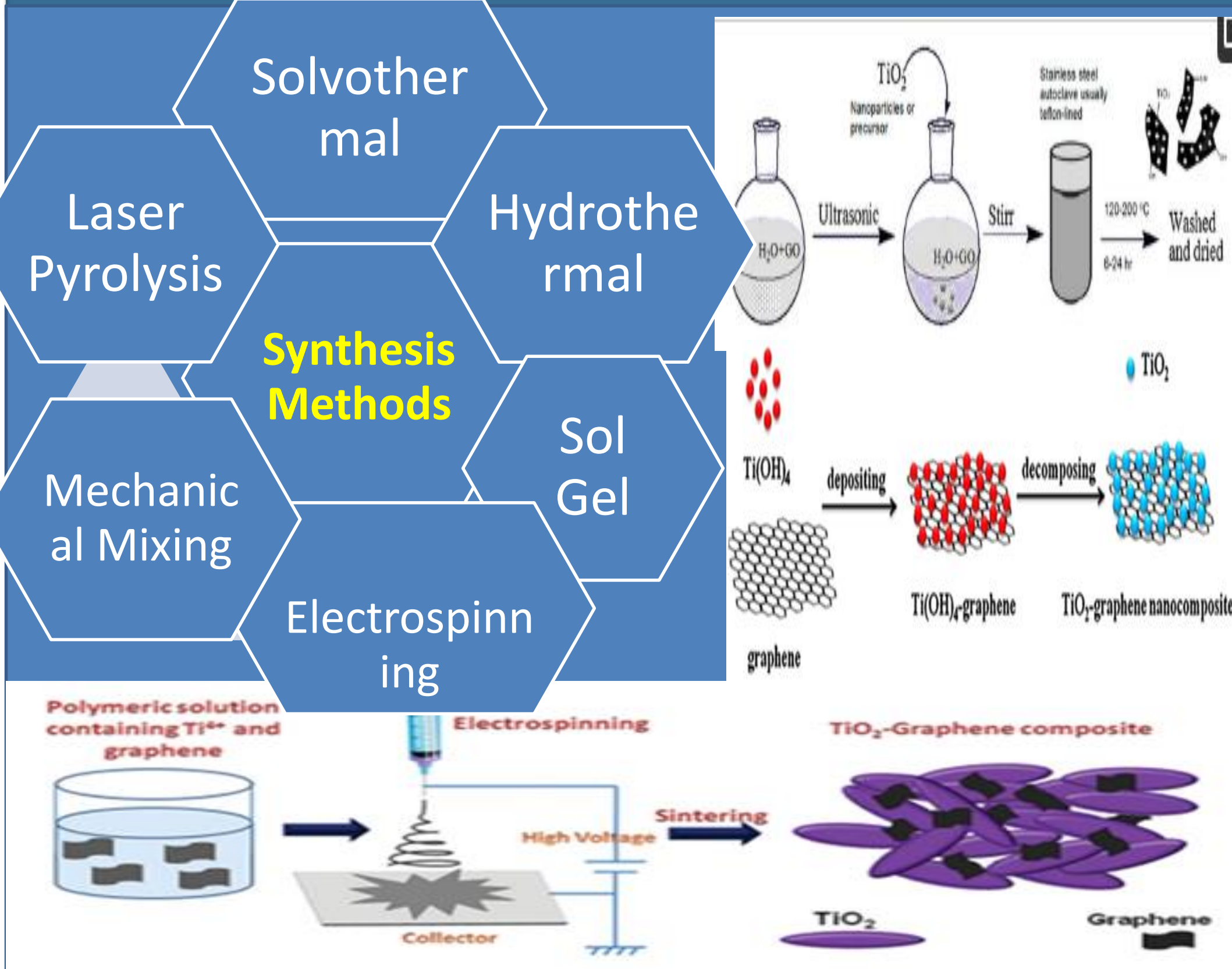


Figure 2. (a) Structure of Graphene (b) Energy levels of the materials in g-TiO₂ based Perovskite solar cell [1]

SYNTHESIS METHODS



RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Morphological Properties of graphene- TiO₂ Nanocomposites

- ❖ SEM/TEM show well-dispersed graphene in TiO₂ matrix
- ❖ Increased surface coverage → better charge extraction
- ❖ Fewer traps → reduced recombination losses
- ❖ Improved light absorption and film uniformity
- ❖ Graphene improves film morphology leading to dense, pinhole-free layers, larger grain sizes and fewer trap states.

