# The 6th International Electronic Conference on Foods 28–30 October 2025 | Online





# Hepatoprotective effects of a cricket-enriched pasta in an *in vitro* intestine-liver model under oxidative stress conditions



Mussa Makran<sup>1</sup>, Leonardo Musto<sup>1</sup>, Dario Mercatante<sup>2</sup>, Ivan Albano<sup>3</sup>, Maria Teresa Rodriguez-Estrada<sup>2,4</sup>, Antonio Cilla<sup>1</sup> & Guadalupe Garcia-Llatas<sup>1</sup>

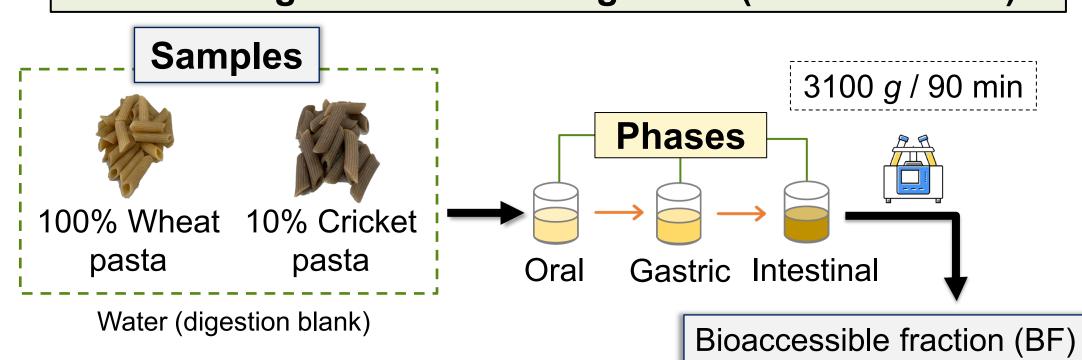
<sup>1</sup>Nutrition and Food Science Area, Faculty of Pharmacy and Food Sciences, University of Valencia, Valencia, Spain; <sup>2</sup>Department of Agricultural and Food Sciences, Alma Mater Studiorum-Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy; <sup>3</sup>Italian Cricket Farm, Scalenghe, Italy; <sup>4</sup>CIRI-Agrifood (Interdepartmental Centre of Industrial Agrifood Research), Alma Mater Studiorum-Università di Bologna, Cesena, Italy

