

# Sustained GDNF delivery via PLGA nanoparticles

Pablo Vicente Torres-Ortega<sup>1,2</sup>, Cristian Smerdou<sup>2,3</sup>, Elisa Garbayo<sup>1,2</sup>, María J. Blanco Prieto<sup>1,2\*</sup>

1 Department of Pharmaceutical Technology and Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy and Nutrition, Universidad de Navarra, C/ Irunlarrea 1, 31008 Pamplona, Spain

2 Navarra Institute for Health Research, IdiSNA, C/ Irunlarrea 3, 31008 Pamplona, Spain

3 Division of Gene Therapy, School of Medicine, Center for Applied Medical Research (CIMA), University of Navarra, Av. Pío XII 55, 31008 Pamplona, Spain



## INTRODUCTION

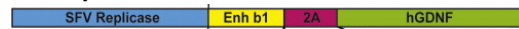
Glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF) is a protein with remarkable trophic actions on dopaminergic neurons which is under investigation for Parkinson's disease (PD) therapy<sup>1,2</sup>. It is a highly glycosylated biopharmaceutical in which the composition of attached glycans potentially influences drug efficacy and immunogenicity<sup>2</sup>. Hence, the use of recombinant GDNF from mammalian cells is essential to avoid safety issues<sup>2</sup>. Moreover, although several approaches to deliver this protein to the brain have been described<sup>3</sup>, a promising strategy would be the use of nanoparticles (NPs) containing GDNF in the dopamine-depleted brain areas.

The objective of this work is to develop and characterize biodegradable NPs loaded with recombinant GDNF produced in mammalian cells for brain tissue engineering.

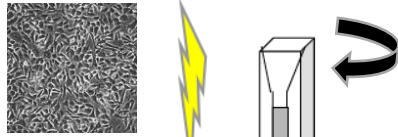
## RESULTS

### hGDNF expression and purification

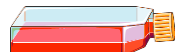
#### A) hGDNF expression in BHK cells



BHK-21 cells



Electroporation



Centrifugation and filtration

#### B) hGDNF purification

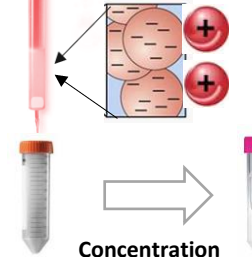
Cation exchange chromatography

WB analysis

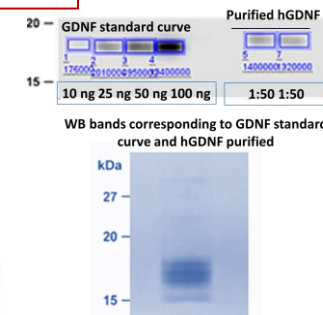
Fast Flow resin

Protein mixture

GDNF



Concentration

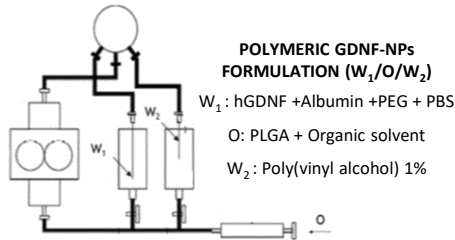


Coomassie Blue staining showed that hGDNF obtained was highly pure

### hGDNF-loaded NPs preparation and characterization

#### A) hGDNF-loaded NPs preparation

hGDNF-NPs were formulated by double emulsion solvent evaporation using One Recirculation Machine (TROMS) Technology



POLYMERIC GDNF-NPs FORMULATION (W<sub>1</sub>/O/W<sub>2</sub>)  
W<sub>1</sub>: hGDNF +Albumin +PEG + PBS  
O: PLGA + Organic solvent  
W<sub>2</sub>: Poly(vinyl alcohol) 1%

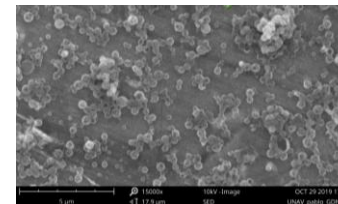
Scheme of TROMS Technology

#### B) NPs characterization

##### B1 Size, PDI and EE

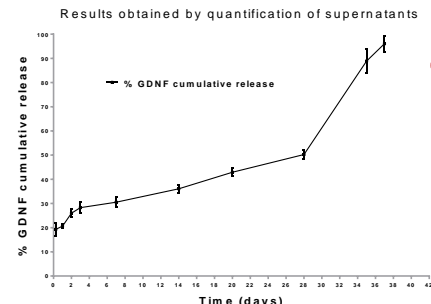
PLGA NPs (n=3)	MEAN SIZE	PDI	EE%
	405.5 ± 2.9 nm	0.08 ± 0.03	61.65 ± 7

##### B2 SEM analysis



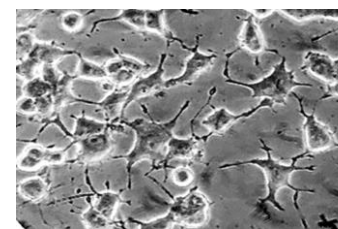
Spherical particles.  
Uniform size distribution of NPs.  
No aggregation.

##### B4 In vitro release study of GDNF from NPs



GDNF released within the first 24 hours was 19.10 ± 3.5%, followed by a phase of sustained-release with 50.6 ± 3.1% of GDNF being released within 28 days.

##### B3 Bioactivity



PC12 cell-based bioassay showed that GDNF remains bioactive after its nanoencapsulation.

### Future perspectives

- A two-component hydrogel based on HA functionalization with adamantane (guest) and β-cyclodextrin (host) will be prepared and characterized.
- GDNF-NPs will be included in the hydrogel for its local brain administration.

## CONCLUSIONS

- GDNF-loaded NPs were successfully prepared by W<sub>1</sub>/O/W<sub>2</sub> emulsion/extraction process using TROMS technology with a high drug entrapment efficiency.
- The developed nanosystem has great potential for brain tissue engineering applications.

## REFERENCES

- E. Garbayo et al, Effective GDNF brain delivery using microspheres-A promising strategy for Parkinson's disease.
- R.A. Barker et al, GDNF and Parkinson's Disease: Where Next? A Summary from a Recent Workshop.
- P.V. Torres-Ortega et al, Micro- and nanotechnology approaches to improve Parkinson's disease therapy.
- E. Ansorena et al. A simple and efficient method for the production of human glycosylated glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor using a Semliki Forest virus expression system.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This work was supported by the Spanish Ministry of Education (program FPU (FPU17/01212)) and Government of Navarra (2019\_66\_NAB9). E. Garbayo is supported by a "Ramon y Cajal Fellowship (RYC2018-025897-I).