



# 5th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry

1-30 November 2019

chaired by Dr. Jean Jacques Vanden Eynde

sponsored by



pharmaceuticals

## Tryptophanol-derived oxazoloisoindolinones: Novel small molecule p53 activators with promising antitumor activity

**Valentina Barcherini <sup>1</sup>, Sara Gomes <sup>2</sup>, Margarida Espadinha <sup>1</sup>, Joana Soares <sup>2</sup>, Liliana Raimundo <sup>2</sup>, Célia Gomes <sup>3</sup>, Flávio Reis <sup>3</sup>, Alexandra Antunes <sup>4</sup>, Lucília Saraiva <sup>2</sup>, and Maria M. M. Santos <sup>1,\*</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Research Institute for Medicines (iMed.Ulisboa), Faculty of Pharmacy, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal;

<sup>2</sup> LAQV/REQUIMTE, Laboratório de Microbiologia, Departamento de Ciências Biológicas, Faculdade de Farmácia, Universidade do Porto, Porto, Portugal;

<sup>3</sup> Institute of Pharmacology & Experimental Therapeutics, Coimbra Institute for Clinical and Biomedical Research (iCBR), Faculty of Medicine, CNC.IBILI Consortium & CIBB Consortium, University of Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal;

<sup>4</sup> Centro de Química Estrutural, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais, 1049 001, Lisboa, Portugal.

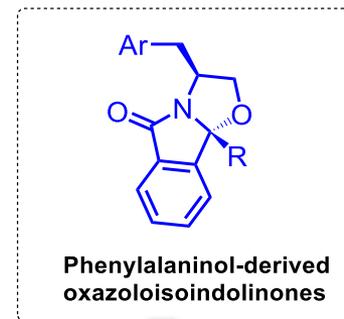
\* Corresponding author: [mariasantos@ff.ulisboa.pt](mailto:mariasantos@ff.ulisboa.pt)



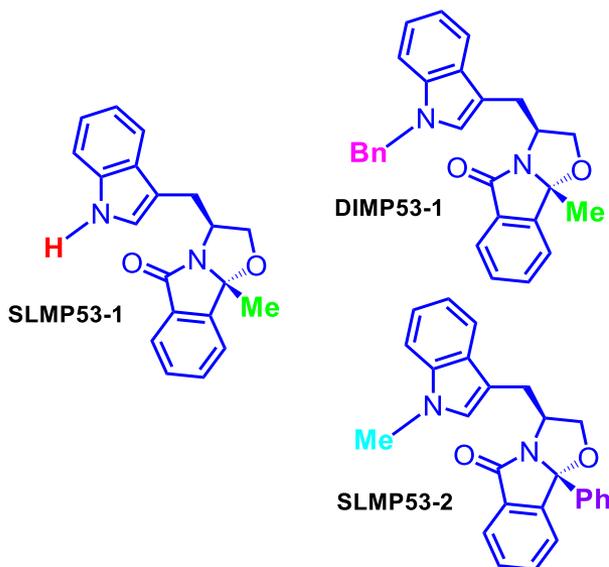
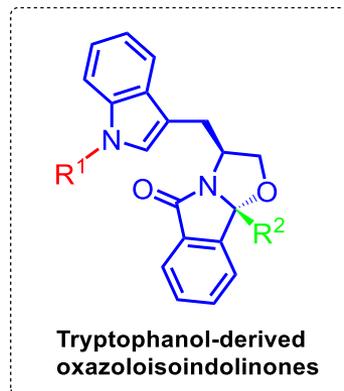
# Tryptophanol-derived oxazoloisoindolinones: Novel small molecule p53 activators with promising antitumor activity



Search for new scaffolds that inhibit the p53-MDM2 interaction



Hit optimization to obtain Selective p53 activators



## Abstract:

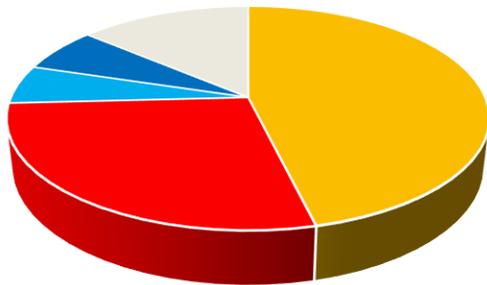
The tumour suppressor p53 is a pivotal target in cancer therapy as this protein is inactive in all human cancers. In the last years, our research group has been working on the design and synthesis of novel small molecules that are able to reactivate p53. Of these, novel scaffolds containing the oxazoloisindolinone moiety in their chemical structure emerged with very promising anti-cancer properties.

In this communication an overview about the therapeutic potential of a tryptophanol-derived oxazoloisindolinone chemical library as selective p53 activators will be given. Based on the hit tryptophanol-derived small molecule SLMP53-1, identified as a wild-type and mutant p53 reactivator, a second series of compounds was prepared leading to DIMP53-1 (a p53-MDM2/X interactions dual inhibitor) and to SLMP53-2 (small molecule able to restore the wild-type function of mut p53Y220C). The tryptophanol-derived oxazoloisindolinone chemical family was prepared by a stereoselective cyclocondensation reaction of enantiopure aminoalcohol tryptophanol with several commercially available oxoacids. From the screening of this library, several very promising molecules emerged with potent anticancer activity against aggressive cancers. The anticancer activity and mechanism of action of the target molecules was studied in human colon adenocarcinoma HCT116 cells with wild-type p53 (HCT116 p53+/+) and the corresponding p53-null isogenic derivative cells (HCT116 p53-/-), as well as in several cancer cell lines with different p53 status. The most promising molecules were also evaluated in vivo.