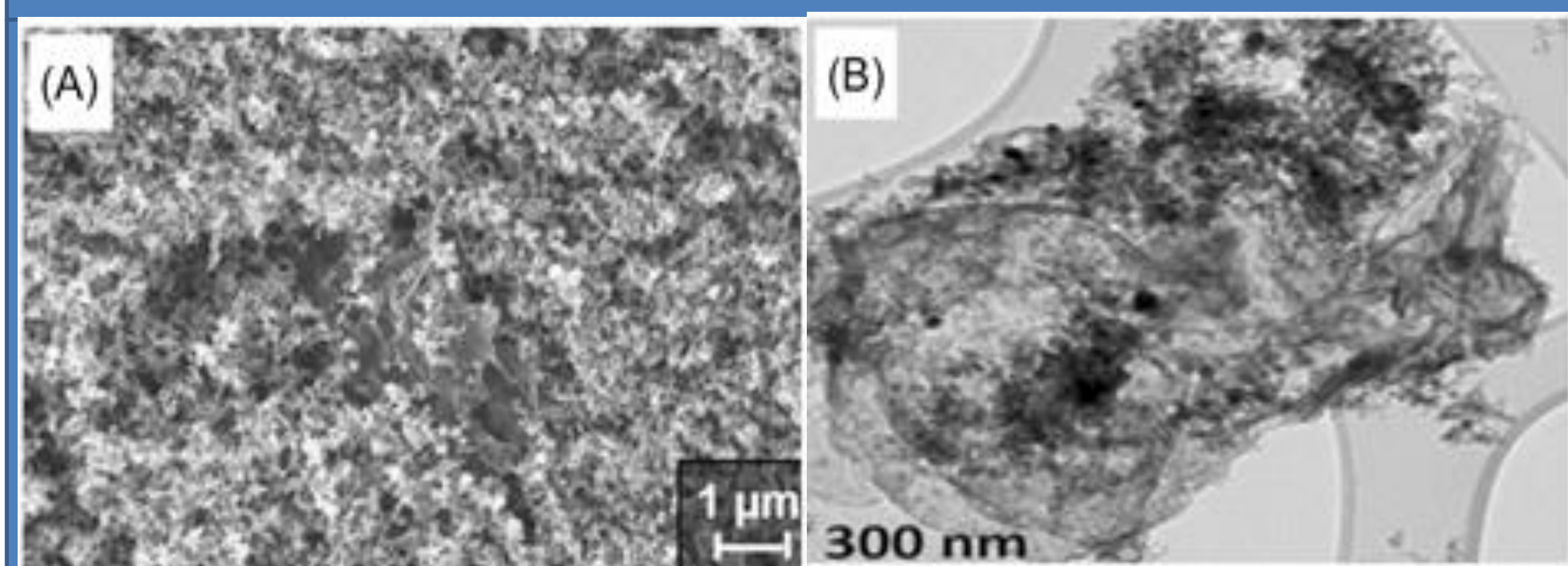


Fig. 3. (A) SEM image of TiO₂/graphene nanocomposite (B) TEM image of TiO₂/ graphene nanocomposite by laser pyrolysis [1]

Photovoltaic & Structural Properties of graphene- TiO₂ Nanocomposites Perovskite Solar Cells

