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WFMFSP ULDYSUJLYRSPRG

 algorithms



New explicit asymmetric hopscotch methods for the heat conduction equation

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Abstract: This study aims at constructing new and effective fully explicit numerical schemes for solving the heat conduction equation. We use fractional time steps for the odd cells in the well-known odd-even hopscotch structure and fill it with several different formulas to obtain a large number of algorithm-combinations. We generate random parameters in a highly inhomogeneous spatial distribution to set up discretized systems with various stiffness ratios and systematically test these new methods by solving these systems. The best six algorithms were tested against some conventional methods in case of large systems. The results showed that they are accurate, stable and of the second order algorithms.

Keywords: odd-even hopscotch methods; heat equation; explicit time-integration; stiff equations; unconditional stability

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Description of the method



Numerical experiments



Supplementary Materials

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Description of the method

- Unlike original Hopscotch, we used ten different formulas
- The first formula is derived from CNe method [1]:

$$u_i^{n+1} = u_i^n e^{-2r} + \left(\frac{u_{i+1}^n + u_{i-1}^n}{2} \right) (1 - e^{-2r})$$

- The other nine formulas are derived from Theta method [2]:

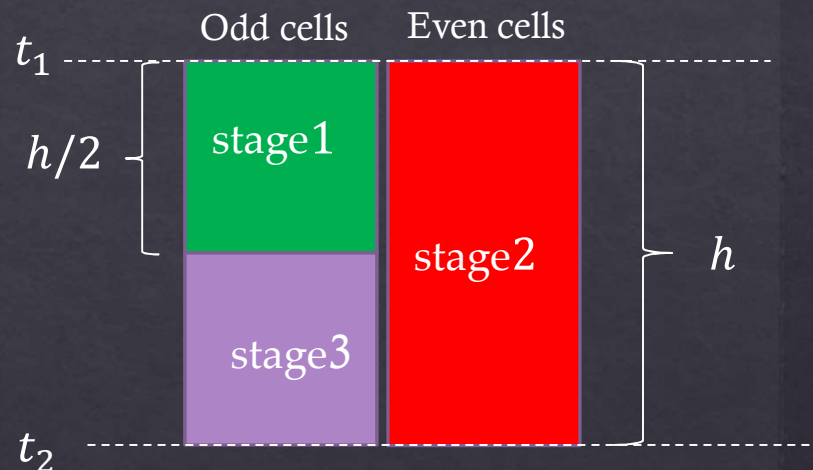
$$u_i^{n+1} = u_i^n + r\theta(u_{i-1}^n - 2u_i^n + u_{i+1}^n) + (1 - \theta)(u_{i-1}^{n+1} - 2u_i^{n+1} + u_{i+1}^{n+1})$$
$$\theta \in \left[0, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, 1 \right]$$

Description of the method

Stages

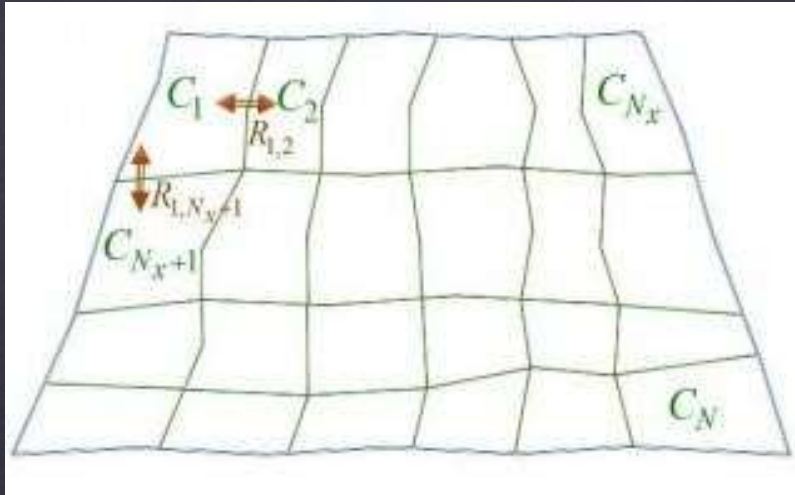
- In each stage , one can use any of the previous 10 formulas
- For the odd cells, we take half time step
- For even cells we take full time step
- We have 1000 possible methods
- We selected the best 6 methods

asymmetric hopscotch structure



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Numerical Experiment



$$c\rho \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \nabla(k\nabla u)$$

