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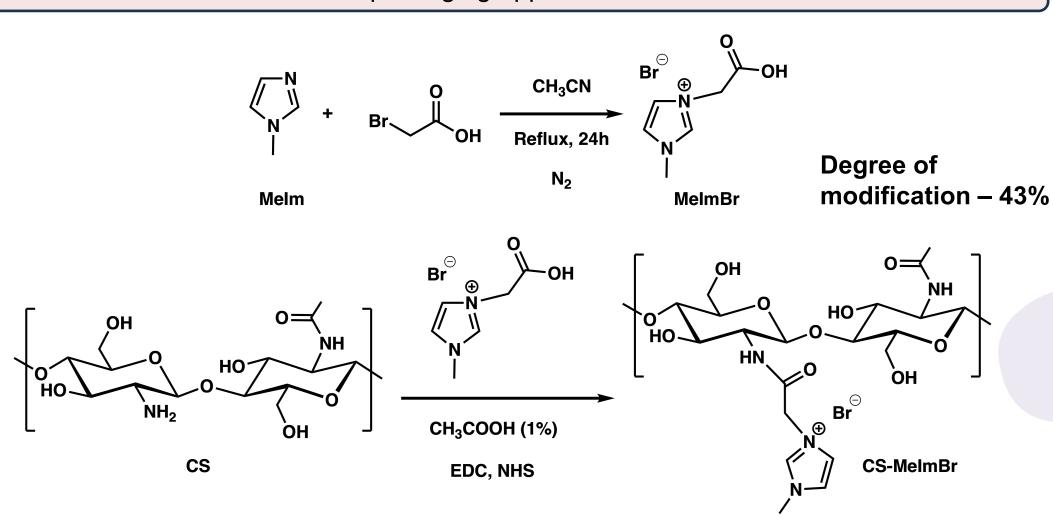
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Bioactive Chitosan Films via Methylimidazole Functionalization: Antimicrobial and Antioxidant Enhancement

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INTRODUCTION

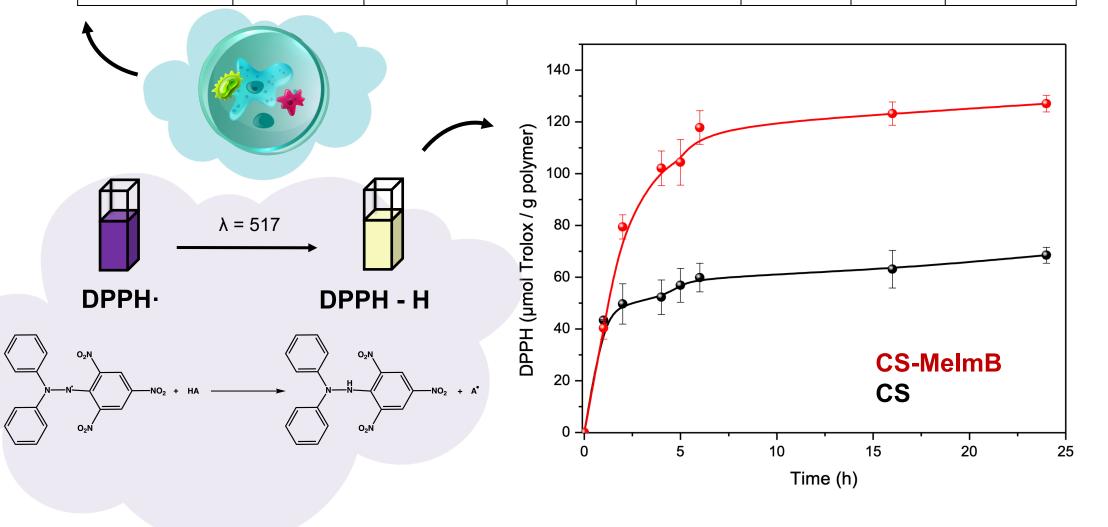
Chitosan (CS) was chemically modified with 1-methylimidazole (MeImB) via EDC/NHS coupling to enhance its bioactivity. The resulting derivative (CS-MeImB) was characterized by NMR and elemental analysis and processed into reinforced films with chitin nanowhiskers. The films showed improved mechanical stability, strong antimicrobial activity against Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, and high antioxidant capacity. This modification offers a simple route to develop multifunctional CS-based films for sustainable packaging applications.