**Keywords:** cancer; MDMs; oxazoloisindolinone; p53; tryptophanol.



# Cancer and p53



- Cardiovascular
- Cancer
- Pulmonary
- Diabetes
- Others



18.1 million  
new cases

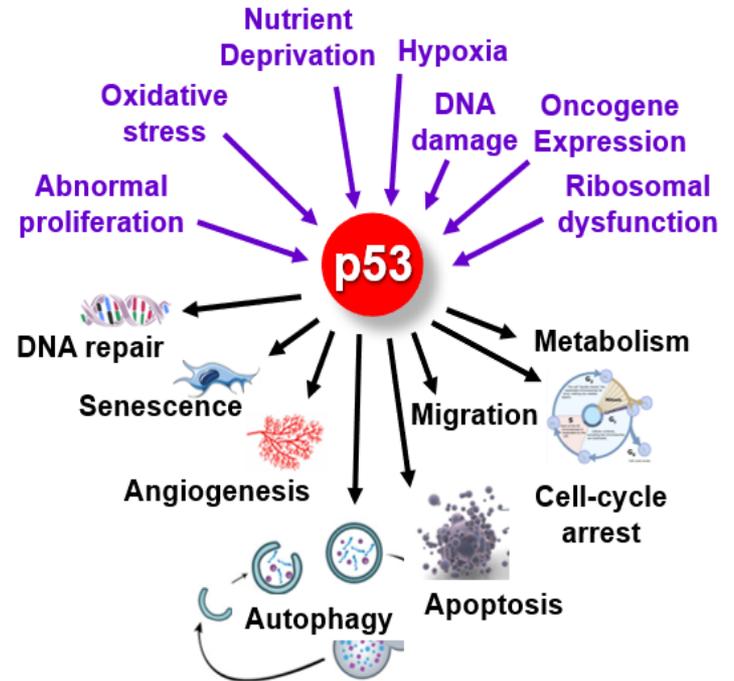


9.6  
million  
cases

World Health Organization, September 2018

**Second Leading Cause of Death**

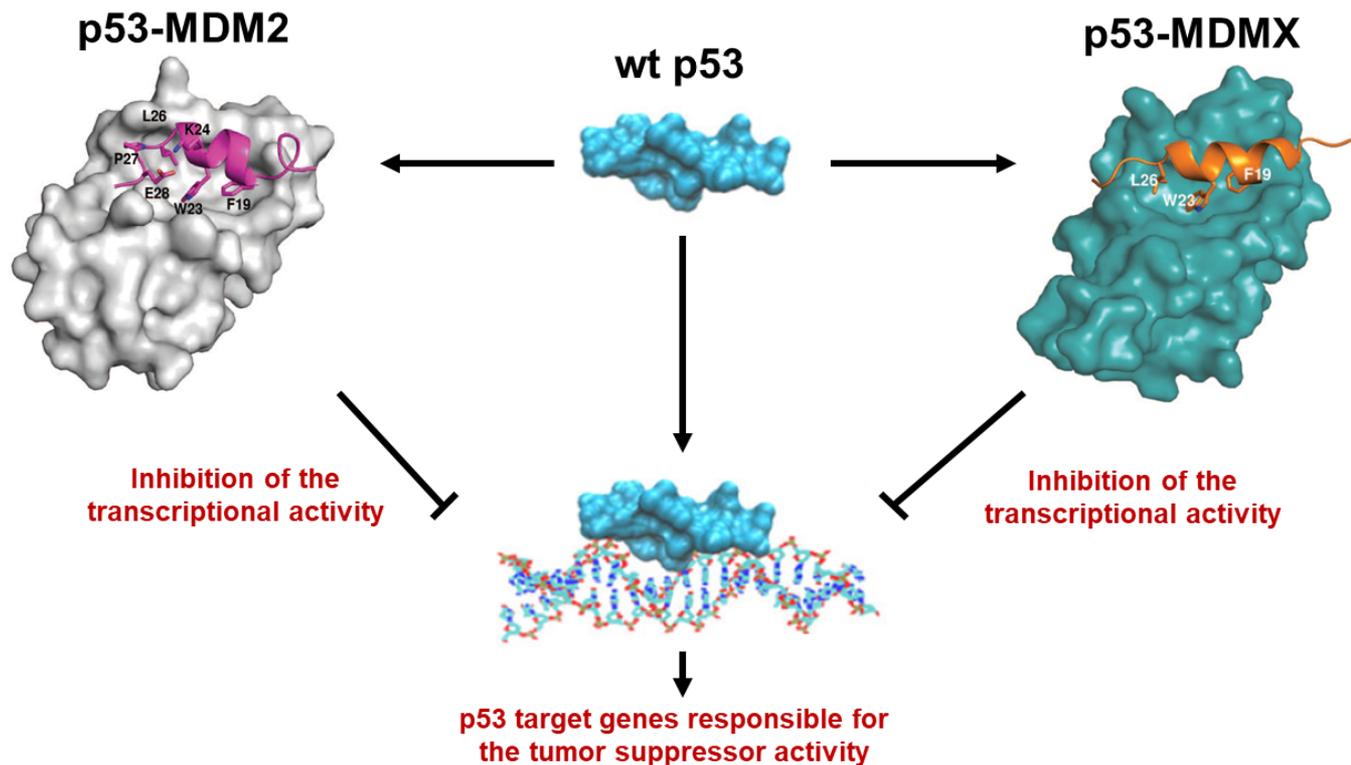
**Functional inactivation of the p53 pathway is observed in most human tumors**



