





Ionic liquid gating of InAs nanowire-based FETs

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SULLE NANDTECNOLOGIE



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Materials: self-assembled NW heterostructures







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- > Technology: field effect controlled NW-based devices





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 - I. hemogeneous nanowires
 - II. InAs/InP axial heterostructures
 - III. InAs/InP/GaSb radial heterostructures
 - IV. Hybrid metal/semiconductor axial heterostrictures













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Lucia Sorba

- Chemical beam epitaxy
- III-V Semiconductors
- Self-assembled nanocrystals (bottom-up approach)

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Au catalyst

18-71 (5)910















 d_{avg} (nm)

150







0.1 nm

X

d(nm)

1.0 nm

0.5 nm











Au thin film





EBL-defined dots





Radial heterostructures: core-shell NWs







Tunable Esaki effect

Mirko

Rocci

- Thermoelectrics in coupled 1D systems
- 1D-1D Coulomb drag

S.Pezzini, ... and F.Rossella, in preparation M.Rocci, F.Rossella* *et al., Nano Lett.* **16**, 7950 (2016)





Axial heterostructures

GaAs/InAs



Sharp interface between 2 semiconductors







Axial heterostructures



GaAs/InAs InAs/InP



S. Roddaro



Sharp interface between 2 semiconductors

InP **barriers** few nm thick inside an InAs NW

Tunneling processes in 0D and 1D (NW-QDs)





Axial heterostructures





GaAs/InAs

s InAs/InP



M. Gemmi J. David

Piazza

Sharp interface between 2 semiconductors

InP **barriers** few nm thick inside an InAs NW

Metal/semiconductor junctions

- ➤ Tunneling processes in 0D and 1D (NW-QDs)
 ➤ Shottcky barriers → light emission, optoelectronics
- J. David, F. Rossella* et al, Nano Lett. 17, 2336 (2017)
- F. Rossella* et al, Nano Lett. 16, 5521 (2016)
- F. Rossella et al, Nat. Nanotech. 9, 997 (2014); F. Rossella et al, J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. 47 394015 (2014)
- L. Romeo et al., Nano Lett. 12, 4490 (2012); S. Roddaro et al., Nano Lett. 11, 1695 (2011)



Homostructures: graded n-type doping



- > $n(x) \rightarrow \epsilon(x) \rightarrow tailoring dielectric response$
- Semiconductor → gate-tunable nano-plasmonics

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A.Arcangeli, F. Rossella* et al, Nano Lett. 16, 5688 (2016)











Ionic liquid gating of InAs nanowire-based FETs

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SUPPORTED NW devices: Seebeck & Power Factor





S.Roddaro, et al., Nano Research 2014



SUPPORTED NW devices: Seebeck & Power Factor





S.Roddaro, et al., Nano Research 2014

 $R(\mathbf{k}\Omega)^{20}$ 10 15 25 30 PISA



S.Roddaro, et al., Nano Research 2014





SUSPENDED NW devices: thermal conductivity

 $ZT = \frac{S^2 \sigma}{k_l + k_e} T$







SUSPENDED NW devices: thermal conductivity



Optical approach













All-electrical method: Current injection at freq ω Voltage probing at freq 3ω





Suspended NW devices: strategies for gating?



backgate, side gates



poor modulation of σ at temperatures of interest



15% *R* modulation within +/- 20V (combining BG and SG)





PISA

Ionic liquid gating





















DFT

Hexafluorophosphate (coarse grain) + layered electrodes + porosity

Molecular dynamics diffusion coefficients

V. Tozzini





L. Bellucci





Many additional problems in simulations!

- ✓ realistic structure of the porosity (\rightarrow sponge builder)
- ✓ Size of the system
- The model of electrode must be polarizable



Tests to

- validate the model
- optimize the simulation parameters

Test with mechanically induced diffusion: anion has a larger diffusivity than the cation

Test with nanoporous charged polarizable electrodes





Electric Double Layer Transistors & Thermoelectrics



- Test-bed for confinement effects (DOS discretization) \rightarrow ZT, S² σ enhancement
- oxides (SrTiO3, ZnO, Cu2O) Thin films
 2D materials
 SWCNTs
 NWs ??





Ionic liquid gated InAs NW FET: realization









Ionic liquid gated InAs NW FET: realization













Ionic liquid gated InAs NW FET: realization













Ionic liquid gated InAs NW FET: realization















Ionic liquid gated InAs NW FET: realization



J. Lieb, ... and F.Rossella, submitted

Parameter space:

Temperature

Parameter space:

- Temperature
- dV_{LG}/dt (liquid gate voltage Sweep rate)

 $V_{\rm LG}\,({\rm V})$ 0 -1 -1 0 1 2.44 mV/s 2.2 $I_{\rm DS}(\mu {\rm A})$ 2.0 Parameter space: 1.8 300 K Temperature 2.4 240 K dV_{LG}/dt (liquid gate voltage $I_{\rm DS}(\mu {\rm A})$ 2.2 Sweep rate) 2.0 9 mV/s 2.4 235 K 2.3

T = 240 K $dV_{LG}/dt < 10 \text{ mV/s}$

 $V_{\rm LG}\,({\rm V})$

Ionic Liquid Gate vs back gate

LIQUID GATE

SCUOLA Normale Superiore

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(Υ^{10⁻¹} (μΑ) (Yn) ^{10⁻¹} ^{SC} 10⁻² 0.0 $l_{
m LG}^{
m leak}$, T = 300 K $T = 240 \, {\rm K}$ -0.2 $V_{\rm DS} = +10 \ {\rm mV}$ $V_{\rm DS} = 4 \, \rm mV$ -1010⁻² 10^{-3} -2 -1 2 -20 -10 10 20 0 0 $V_{\rm LG}(\rm V)$ $V_{\rm BG}(V)$

SCUOLA

PISA

NORMALE

 $n \approx 5^* 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ $\mu \approx 200 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$ $C_{BG} \approx 60 \text{ aF}$

PISA

Gate induced transition

Summary

The happy marriage btwn III-V NWs & ionic liquids

- control of hysteresis
- FET operation demonstrated
- Ionic liquid gate versus BG: no match!
- Onset of charge induced phase transition

Summary & Perspectives

The happy marriage btwn III-V NWs & ionic liquids

- control of hysteresis
- FET operation demonstrated
- Ionic liquid gate versus BG: no match!
- Onset of charge induced phase transition
- Suspended NW thermoelectrics
- Charge induced phase transition in 2D and 1D
- Ambipolar transport
- Dynamically controlled p-n junctions

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