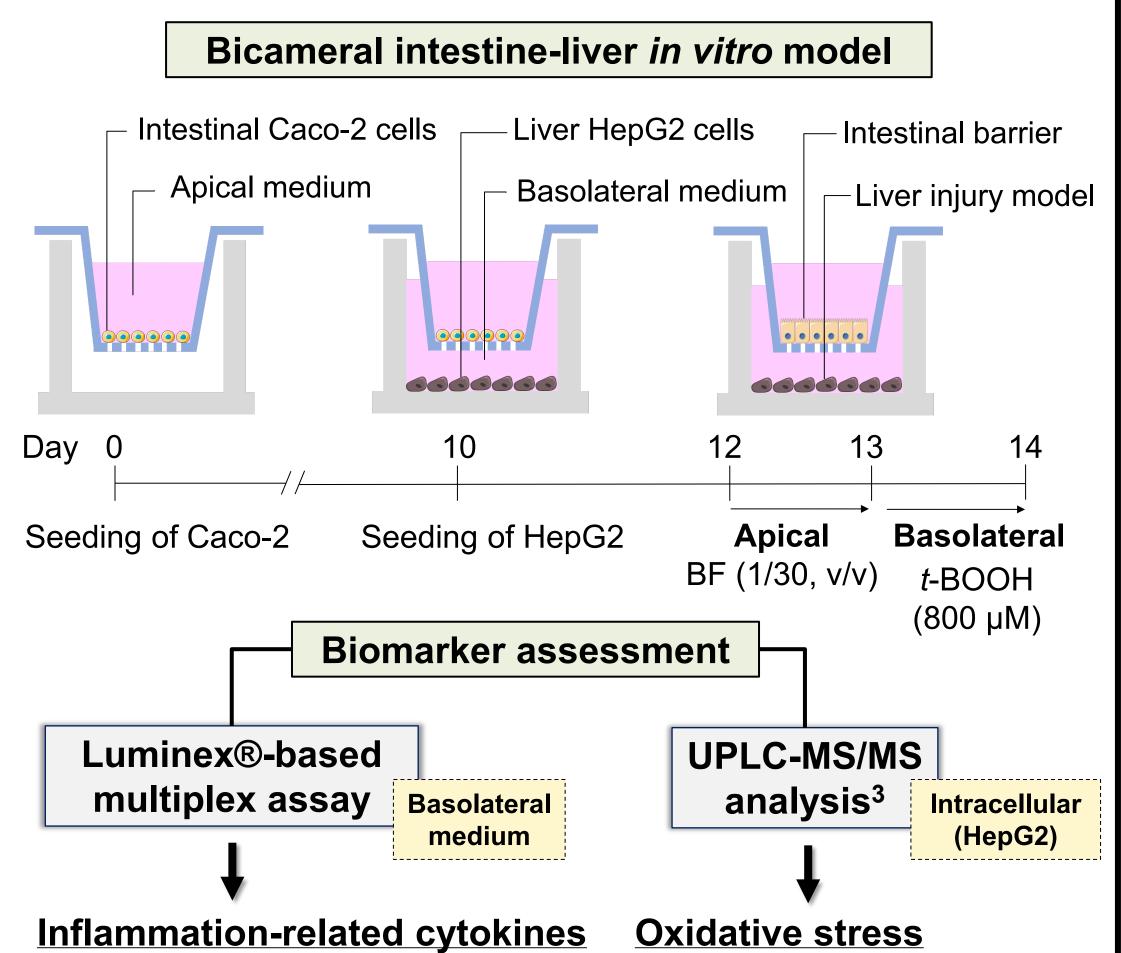
## INTRODUCTION & AIM

Oxidative stress contributes to liver diseases by promoting inflammation and endothelial dysfunction<sup>1</sup>. Edible insects like the house cricket (*Acheta domesticus*) are promising bioactive sources (*i.e.*, bioactive peptides), but their hepatoprotective effects remain unknown. This study evaluated the hepatoprotective potential of cricket-enriched pasta compared to conventional wheat pasta using a bicameral intestine-liver *in vitro* model, where Caco-2 cells function as an intestinal barrier and HepG2 cells are exposed to *tert*-butyl hydroperoxide (*t*-BOOH)-induced oxidative stress to simulate liver injury.

# **METHOD**

# Simulated gastrointestinal digestion (INFOGEST 2.0)<sup>2</sup>





Anti-inflammatory (IL-10)

Pro-inflammatory (IL-1β)

**Endothelial dysfunction** 

Endotelin-1 and ICAM-1

Glutathione (GSH/GSSG)

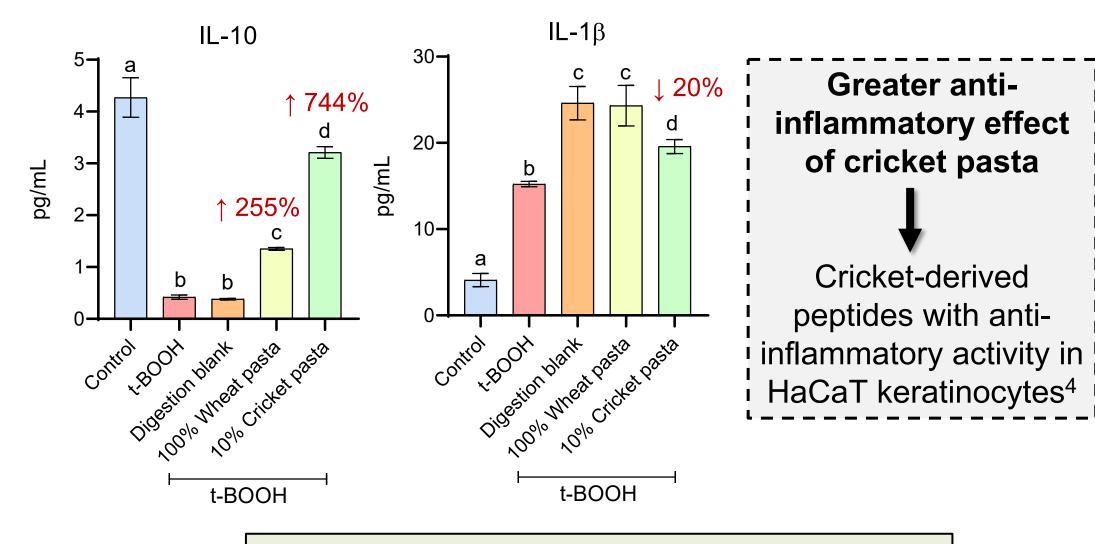
Protein damage (o-Tyr/Phe)