- ◇ 2D inhomogeneous system was tested
- ◇ Large system with $N=1000$ cells
- ◇ We considered the following norms when calculating the errors:

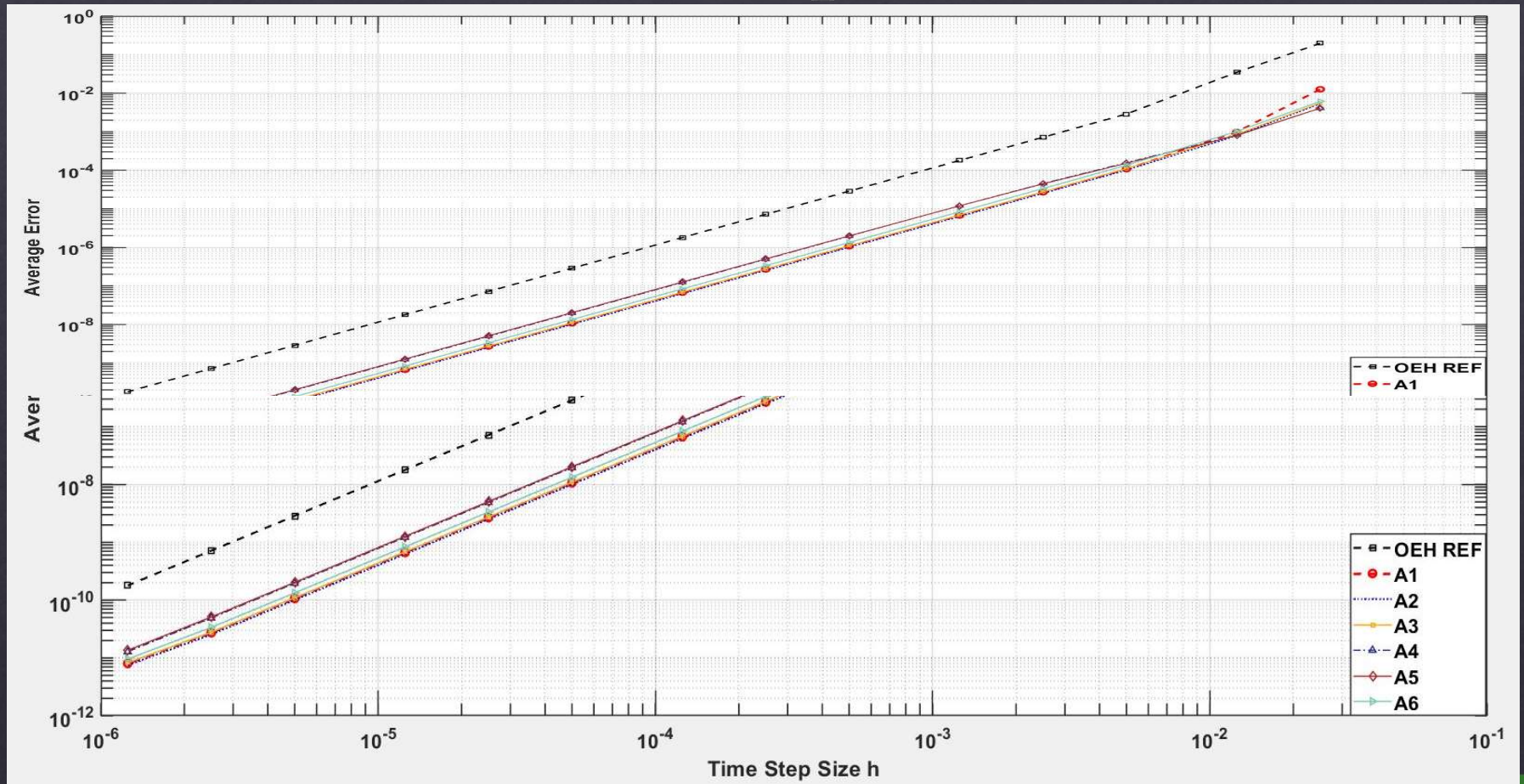
$$Error(Average) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{0 \leq j \leq N} |u_j^{ref}(t_{fin}) - u_j^{num}(t_{fin})|$$

$$Error(Energy) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{0 \leq j \leq N} C_j |u_j^{ref}(t_{fin}) - u_j^{num}(t_{fin})|$$

