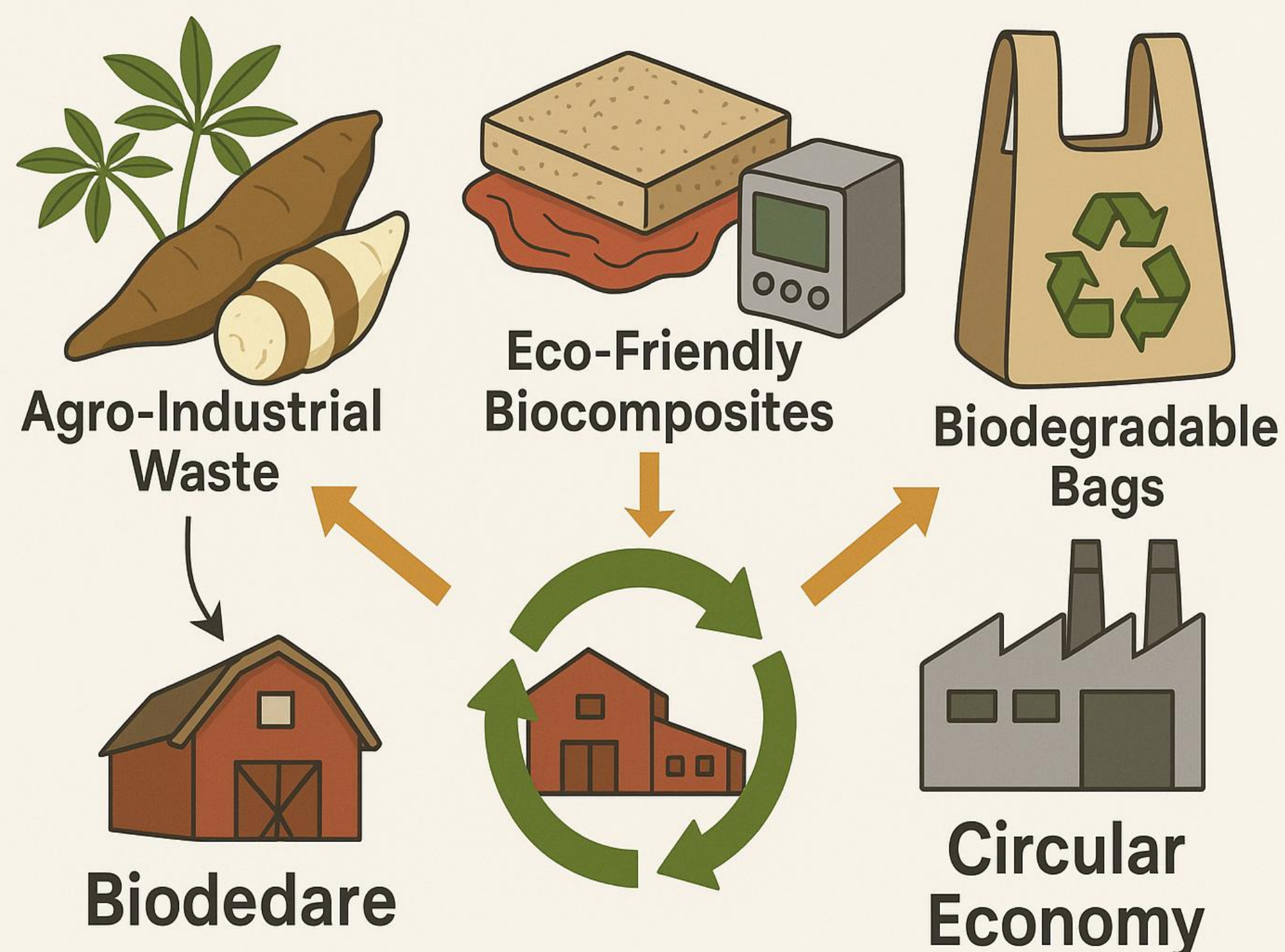


Valorisation of Cassava Peel as Agro-Industrial Waste for the Development of Eco-Friendly Biocomposites