When DNA repair is not accessible, p53 orchestrates the induction of cell death by acting as a **tumor suppressor protein**



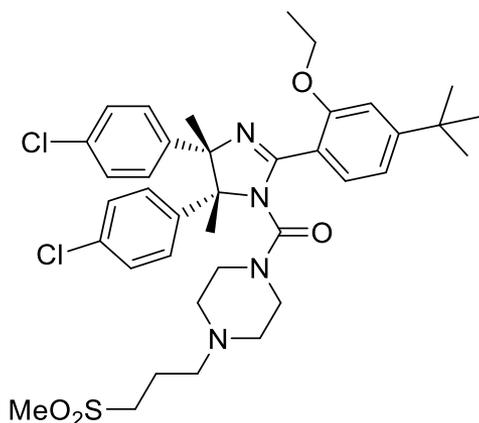
# p53 Inactivation



In 50% of cases the tumor suppressor function of p53 is inactivated by mutation or deletion of its gene. In the remainder the pathway is inactivated by reversible inhibition

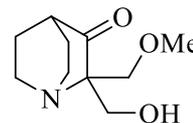


# p53 activators and clinical trials



RG7112 (Hoffmann-La Roche)

First p53-MDM2 interaction inhibitor  
to enter **Clinical trials**



APR-246 (Aprea)

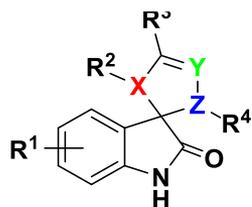
First compound targeting mutant p53  
to enter **Clinical trials**

*Curr. Top. Med. Chem.* **2018**, 18, 647; *Curr. Med. Chem.* **2019**, 26, 1



# Our contribution to the p53 field

## Chemical library design and synthesis of novel scaffolds of p53 activators

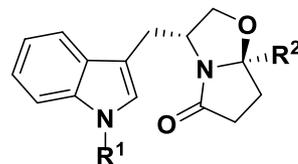


**Spirooxindoles**

MedChemComm, **2016**, 7, 420  
Eur J Med Chem, **2017**, 140, 494  
Frontiers in Chemistry **2019**



ECMC presentation of **E. Lopes**:  
Enhancing anticancer activity of  
spiropyrazoline oxindoles by  
disrupting p53-MDMs PPIs

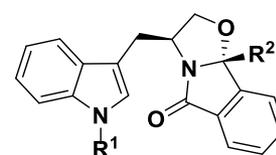


**Oxazolopyrrolidones**

British. J. Pharmacol., **2018**, 175, 3947



ECMC presentation of **L. Raimundo**:  
Improving colon cancer therapy  
with a new promising small-  
molecule activator of the p53-  
pathway through disruption of p53-  
MDM2/MDMX interactions

