

**Foods
2020**

The 1st International Electronic Conference on Food Science and Functional Foods

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A greener and fast approach for determination of phenolic compounds by smartphone-based colorimetry

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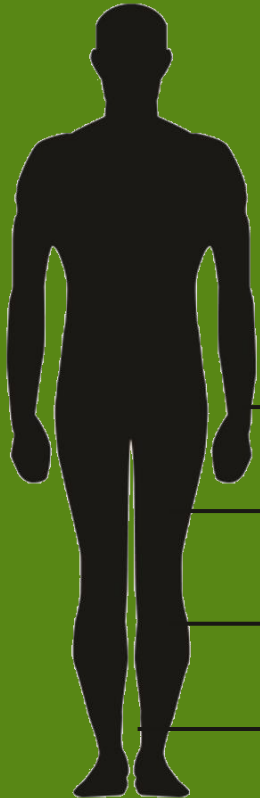


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Phenolic compounds



- Are secondary metabolites produced by plants in response to ultraviolet-light, water stress and attack by pests, like insects, viruses, and bacteria.
- These compounds have been investigated due to their benefits to human health, such as:

Antioxidants properties

Cardioprotective and anti-inflammatory properties

Antimicrobial property

Carcinogenesis inhibitor

- Regular consumption of fruit, vegetables and plant-based beverages.

Phenolic compounds

Acerola (*Malpighia emarginata* D.C)

- Tropical and subtropical climate fruit
- High ascorbic acid and bioactive molecules content

