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Next-Generation Water Management: Integrating Generative and Agentic AI for Enhanced Efficiency and Resilience

Ali Tavallali
Department of Construction Science and Organizational Leadership, Purdue University Northwest, Hammond, USA

INTRODUCTION & AIM

Global water systems are under increasing pressure from population growth, climate extremes, and resource scarcity. Conventional automation has improved monitoring and control, but often fails to adapt to dynamic, uncertain conditions [1, 2]. This work introduces a novel framework that combines Generative AI and Agentic AI to build intelligent, adaptive, and energy-efficient water management systems. The goal is to move from reactive operations to proactive, self-optimizing networks that can anticipate demand, reduce losses, and enhance infrastructure resilience [3].

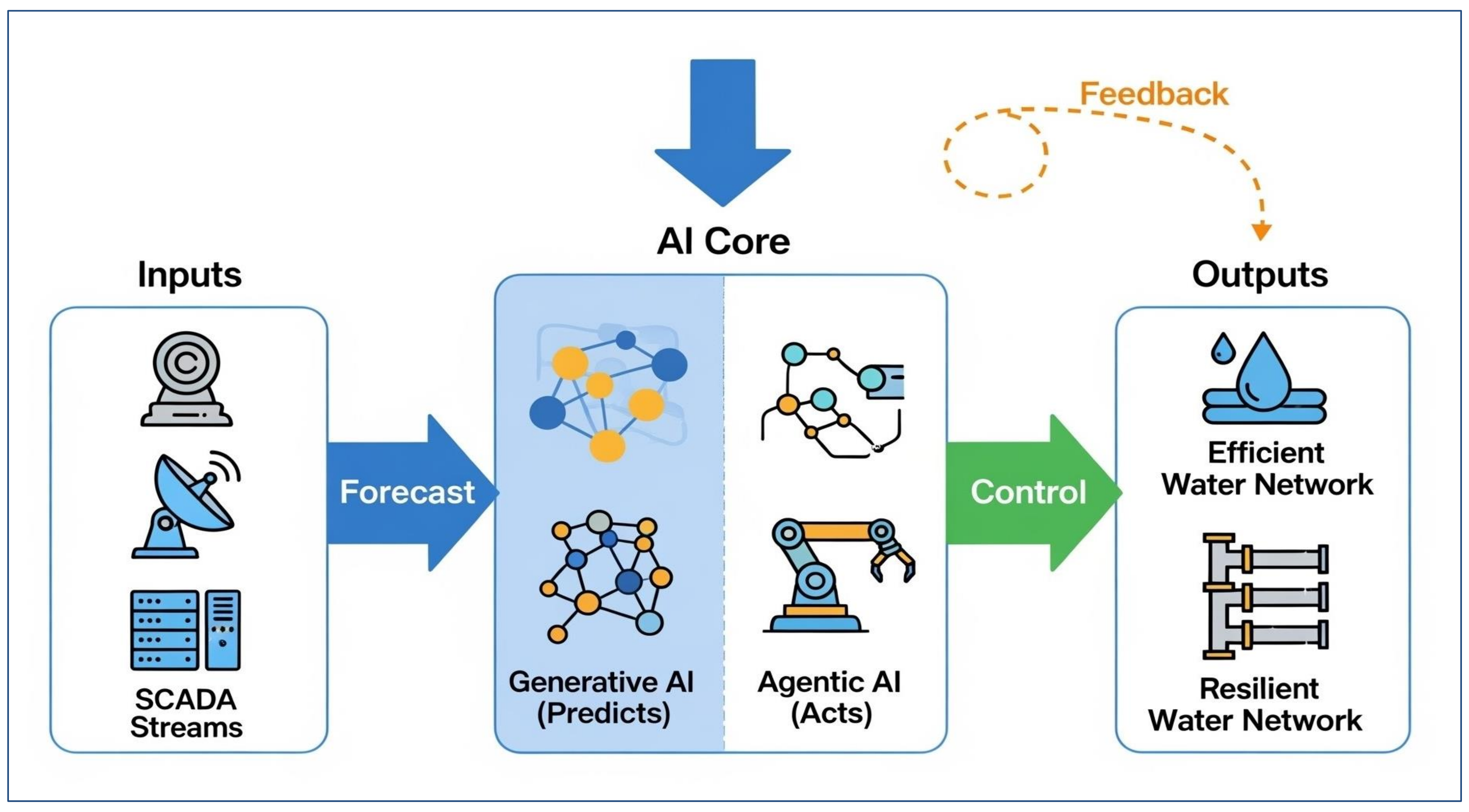

Figure 1. Integrated AI Framework for Smart Water Management.