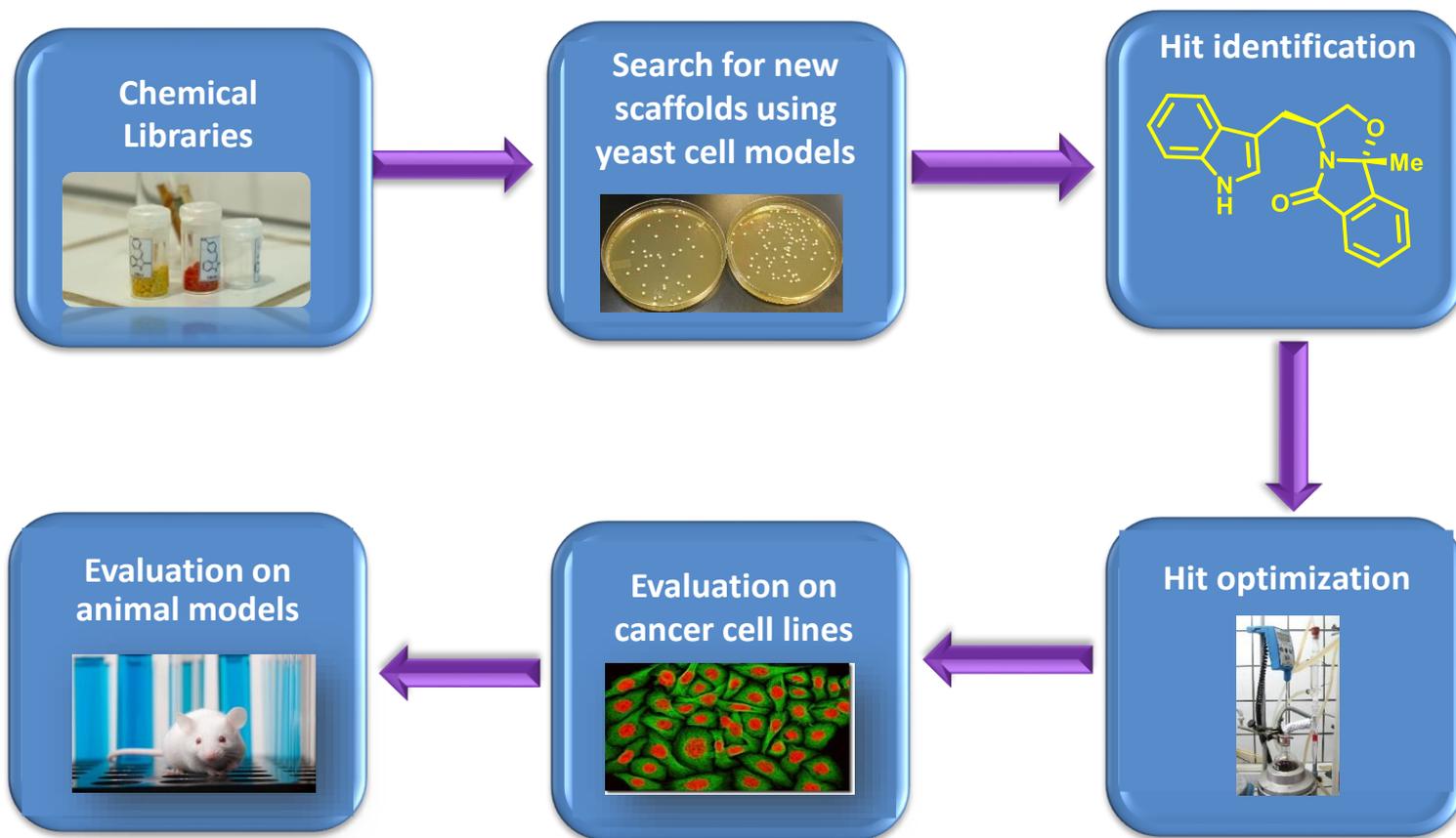


**Oxazolosindolinones**

Oncotarget, **2016**, 7, 4326  
Molecular Oncology **2017**, 11, 612  
Cancers **2019**, 11, 1151

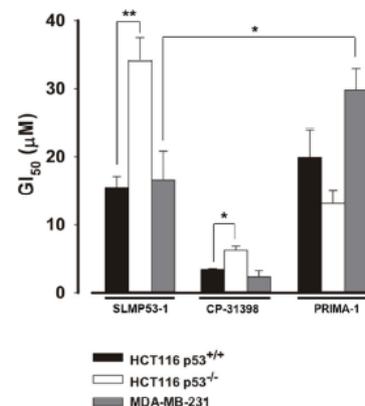
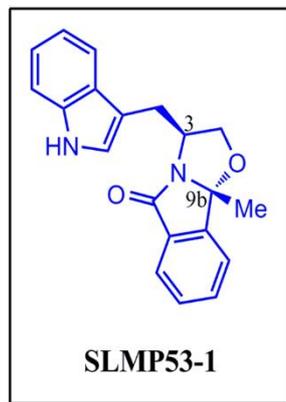


# Searching for p53 activators



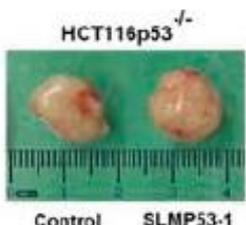
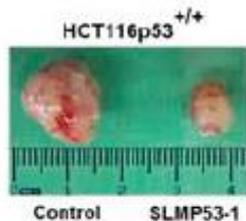
# Hit identification

Yeast target-directed  
Screening assay



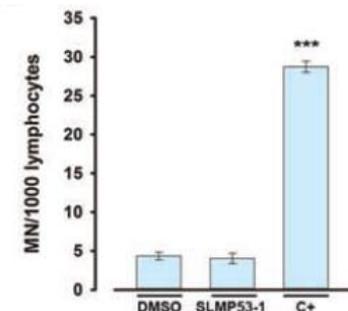
reactivator of wt p53  
and mut p53R280K