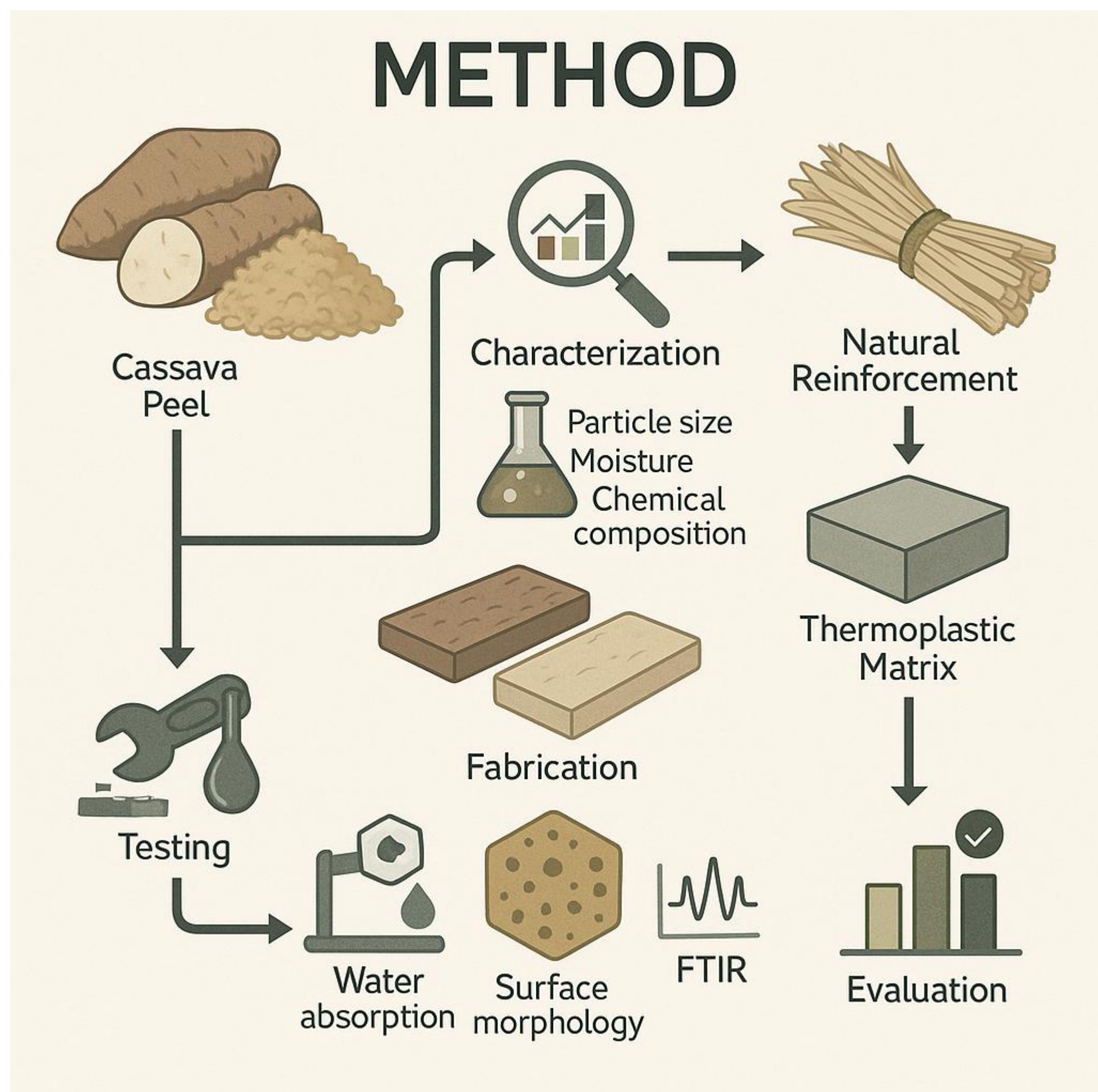
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INTRODUCTION & AIM