METHOD

The framework was developed in three stages:

1. Data-Driven Generative Modeling: Historical and simulated data from water networks were used to train generative models capable of predicting flow, pressure, and energy patterns under changing environmental conditions.

2. Agentic Control System: Distributed AI agents were designed to act autonomously, adjusting pump speeds, valve positions, and energy usage in real-time based on predictive feedback.

3. Integrated Digital Twin Loop: The generative and agentic layers were synchronized in a digital twin platform to learn, simulate, and optimize control strategies continuously.

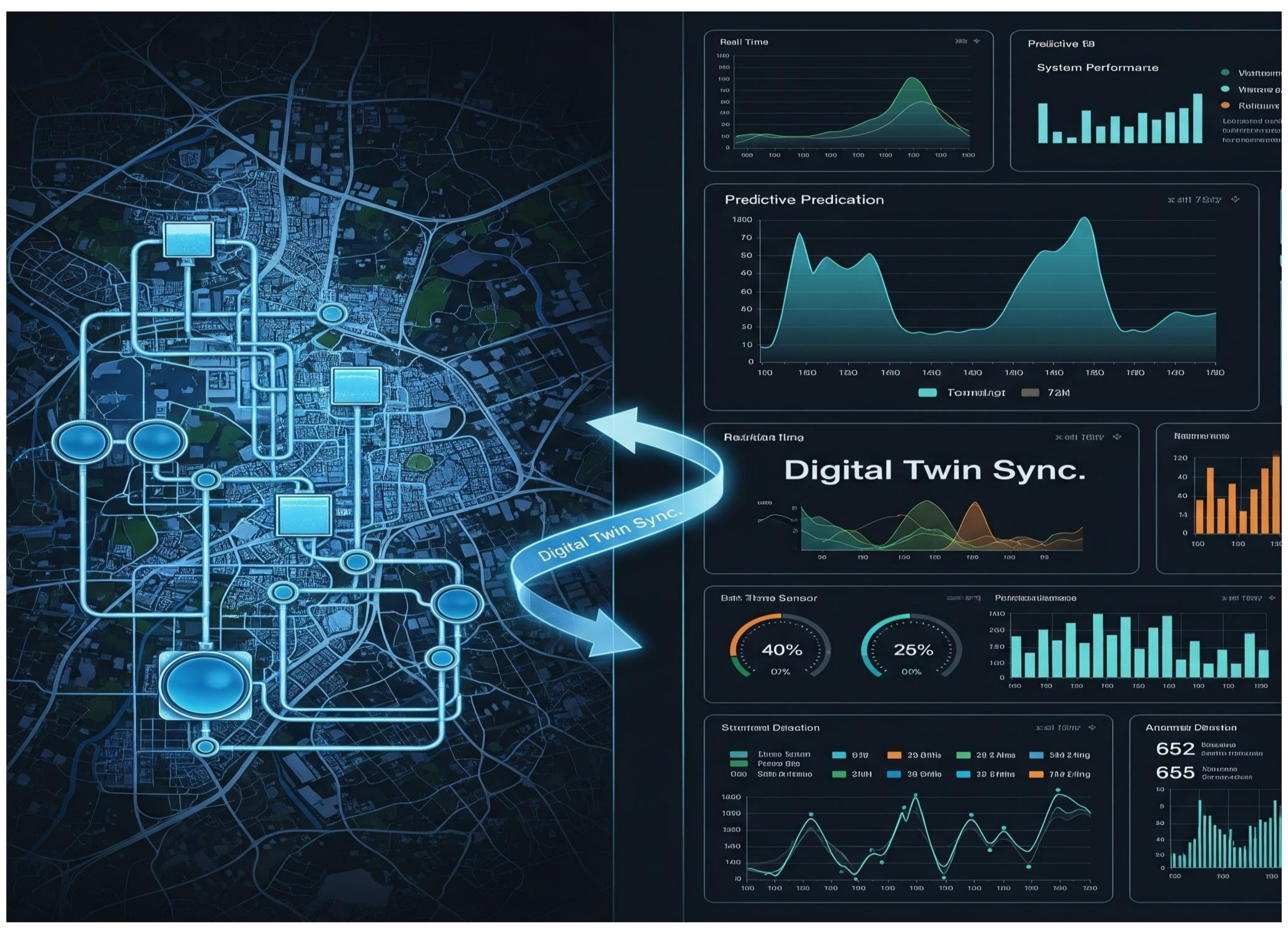

Figure 2. Real-Time Digital Twin Synchronization for Water Networks.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

The integrated AI framework showed strong predictive and adaptive performance across test conditions.