Top 6 method structures

Method/Stage	Stage 1	Satge 2	Stage 3
A1	$\theta = 0$	$\theta = 1/2$	$\theta = 1$
A2	$\theta = 1/5$	$\theta = 1/2$	$\theta = 4/5$
A3	$\theta = 1/4$	$\theta = 1/2$	$\theta = 3/4$
A4	<i>CNe</i>	$\theta = 1/2$	<i>CNe</i>
A5	<i>CNe</i>	$\theta = 1/2$	$\theta = 1/2$
A6	$\theta = 1/3$	$\theta = 1/2$	$\theta = 2/3$

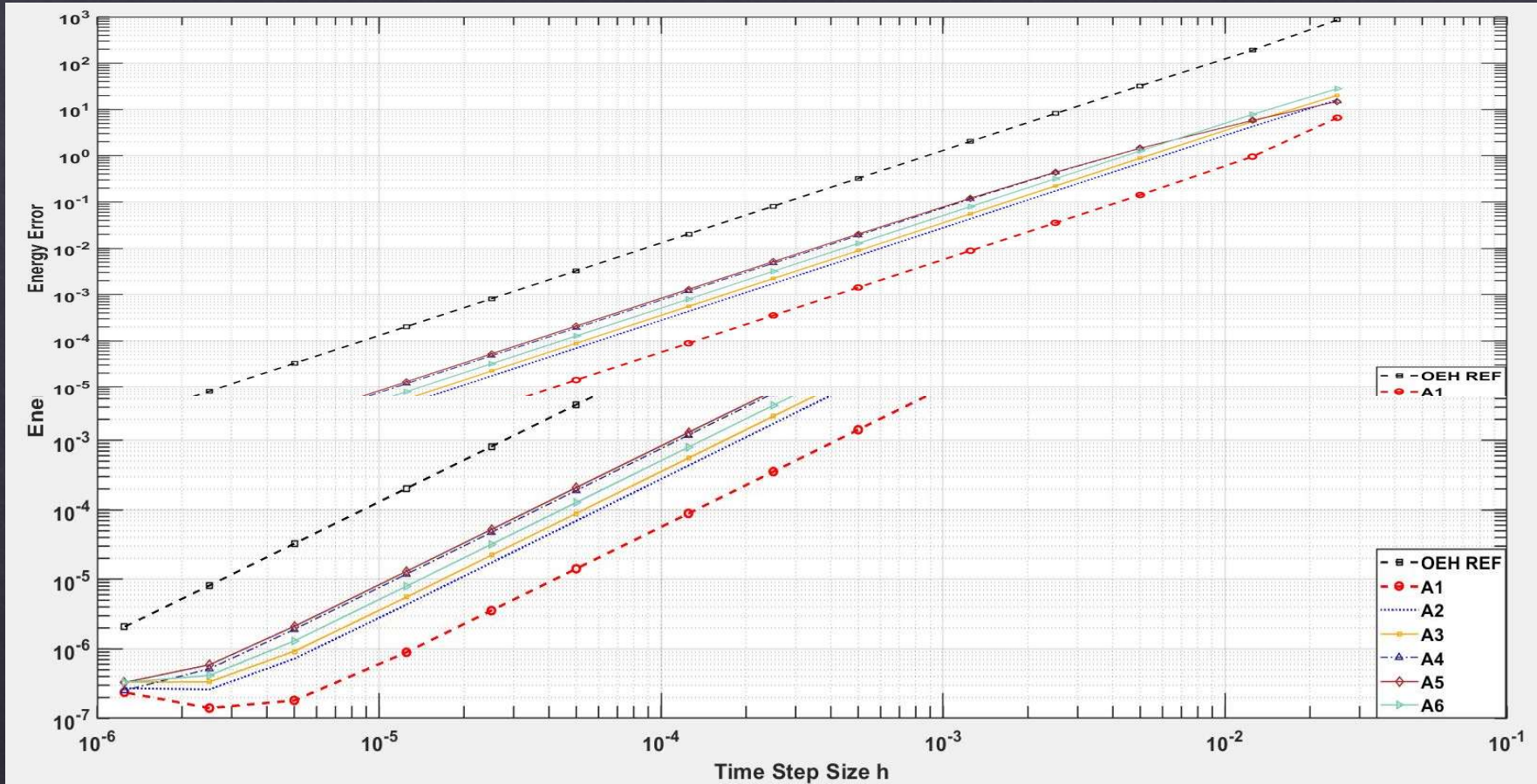
Numerical Experiment I



- ◇ Moderately stiff system was tested
- ◇ Best 6 methods vs original Hopscotch (OEH REF)
- ◇ Second order methods

