

Proceedings

The Role of Ceria Supported Copper-Based Nanoparticle Catalysts on Reverse Water-Gas Shift Reaction [†]

Parisa Ebrahimi, Anand Kumar ^{*} and Majeda Khraisheh

Department of Chemical Engineering, Qatar University, Doha, P O Box 2713, Qatar; e-mail@e-mail.com

² Affiliation 2; pe1904870@qu.edu.qa (P.E.); m.khraisheh@qu.edu.qa (M.K.)

^{*} Correspondence: akumar@qu.edu.qa

[†] Presented at the 2nd International Electronic Conference on Catalysis Sciences—A Celebration of *Catalysts* 10th Anniversary, 15–30 October 2021; Available online: <https://eccs2021.sciforum.net/>.

Abstract: The reverse water gas shift (RWGS) reaction is a potential method for converting CO₂ into CO, which can subsequently be employed as a syngas component to make useful chemicals and liquid fuels. The reaction is mildly endothermic and at low temperatures, it competes with an extremely exothermic CO₂ methanation reaction. As a result, designing highly selective catalysts for the RWGS reaction, leading to cost-effective CO₂ hydrogenation, remains an important and difficult challenge. In this study, Cu-based materials were investigated for their ability to convert carbon dioxide into syngas utilizing ceria as a support. Ceria is known to be a good catalyst as well as an excellent support for oxygen and hydrogen transfer reactions (hydrogenation and dehydrogenation). Our experimental results showed that increasing the temperature enhances CO₂ conversion, with the highest conversion of 70% at 600°C that remained stable for over 1000 minutes time on stream (TOS) runs. The other point to note is that the catalyst was CO-selective, with no CH₄ detected in the effluent gas. Furthermore, both fresh and post-reaction samples were analyzed using different techniques such as XRD, TEM, SEM/EDX, and Raman to explore the crystallographic and morphological features of the support and catalyst as well as the influence of reaction on the catalyst surface. The findings may provide an effective platform for minimizing precious metals application as catalysts for CO₂ conversion reactions.

Keywords: CO₂ conversion; Cu-based catalysts; CeO₂ support; Reverse Water Gas Shift reaction

Citation: Ebrahimi, P.; Kumar, A.; Khraisheh, M. The Role of Ceria Supported Copper-Based Nanoparticle Catalysts on Reverse Water-Gas Shift Reaction. *Chem. Proc.* **2021**, *3*, x. <https://doi.org/10.3390/xxxxx>

Published: date

Publisher's Note: MDPI stays neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.



Copyright: © 2021 by the authors. Submitted for possible open access publication under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).