Oncotarget, Vol. 7, No. 4

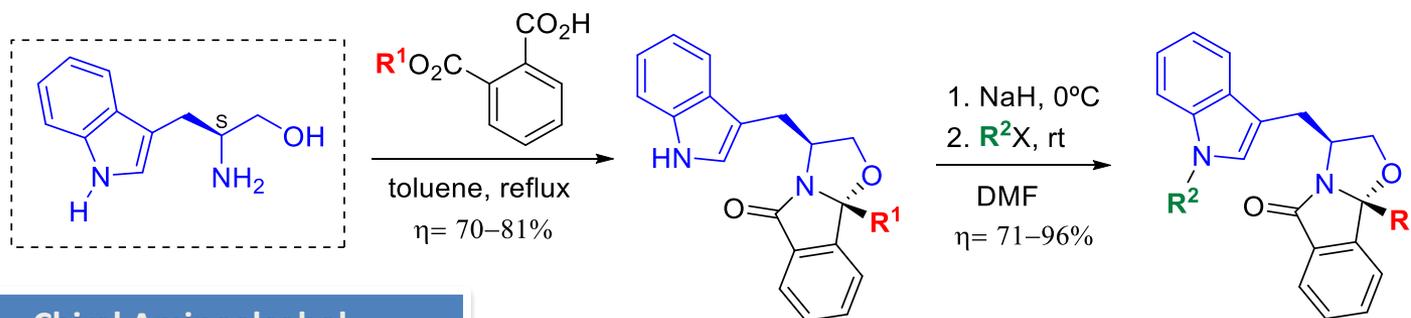
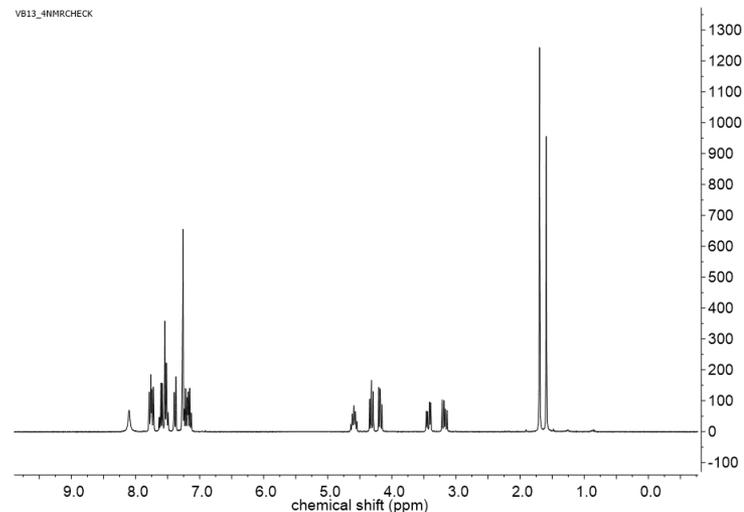
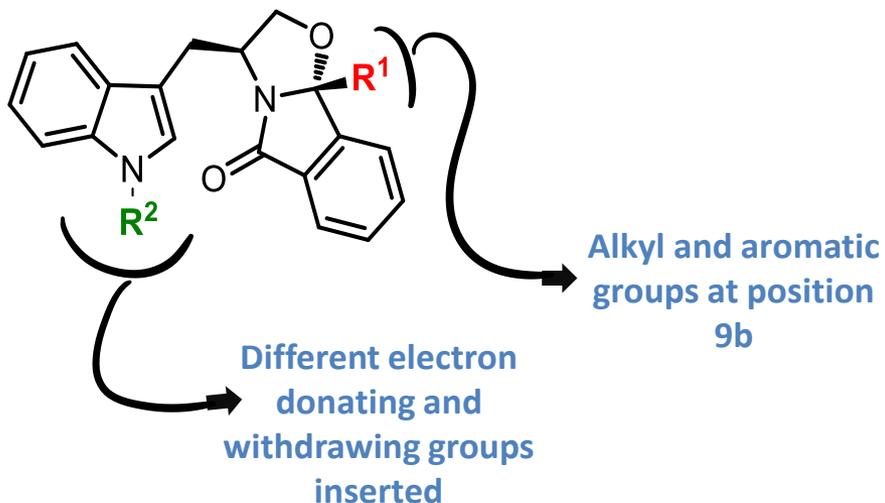


- Selective for HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup> and MDA-MB-231 cells
- induces cell cycle arrest in HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup> and MDA-MB-231 cells
- induces apoptosis in HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup> and MDA-MB-231 cells
- Not cytotoxic against wt p53-expressing normal MCF-10A cells
- Increased expression levels of several p53 target genes
- Has potent in vivo antitumor activity

potently suppresses the growth of wt/mut p53-expressing  
tumours, but not of p53-null tumours, in xenograft mice  
models



# Synthesis of chemical library



Chiral Aminoalcohol  
Source of chirality

34 compounds; both enantiomers

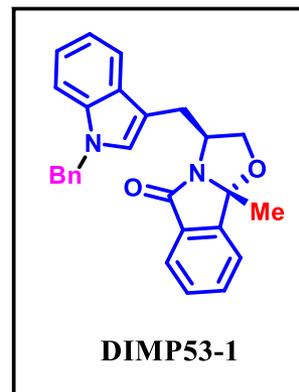
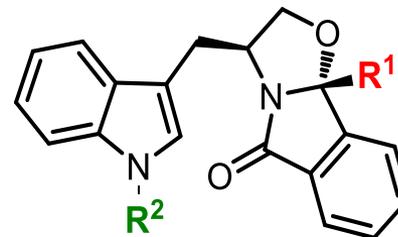


# Structure-activity relationship studies

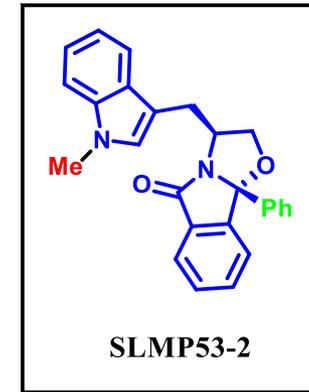
34 compounds evaluated in HCT116 cells

2 compounds with  
 $GI_{50}$  lower than SLMP53.1 in HCT 116  
p53<sup>(+/+)</sup> (15.5  $\mu$ M)  
selective for p53

(S)-Tryptophan-derived compounds are more active  
than the corresponding enantiomers