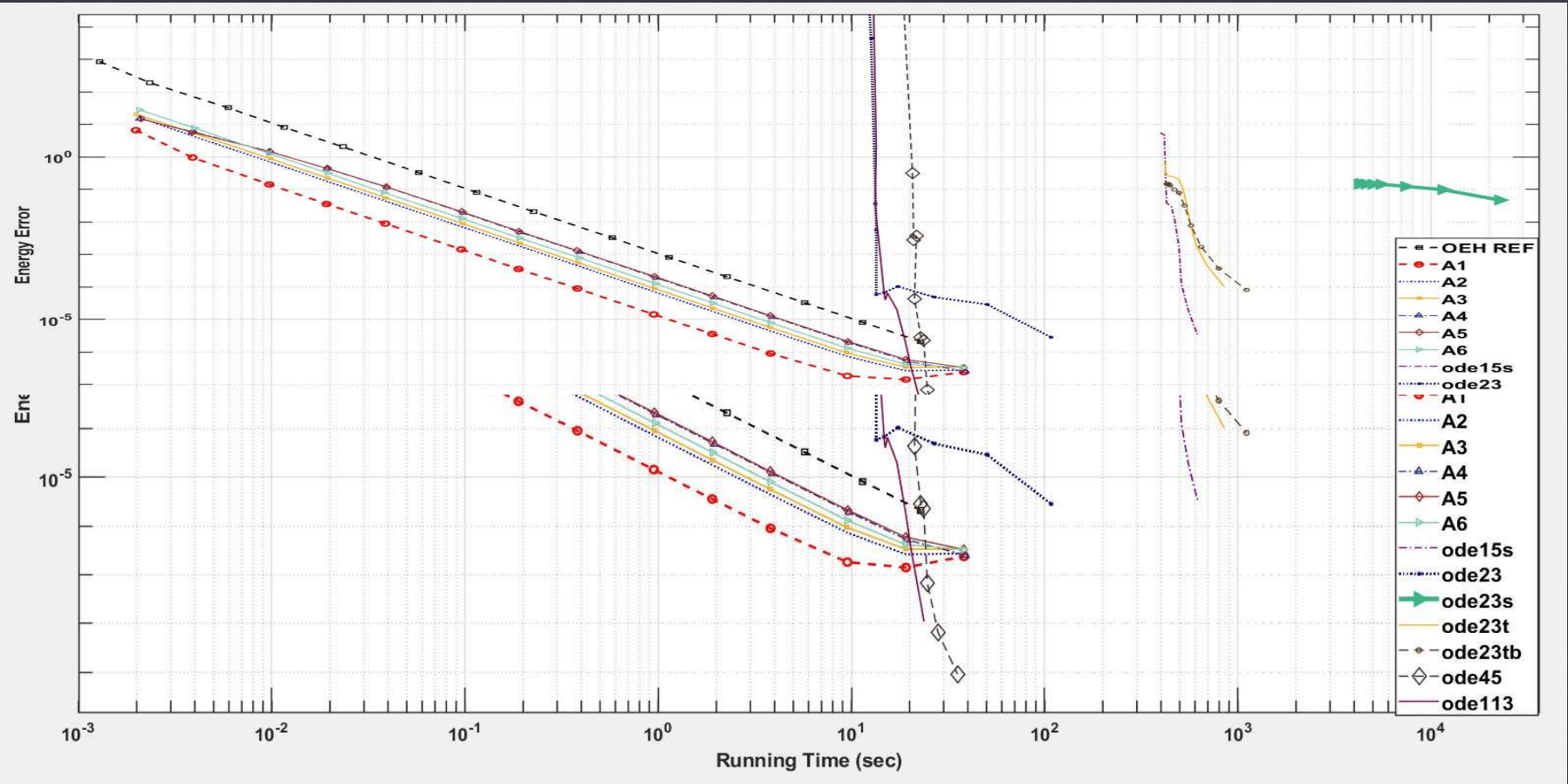
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Numerical Experiment I