- Predictive Insight: Generative models achieved high accuracy in forecasting flow anomalies and potential leak events.
- Adaptive Response: Agentic agents dynamically optimized control actions with minimal human input, improving system stability and reducing response time.
- Resource Efficiency: Combined implementation demonstrated measurable reductions in both energy use and water loss during test simulations.
- Resilience Gains: The integrated framework improved fault tolerance and recovery speed under variable or extreme operating scenarios.

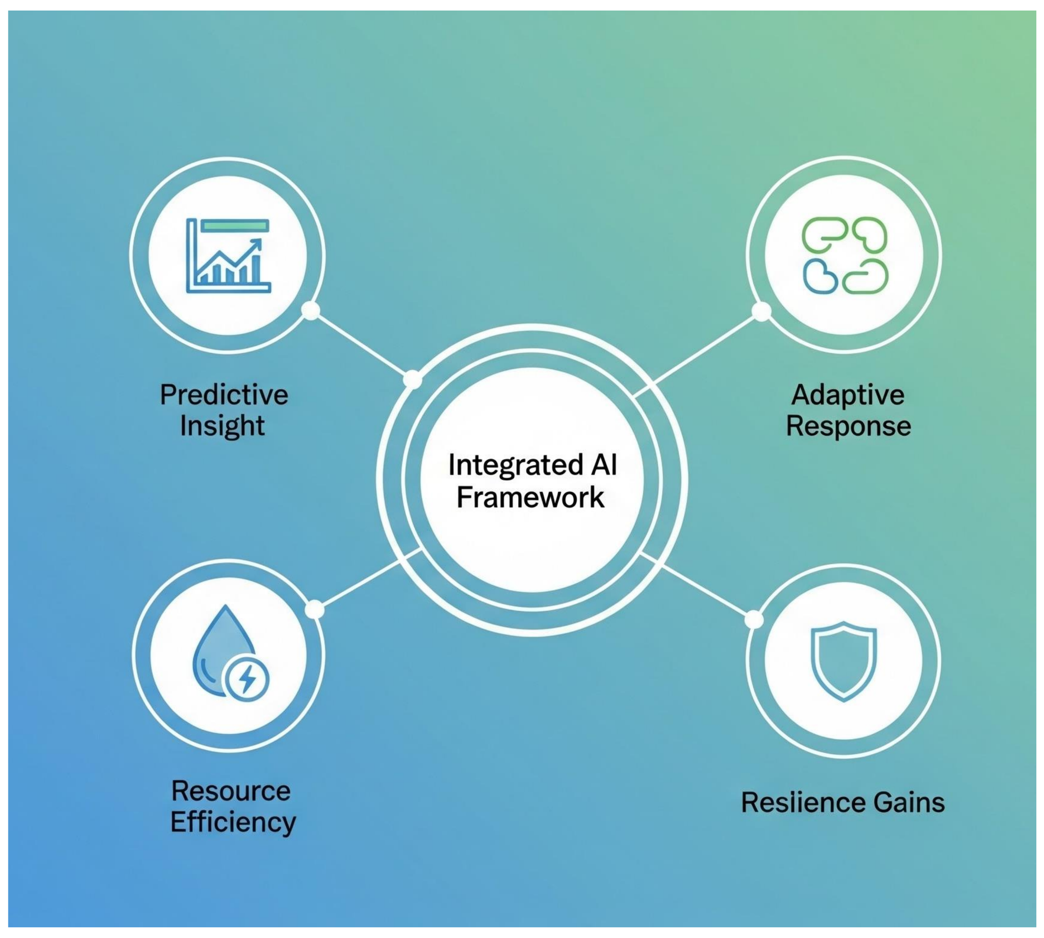

Figure 3. System Performance Gains through AI-Driven Water Network Optimization

CONCLUSION

Integrating Generative AI and Agentic AI establishes a new frontier for intelligent water management. This dual approach couples predictive foresight with autonomous control, enabling systems that can sense, think, and act adaptively. The resulting framework provides a foundation for future smart infrastructure capable of sustaining efficiency and reliability in uncertain environments.

FUTURE WORK

Future development will focus on real-world deployment, cybersecurity, and ethical design, and integration with IoT and satellite-based sensing data for real-time situational awareness. 2025 focuses on pilot testing, 2026 on IoT sensor integration, and 2027 on real-time deployment with regulatory connection.

REFERENCES

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3. Lin, C. (2025). Agentic AI and Autonomous Infrastructure Control. Environmental Systems Research.