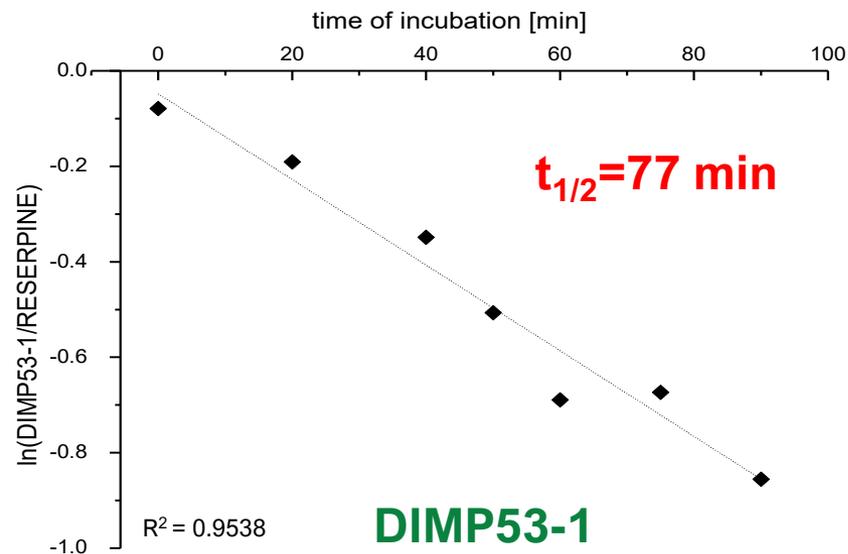
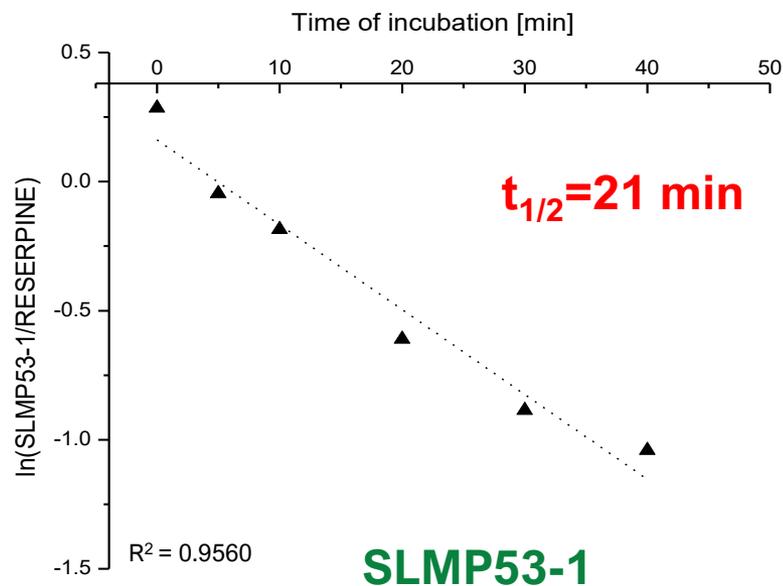
$GI_{50}$  HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup> = 7.4  $\mu$ M  
 $GI_{50}$  HCT116 p53<sup>-/-</sup> = 17.3  $\mu$ M



$GI_{50}$  HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup> = 8.4  $\mu$ M  
 $GI_{50}$  HCT116 p53<sup>-/-</sup> = 17.7  $\mu$ M



# Stability Studies in human microsomes

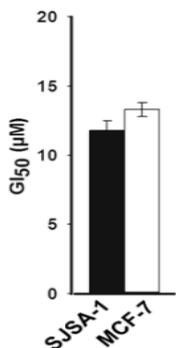


The  $t_{1/2}$  of DIMP53-1 increased compared to the hit compound SLMP53.1

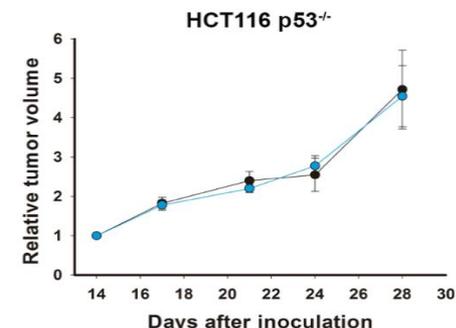
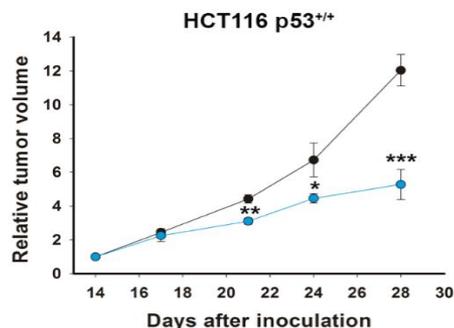
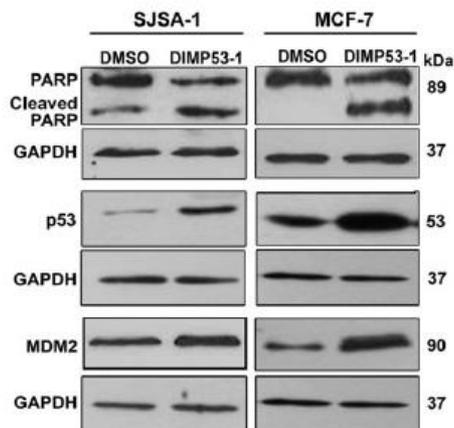
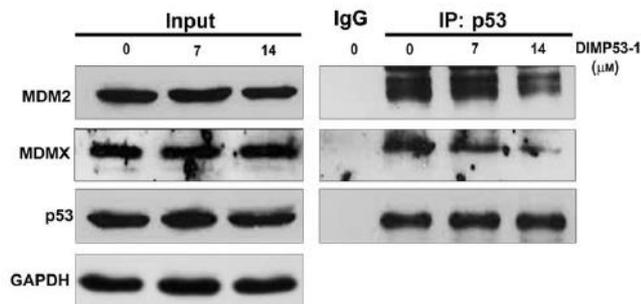
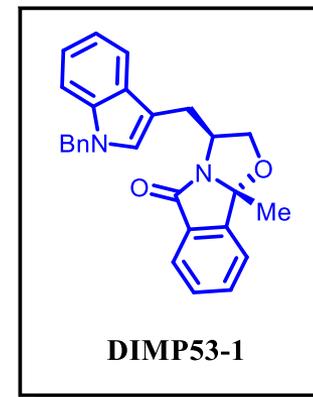