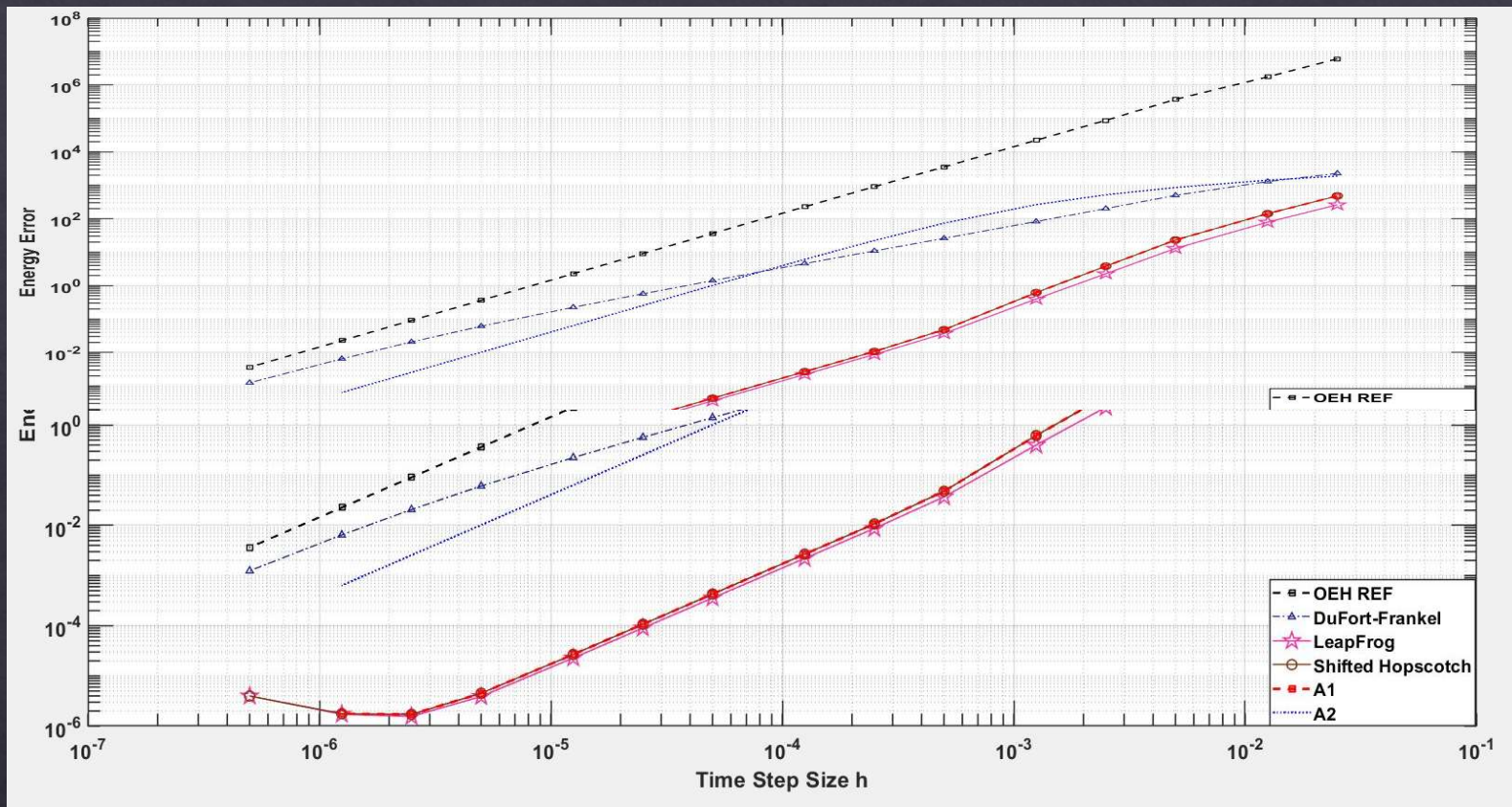
- ◇ More accurate than the original method
- ◇ Unconditionally stable

