



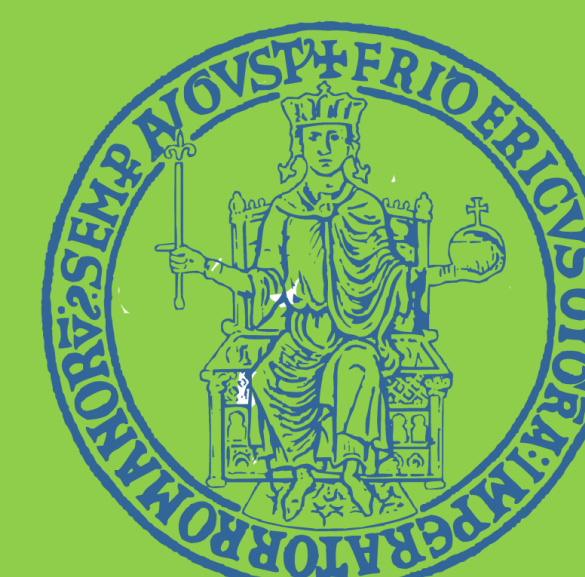
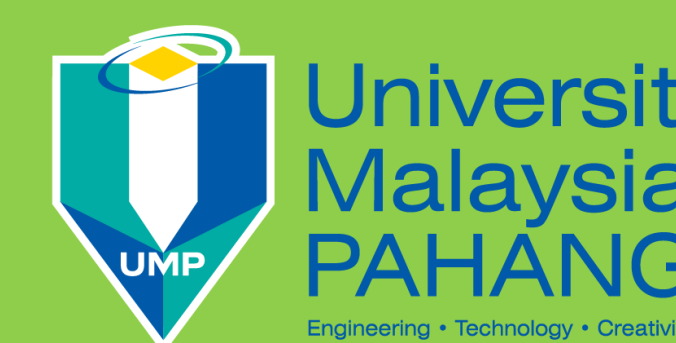
## Antibiofilm activity of *Andrographis paniculata*, Andrographolide and its derivatives: A Systematic Review

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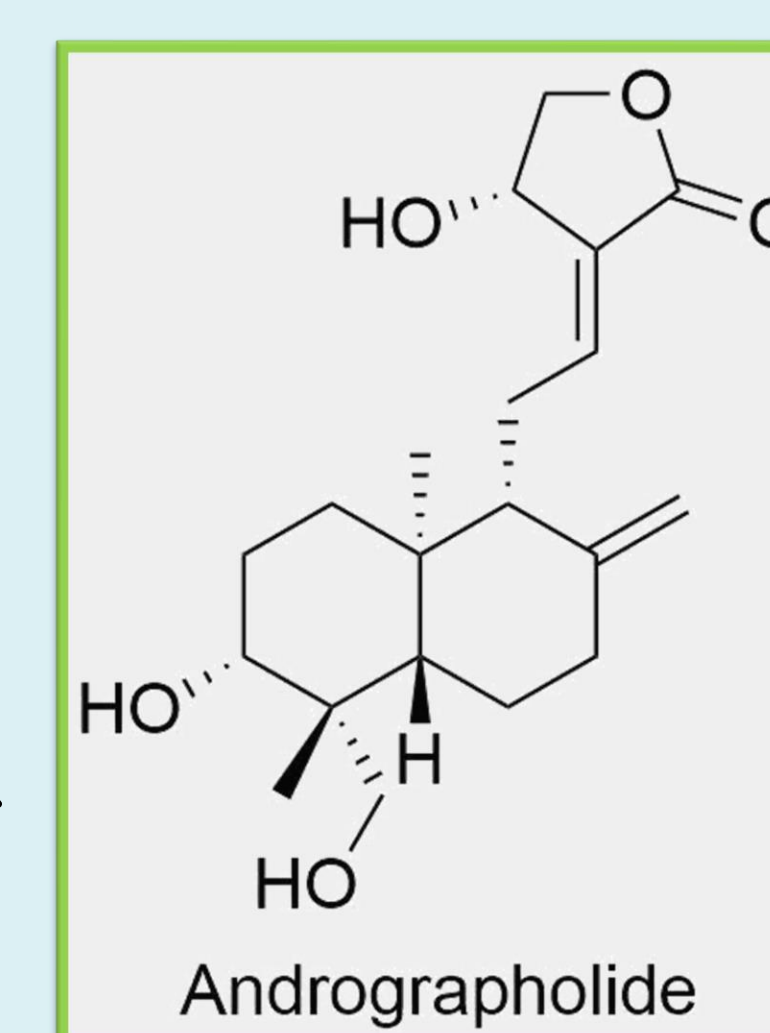
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### BACKGROUND



Biofilms exist naturally and contribute to antibiotic resistance significantly, making conventional treatments like antibiotics, phage therapy, quorum sensing (QS) inhibitors, and monoclonal antibody therapy inadequate to treat biofilm-associated diseases [1]. Therefore, finding alternative treatment is urgent to eradicate biofilms. *Andrographis paniculata* (Burm. f.) Wall. ex Nees (AP) is a well-known traditional herb for demonstrating diverse pharmacological actions, including antibiofilm properties [2]. Andrographolide, a secondary lead metabolite of AP, and its derivatives or analogues significantly inhibit biofilm formation [3]. Despite having a sizeable list of antibacterial actions, there is no attempt to establish AP's mechanisms of actions in combatting biofilms through comprehensive analysis using the documented literature.



### OBJECTIVE

To discuss AP's antibiofilm activity by considering various contributing factors that involved in the molecular pathway of eradication of biofilms.

### METHODOLOGY

This study was conducted using the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA) guidelines and synthesized the studies conducted from 2011 to 2020 in English language only.

### RESULTS

A total of 125 articles were obtained from the search, and antibiofilm characteristics data were extracted from 23 articles and pooled together. We revealed a total of ten biofilm-forming species as following:

- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (11)    | 6. <i>Serratia marcescens</i> (1)    |
| 2. <i>Escherichia coli</i> (4)           | 7. <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (1) |
| 3. <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> (2) | 8. <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> (1)  |
| 4. <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (1)      | 9. <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> (1)  |
| 5. <i>Vibrio harveyi</i> (1)             | 10. <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> (1).     |

The biofilms were significantly inhibited by AP and its secondary metabolites up to 97% inhibition [4].

### DISCUSSION

AP or metabolites significantly disrupt the QS system, especially *Las* and *Rhl* systems, resulted in a significant reduction of extracellular polymeric substances and virulence factors. They decreased the expression of biofilm-forming genes as well. Additionally, AP showed synergistic activity with silver nanoparticles or standard antibiotics like gentamicin and azithromycin [5].

### CONCLUSIONS

In our opinion, AP or andrographolide is a great example of an antibiofilm agent and is a strong candidate for future therapeutics to combat the unmet needs of virulence factor production, biofilm formation and antibiotic resistance.

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