# DIMP53-1 blocks the p53-MDM2/X PPIs

Molecular Oncology 2017, 11, 6, 612



- induces cell cycle arrest in HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup>, SJSA-1 and MCF-7 cells
- induces apoptosis in HCT116 p53<sup>+/+</sup>, SJSA-1 and MCF-7 cells
- Increased expression levels of several p53 target genes

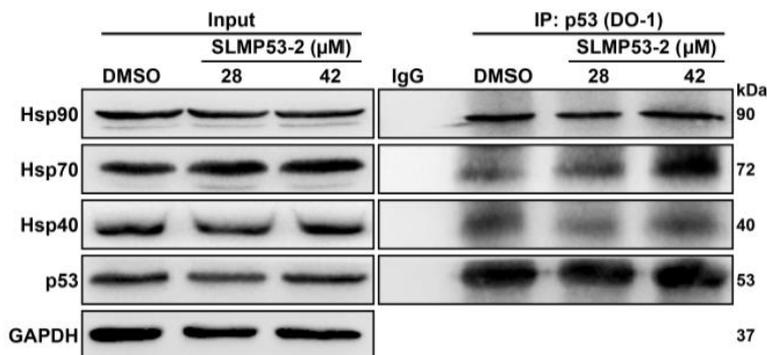
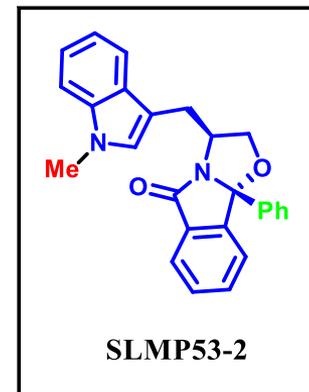
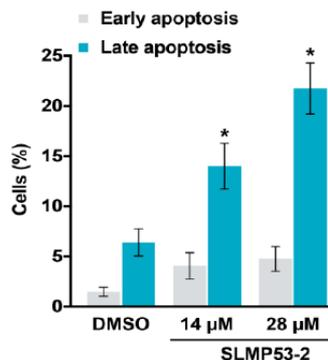
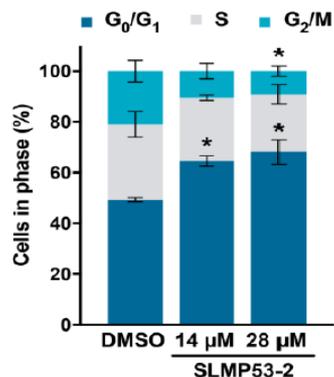
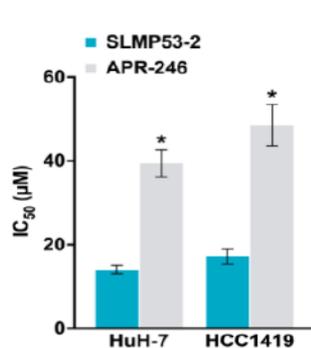


● Control ● DIMP53-1



# Restores wt-like function to mutp53-Y220C

- Leads to growth inhibition of mutp53-Y220C-expressing HCC cells
- Induces cell cycle arrest and apoptosis in HuH-7 cells

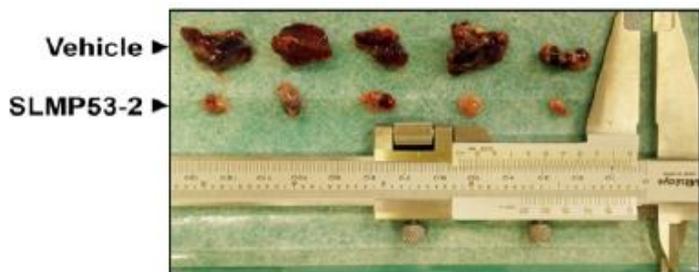


Restores wild-type-like conformation and DNA-binding ability of mutp53-Y220C leading to the reestablishment of p53 transcriptional activity