Numerical Experiment I



- ◇ Faster than the original method
- ◇ Faster than Matlab built-in routines

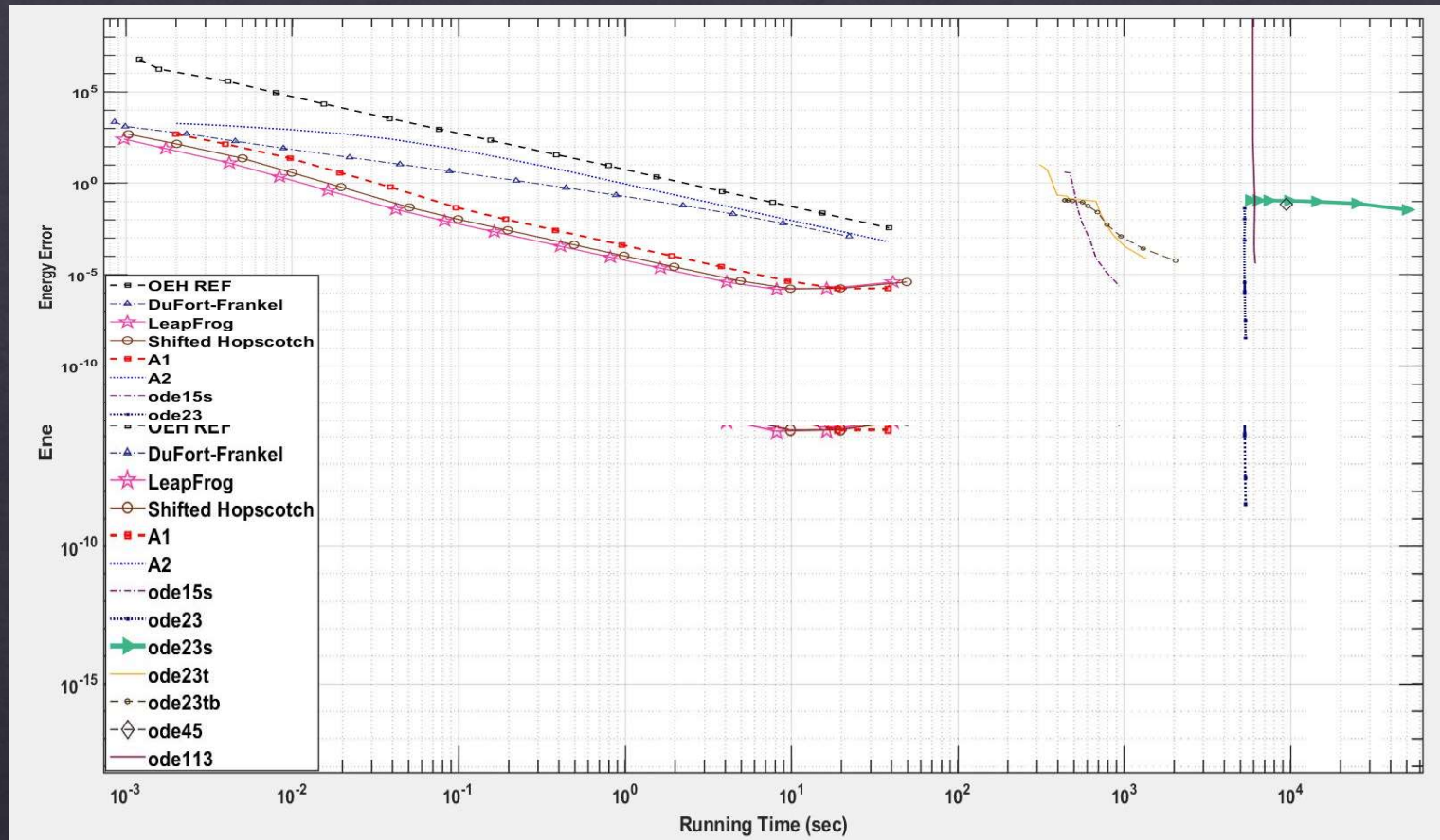
Numerical Experiment II



- ◇ Very stiff system was tested
- ◇ Best 2 methods vs some conventional methods
- ◇ Our previous works, Shifted-Hopscotch and Leapfrog-Hopscotch, were compared

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Numerical Experiment II



- ◇ Faster than the original Hopscotch
- ◇ Faster than Matlab routines

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Thank you for your attention

Supplementary Materials

1. Endre Kovács, New Stable, Explicit, First Order Method to Solve the Heat Conduction Equation, JOURNAL OF COMPUTATIONAL AND APPLIED MECHANICS 15 : 1 pp. 3-13. , 11 p. (2020)
2. Ádám Nagy, Mahmoud Saleh, Issa Omle, Humam Kareem and Endre Kovács, New Stable, Explicit, Shifted-Hopscotch Algorithms for the Heat Equation, Mathematical and Computational Applications 26 : 3 p. 61 (2021)
3. Ádám Nagy, Issa Omle, Humam Kareem, Endre Kovács, Barna IF and Bogнар G, Stable, Explicit, Leapfrog-Hopscotch for the Diffusion Equation, COMPUTATION 9 : 8 Paper: 92 , 25 p. (2021)

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