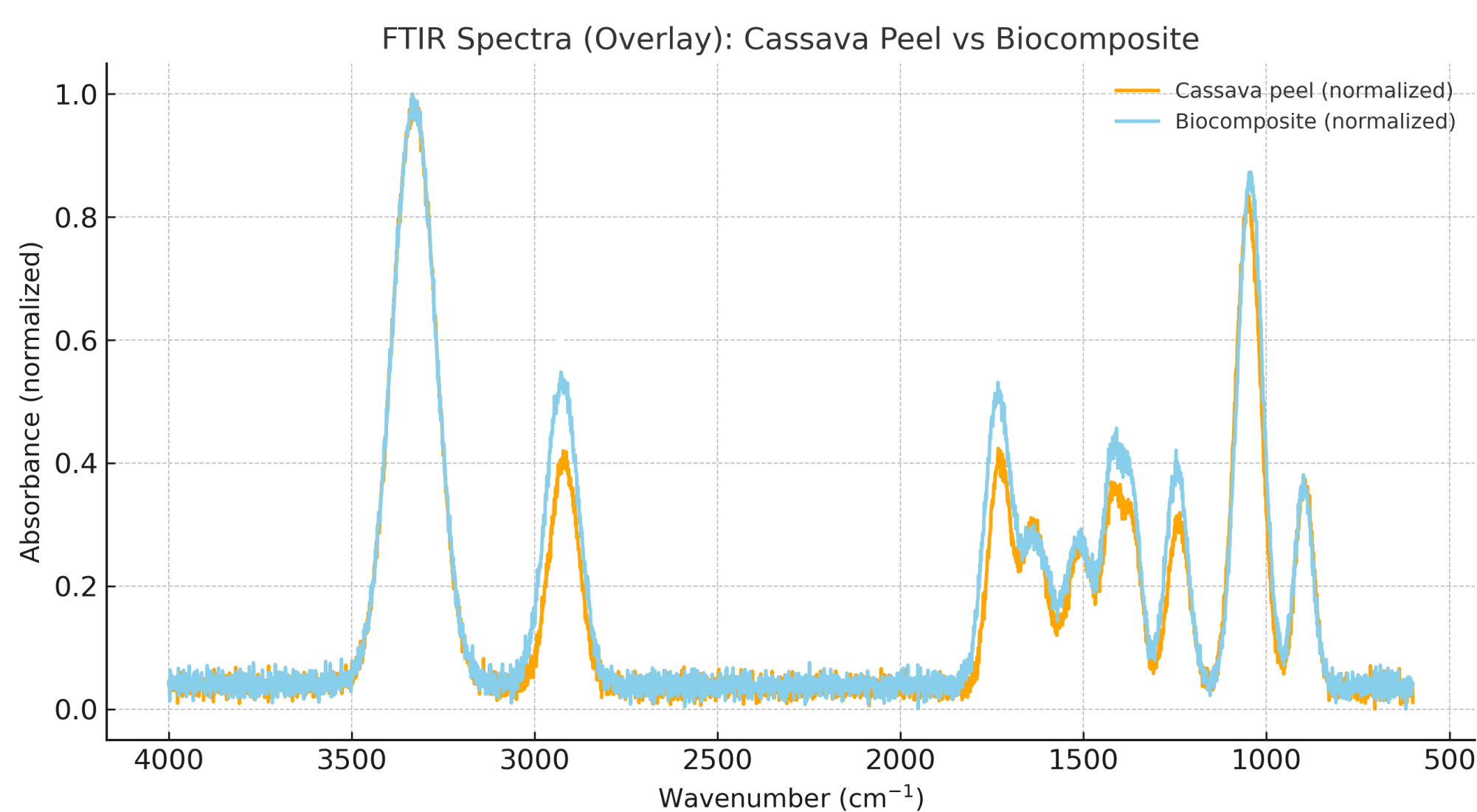
METHOD

Cassava peel was collected, dried, and characterized by particle size, moisture, and chemical composition. It was mixed with a thermoplastic matrix to fabricate biocomposites with varying reinforcement ratios. Specimens were tested for tensile strength, water absorption, and FTIR analysis.