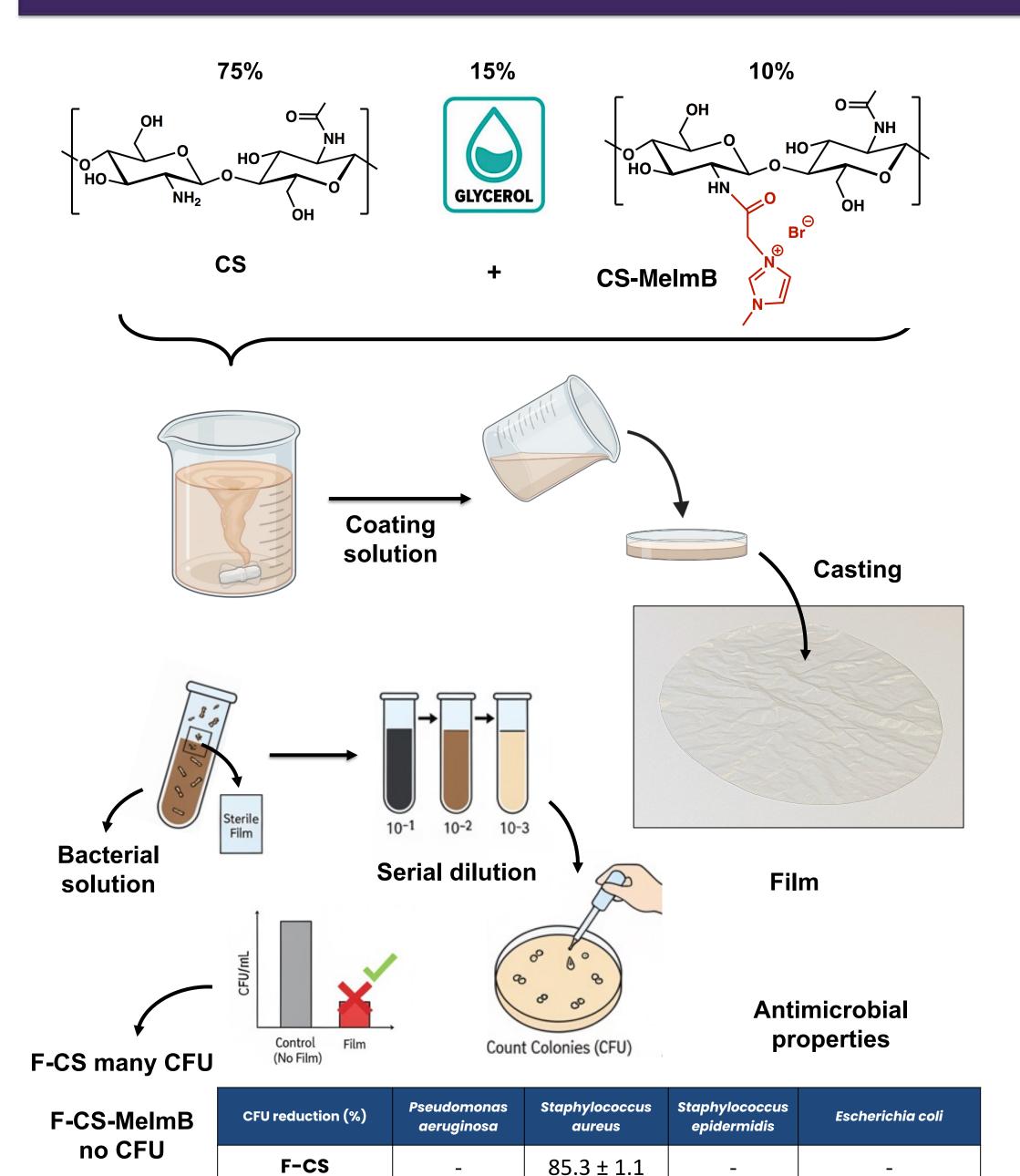
RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Antimicrobial activity of CS and CS-MelmB

MIC (μg/mL)	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Staphylococcus aureus	Staphylococcus epidermidis	Escherichia coli	Enterococcus faecalis	Candida albicans	Listeria monocytogenes
cs	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000	>1000
CS-MelmBr	13	52	32	0.97	32	0.97	1.3



METHOD



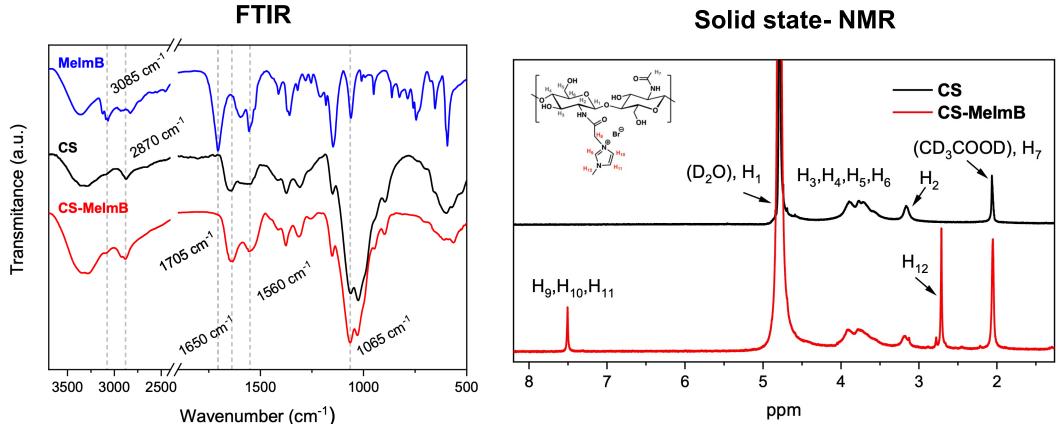
97.5 ± 1.7

F-CS-MelmBr

 85.5 ± 2.3

 99.5 ± 2.1

 99.999 ± 0.001



CONCLUSION

- Chitosan was successfully modified with 1-methylimidazole (MelmB) via EDC/NHS coupling, achieving an efficient synthesis.
- ❖ The resulting derivative (CS-MelmB) reached a degree of modification of ~43%, sufficient to impart strong antimicrobial and antioxidant properties.
- CS-MeImB (10%) was incorporated into chitosan-based films plasticized with glycerol.
- The obtained films were homogeneous, transparent, and flexible, confirming good miscibility of the derivative within the CS matrix.
- The functionalized films exhibited remarkable antimicrobial activity against both Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, and enhanced antioxidant performance.
- These results demonstrate that Melm modification is a promising strategy to develop bioactive, sustainable films for active packaging and biomedical application

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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