Ophthalmic acid

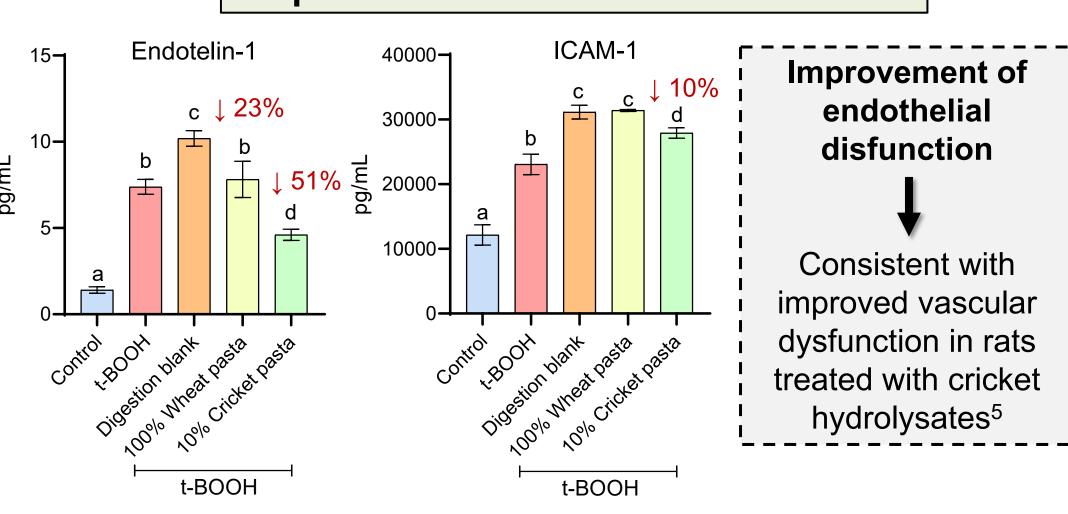
## RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Statistically significant differences (p < 0.05) between conditions are indicated by different letters (a-d)

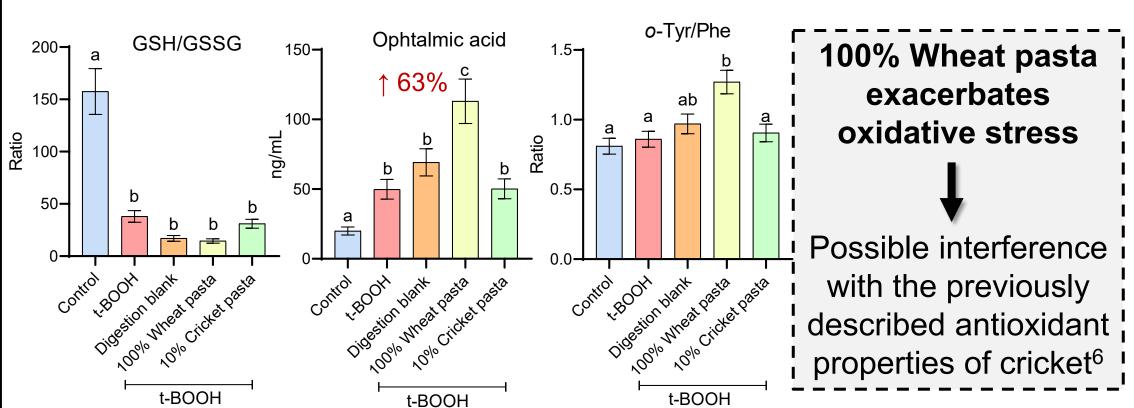
#### Modulation of the inflammatory response



#### Improvement in vascular biomarkers



#### Lack of protection against oxidative stress



#### CONCLUSION

Cricket pasta showed anti-inflammatory and endothelial-modulating effects in an *in vitro* liver injury model. Although oxidative stress was not improved, cricket pasta exhibited a more favorable redox response, highlighting the importance of food matrix composition in functional food design.

#### REFERENCES

<sup>1</sup>Vairappan (2015). World Journal of Hepatology, 7, 443–459. <sup>2</sup>Makran et al. (2022). Food Chemistry, 382, 132305. <sup>3</sup>Carretero et al. (2014). Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 406, 5465-5476. <sup>4</sup>Yeerong et al. (2024). Antioxidants, 13, 367. <sup>5</sup>Sangartit et al. (2024). Veterinary World, 17, 2104–2114. <sup>6</sup>Nino et al. (2021). Foods, 10, 2295.