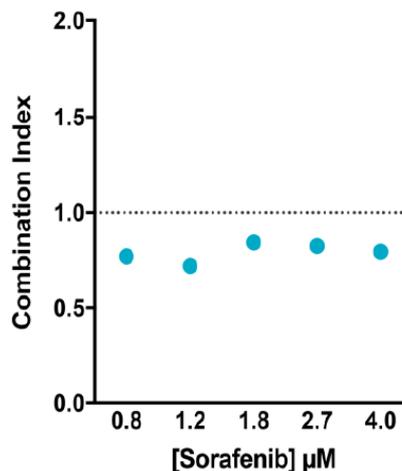
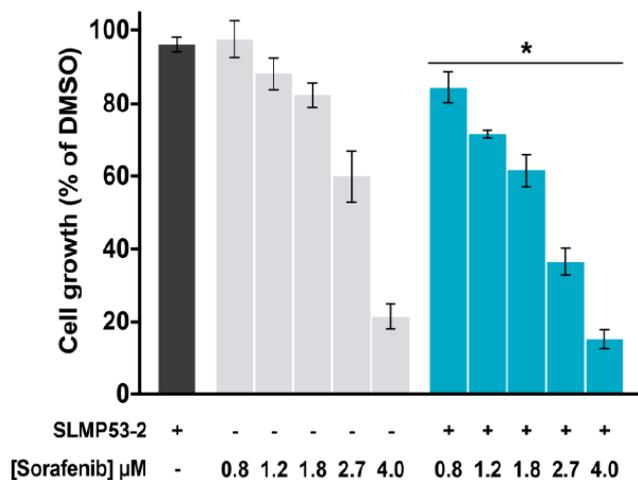
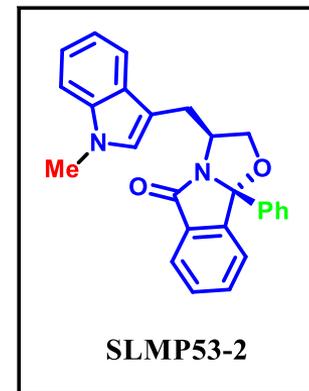
*Cancers* **2019**, *11*, 1151



# Potent antitumor activity



Potent antitumor activity in human HCC xenograft mice models

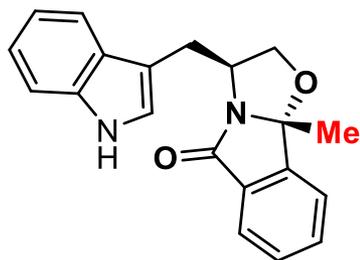


Has synergistic effect with sorafenib

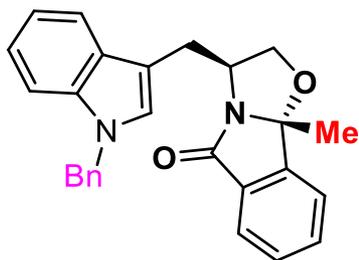
*Cancers* **2019**, *11*, 1151



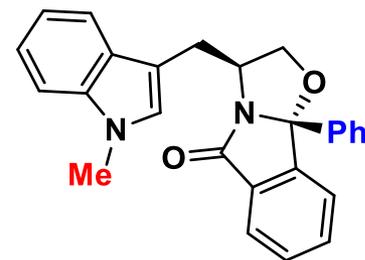
# Conclusions



reactivator of wt p53  
and mut p53R280K



p53-MDM2/X  
interactions dual inhibitor



reactivator of  
mut p53Y220C

- ✓ Together, the results obtained in HCT116 tumor cells indicate that tryptophan-derived oxazoloisoindolinones **reactivate p53**, subsequently increasing the expression levels of p53 target genes
- ✓ These compounds represent promising lead structures for the development of novel antitumor agents.



# Acknowledgments

## **ULisboa, Lisboa**

Valentina Barcherini  
Margarida Espadinha  
Elizabeth Lopes  
Nuno Pereira  
Ângelo Monteiro  
Daniel Santos  
Alexandra Antunes

## **i3S, Porto**

João Brás  
Maria Almeida

## **CIBIO, Trento**

Alberto Inga  
Bartolomeo Bosco

## **MRC, Cambridge**

Matthias Bauer  
Alan R. Fersht

## **REQUIMTE, Porto**

Lucília Saraiva  
Sara Gomes  
Joana Soares  
Liliana Raimundo  
Joana Loureiro  
Helena Ramos

## **IBILI, Coimbra**

Célia Gomes  
Flávio Reis

## **CEB, Braga**

Lucília Domingues  
Carla Oliveira



### **Projects and grants:**

PTDC/DTP-FTO/1981/2014; PTDC/QUI-QOR/29664/2017; UID/DTP/04138/2019; UID/QUI/00100/2019; UID/QUI/50006/2019; CEECIND/02001/2017 (A. M. M. Antunes); CEECIND/01772/2017 (M. M. M. Santos); PD/BD/143126/2019 (V. Barcherini); SFRH/BD/96189/2013 (S. Gomes); SFRH/BD/117931/2016 (M. Espadinha)





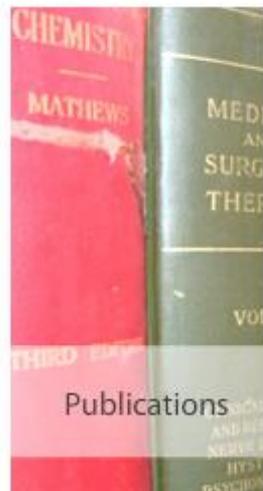
Research



Biography



People



Publications



Contacts



e-mail: [mariasantos@ff.ulisboa.pt](mailto:mariasantos@ff.ulisboa.pt)  
**webpage:** [www.ff.ul.pt/~mariasantos](http://www.ff.ul.pt/~mariasantos)  
**twitter:** @SantosMMM\_MChem



5th International Electronic Conference  
on Medicinal Chemistry  
1-30 November 2019

sponsors:



pharmaceuticals