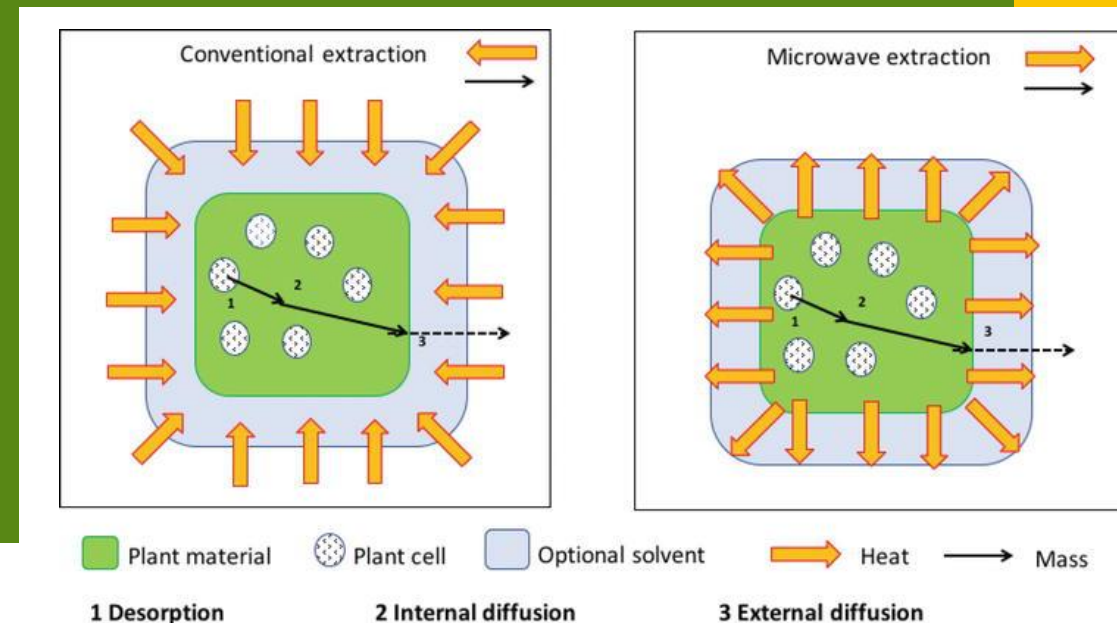


**Potential substitute for
synthetic antioxidants**

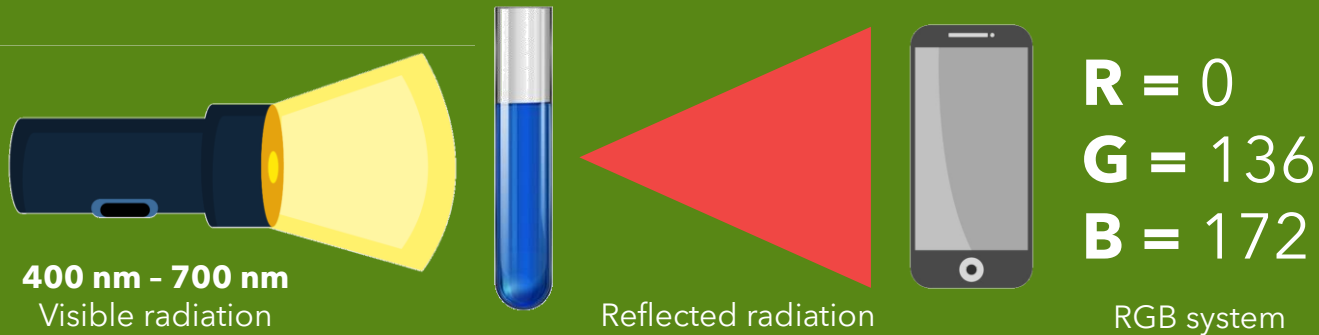


Microwave-assisted extraction

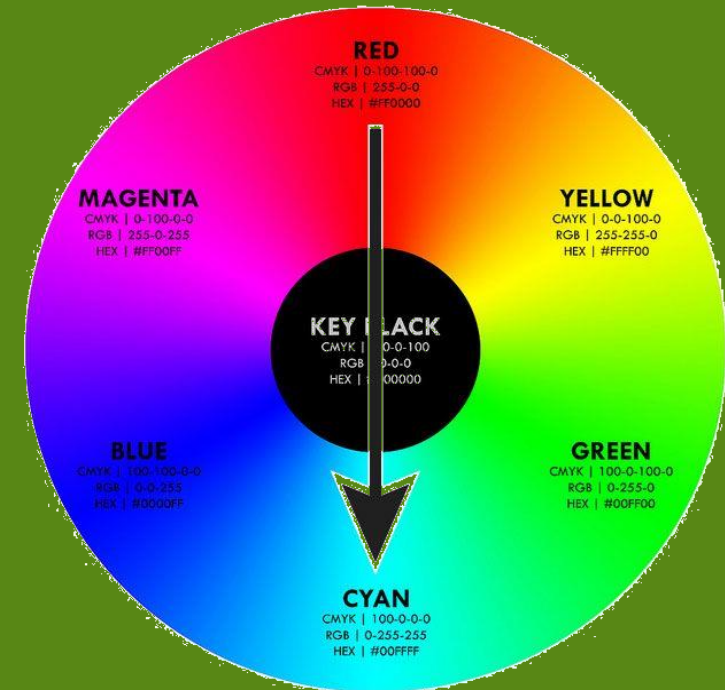
- Fast heating produced by non-ionizing electromagnetic waves (300 MHz to 300 GHz)
- HEATING MECHANISM: **Dipolar rotation** and **ionic conduction** occur due to alternating electric field (2,45 GHz)
- High pressure inside the cell causes the disruption and release of bioactive compounds



Digital image photometry



- The RGB system ranges from 0 to 255
- The reflected radiation is converted in mensurable data from the RGB system
- The channel corresponding to the complementary color of the sample is more attenuated



Materials and Methods



Acerola lyophilized



Microwave oven
(Ethos 1600, Milestone)



Hydroalcoholic
extract



Hydroalcoholic
extract filtered

Smartphone-based photometric detection



Styrofoam box with
LED lamp and
smartphone holder



(48 MP)



Colorgrab app



Spectrophotometer - Femto®



Total phenolic content
(TPC)
(Folin-Ciocalteu reagent)

Results

Real values, coded values, and TPC content in extraction conditions indicated by the Doehlert design