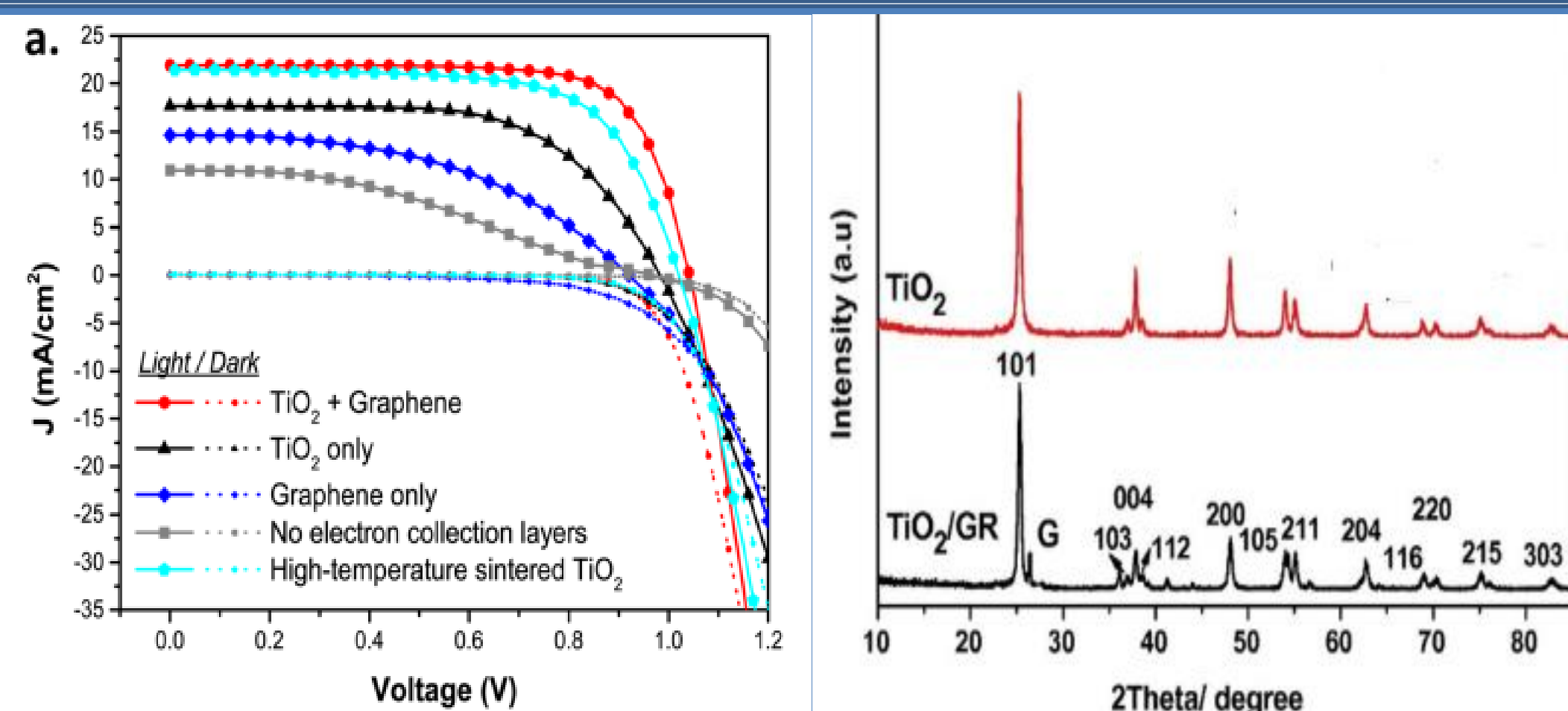


Fig. 4. I-V characteristics of various ETLs in Perovskite solar cell at simulated AM 1.5 solar at 100mW/cm² (solid line), and dark (dotted line) [1]

Fig. XRD images of TiO₂ and TiO₂/graphene nanocomposites synthesized by laser pyrolysis method [2]

CONCLUSION

- ❑ g-TiO₂ addresses critical PSC issues: stability, surface morphology, conductivity, and efficiency.
- ❑ Graphene-TiO₂ nanocomposites used in perovskite solar cells exhibit enhanced electrical and structural properties, leading to improved device efficiency and stability compared to pure TiO₂ layers.
- ❑ Synthesis method plays crucial role in final device performance.
- ❑ Continued research is needed for scalable, reproducible processes.

FUTURE WORK / REFERENCES

- Wang, J. T. W., Ball, J. M., Barea, E. M., Abate, A., Alexander-Webber, J. A., Huang, J. & Nicholas, R. J. (2014). Low-temperature processed electron collection layers of graphene/TiO₂ nanocomposites in thin film perovskite solar cells. *Nano Letters*, 14(2), 724-730.
- Belchi, R., Habert, A., Foy, E., Gheno, A., Vedraire, S., Antony, R., & Herlin-Boime, N. (2019). One-step synthesis of TiO₂/graphene nanocomposites by laser pyrolysis with well-controlled properties and application in perovskite solar cells. *ACS omega*, 4(7), 11906-11913.
- Znidi, F., Morsy, M. M., & Uddin, M. N. (2024). Recent advances of graphene-based materials in planar perovskite solar cells. *Next Nanotechnology*, 5, 100061.
- Hsu, C.-Y., Al-Salman, H., Hussein, H. H., Juraev, N., Mahmoud, Z. H., Al-Shuwaili, S. J., et al. (2024). Experimental and theoretical study of improved mesoporous titanium dioxide perovskite solar cell: The impact of modification with graphene oxide. *Heliyon*, 10.
- Chen, Q., Kim, J., Choi, M., et al. (2025). Advancing solar energy applications with graphene: The potential of minimally oxidized graphene. *Nano Convergence*, 12(1), 30.
- Sewela, T., Ocaya, R. O., & Malevu, T. D. (2024). Recent insights into the transformative role of graphene-based/TiO₂ electron transport layers for perovskite solar cells. *Energy Science & Engineering*.