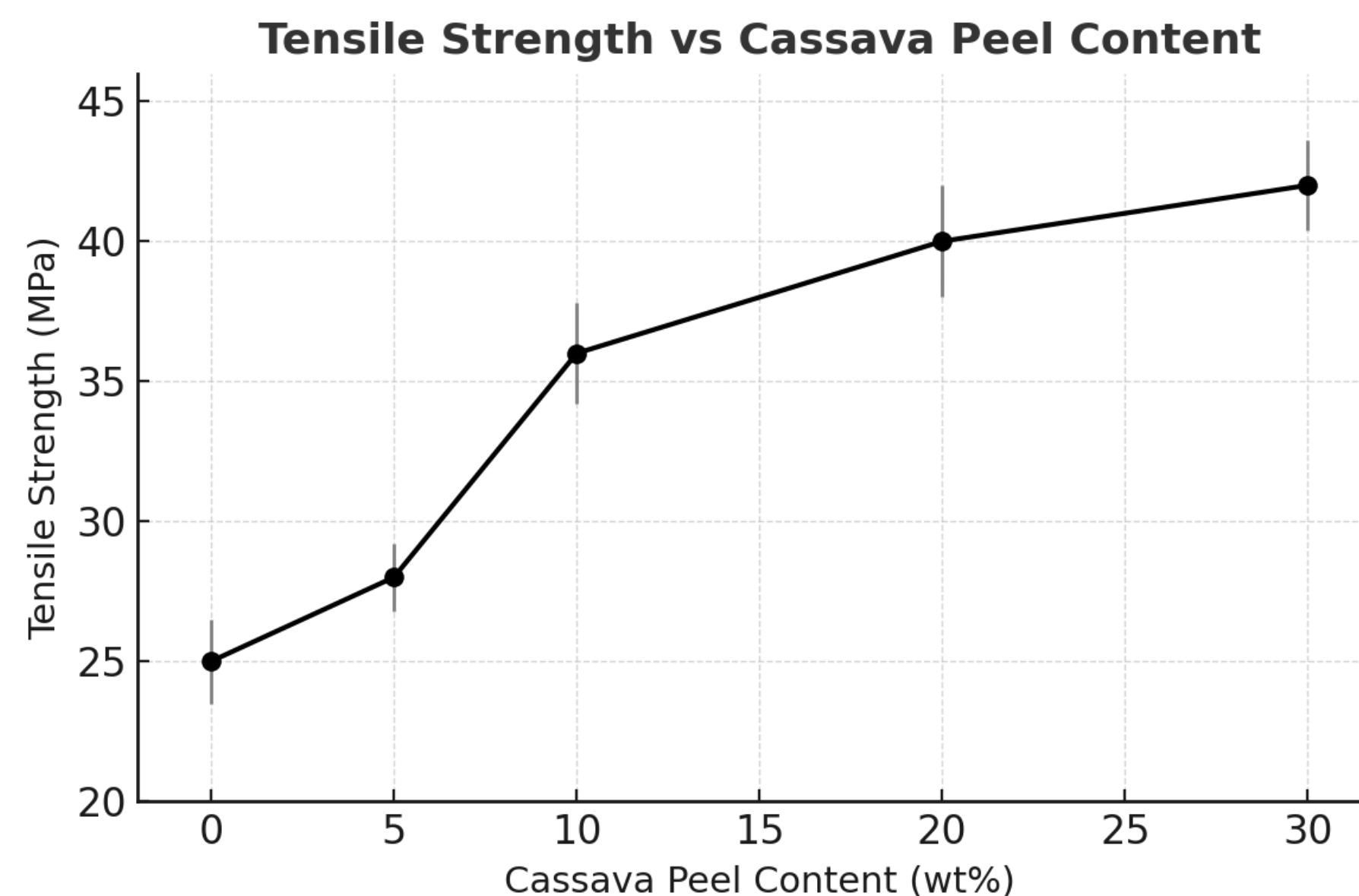


RESULTS & DISCUSSION

The FTIR spectra revealed characteristic peaks of cellulose, hemicellulose, and lignin (3330 , 2920 , 1730 , 1050 cm^{-1}), confirming the organic composition of cassava peel. In the biocomposite, slight peak shifts and increased intensity around 1050 cm^{-1} indicated improved interfacial bonding between the cassava fibres and the thermoplastic matrix.



The tensile strength increased progressively with cassava peel content, reaching a maximum improvement of about 40 MPa at 30 wt%, indicating enhanced load transfer and reinforcement efficiency. This mechanical enhancement demonstrates good fibre-matrix adhesion and suggests the cassava peel biocomposite as a viable, sustainable alternative for biodegradable packaging materials.



CONCLUSION

Cassava peel, an abundant agro-industrial residue, was successfully valorised as a natural reinforcement in thermoplastic biocomposites, demonstrating its potential for sustainable material development. The resulting biocomposites exhibited reduced environmental impact and promising properties for biodegradable packaging applications, supporting circular-economy principles. This research provides a feasible pathway for waste recovery and cleaner production, encouraging the use of bio-based reinforcements in eco-friendly industrial materials.

FUTURE WORK / REFERENCES

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