| Experiment | Variables | | | Analytical response ¹ | |
|------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Temperature (°C) | Ethanol concentration (% v/v) | Extraction time (min) | Reference method | Proposed method |
| 1 | 60 (1) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 107 ± 2 | 107 ± 2 |
| 2 | 53 (0.500) | 99 (0.866) | 30 (0) | 101.4 ± 0.8 | 102 ± 2 |
| 3 | 53 (0.500) | 66 (0.289) | 50 (0.817) | 106 ± 2 | 107 ± 3 |
| 4 | 30 (-1) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 131 ± 1 | 131.1 ± 0.8 |
| 5 | 38 (-0.500) | 0 (-0.866) | 30 (0) | 76.5 ± 0.9 | 77 ± 2 |
| 6 | 38 (-0.500) | 33 (-0.289) | 10 (-0.817) | 121.3 ± 0.9 | 124 ± 4 |
| 7 | 53(0.500) | 0 (-0.866) | 30 (0) | 79 ± 2 | 78 ± 1 |
| 8 | 53 (0.500) | 33 (-0.289) | 10 (-0.817) | 129 ± 2 | 132 ± 1 |
| 9 | 38 (-0.500) | 99 (0.866) | 30 (0) | 124.4 ± 0.9 | 126.3 ± 0.8 |
| 10 | 45 (0) | 83 (0.577) | 10 (-0.817) | 114.6 ± 0.6 | 119.0 ± 0.8 |
| 11 | 38 (-0.500) | 66 (0.289) | 50 (0.817) | 145.0 ± 0.7 | 146 ± 4 |
| 12 | 45 (0) | 17 (-0.577) | 50 (0.817) | 120 ± 5 | 120 ± 5 |
| 13 (CP) | 45 (0) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 122 | 123 |
| 14 (CP) | 45 (0) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 113 | 113 |
| 15 (CP) | 45 (0) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 120 | 116 |
| 16 (CP) | 45 (0) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 126 | 124 |
| 17 (CP) | 45 (0) | 50 (0) | 30 (0) | 113 | 116 |

The experiment n. 11 presented the highest efficient of extraction

Extraction by convective heating (extraction with 14.5% (v/v) ethanol, at 55.6 °C for 50 min)

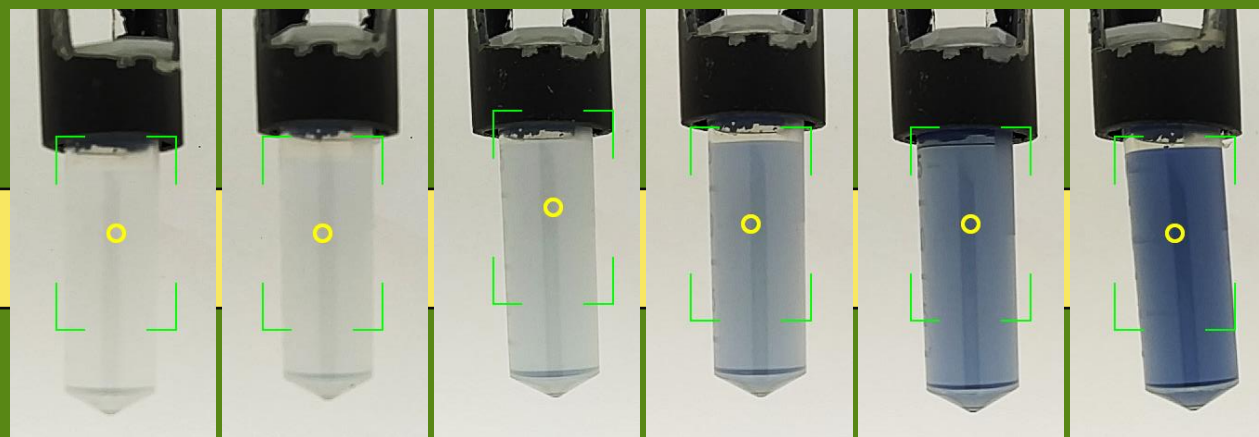
↓ Temperature ↑ TPC

Results

LOD = $3 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$
LOQ = $10 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$

Volume per analysis
1 mL

↑ Channel R



Blank
solution

Concentration of gallic acid ($\mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$)

↓ Channel R

Conclusion

- More efficient extraction achieved by microwave-assisted extraction
- The smartphone-based detection presented an efficient, cost-effective, simple, and fast approach to determine the total phenolic content in acerola extracts
- Minimization of reagent consumption and waste generation (Green Chemistry)
- **Next steps:** determination of the phenolic profile using HPLC

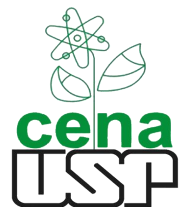
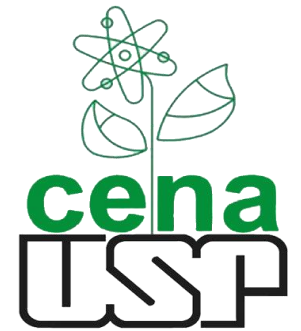
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