



The 7th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2021)

01-30 NOVEMBER 2021 | ONLINE

Improvement of synthetic 3-aryl coumarins as skin aging-related enzymes inhibitors

**Sonia Floris ^{1*}, Francesca Pintus ¹, Benedetta Era ¹, Antonella Fais ¹,
Eugenio Uriarte ², Fernanda Borges ³, Maria J. Matos ^{2 3*}**

¹ Department of Life and Environmental Sciences, University of Cagliari, 09042 Monserrato, Cagliari, Italy;

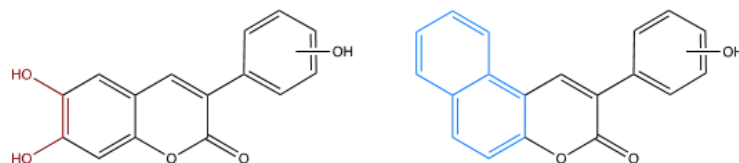
² Departamento de Química Orgánica, Facultad de Farmacia, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, 15782 Santiago de Compostela, Spain;

³ CIQUP/Departamento de Química e Bioquímica, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade do Porto, 4169-007 Porto, Portugal

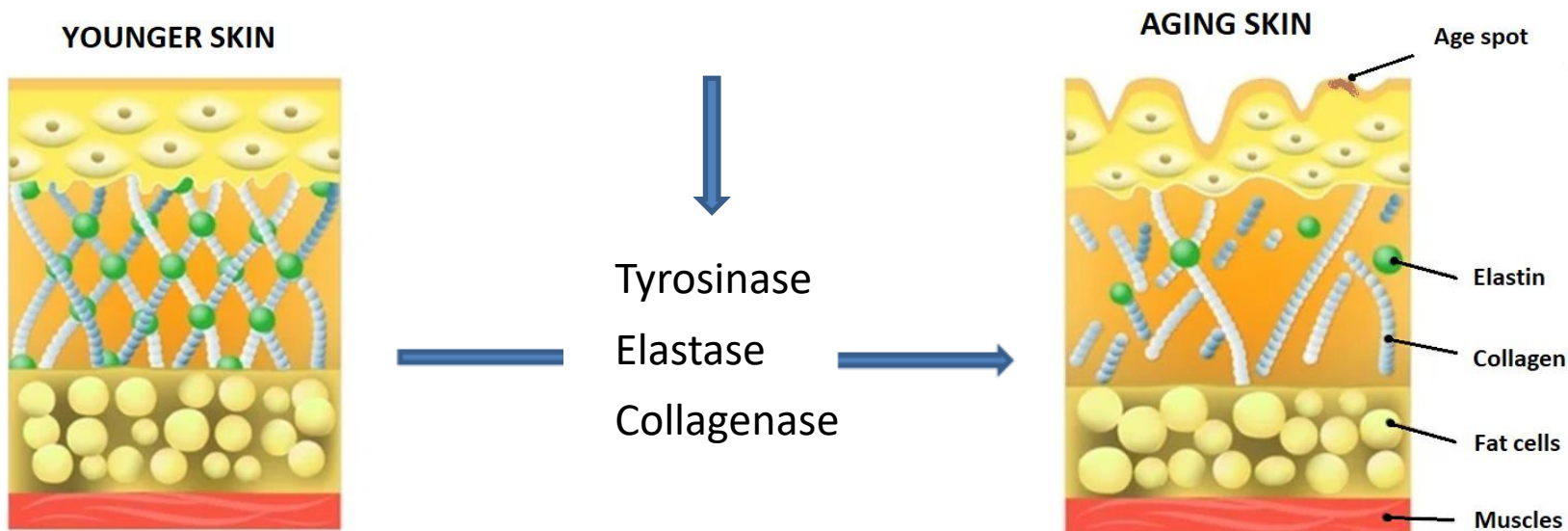
* Corresponding authors: s.floris@unica.it; mariajoao.correiapinto@usc.es



Improvement of synthetic 3-arylcoumarins as skin aging-related enzymes inhibitors



3-arylcoumarins



Abstract

Coumarin and its derivatives possess interesting biological, pharmacological, biochemical, therapeutic, and photochemical properties. Previously reported studies have demonstrated the properties of coumarins in the inhibition of skin aging-related enzymes as tyrosinase, elastase and collagenase. Skin aging process depends on several intrinsic and extrinsic phenomena, and degradation of proteins of extracellular matrix represents one of the main causes of alteration of the skin integrity, as well as the appearance of hyperpigmented spots due to the tyrosinase activity. Our previous studies have proved that both simple hydroxycoumarins and hydroxy-3-aryl coumarins are interesting scaffolds to modulate the tyrosinase inhibitory activity. According to these considerations, we have modulated the 3-aryl coumarin scaffold to improve the inhibitory potency against tyrosinase, as well as elastase and collagenase. We have also selected for this study, benzo[f]coumarins, with an extra phenyl ring on the coumarin scaffold. In the present study a screening of hydroxy substituted 3-aryl coumarins and 3-arylbenzo[f]coumarins has been performed, with the aim of identifying compounds with potential inhibitory activity against key target enzymes for the prevention and treatment of skin photoaging. This preliminary study gives some insights into the synthesis and biological activity of these molecules against these important targets.

Keywords: collagenase; coumarin ring; elastase; tyrosinase.



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Introduction

UV radiation



Activation of enzymes
that degrade the ECM



TYROSINASE

ELASTASE

COLLAGENASE



Spots

Wrinkles

Changes in thickness

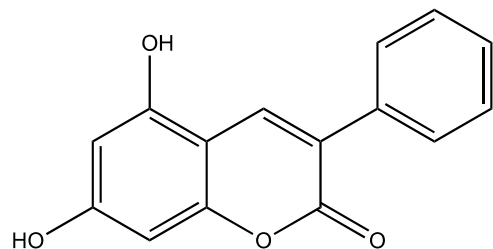


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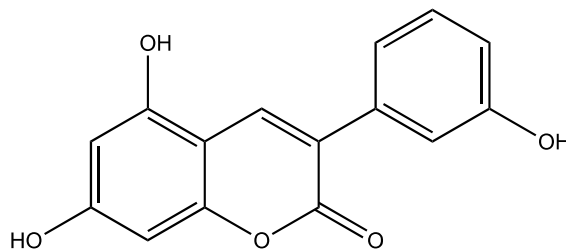
Introduction

1. Previously synthesized compounds



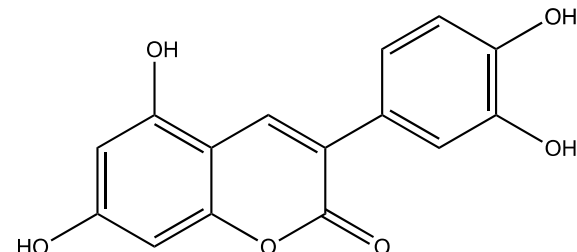
Compound 1

Tyrosinase inhibition $IC_{50} = 440 \mu\text{M}$



Compound 2

Tyrosinase inhibition $IC_{50} = 730 \mu\text{M}$



Compound 3

Tyrosinase inhibition $IC_{50} = 376 \mu\text{M}$

M. J. Matos, C. Varela, S. Vilar, G. Hripcsak, F. Borges, L. Santana, E. Uriarte, A. Fais, A. Di Petrillo, F. Pintus and B. Era. Design and discovery of tyrosinase inhibitors based on a coumarin scaffold., RSC Adv., 2015, 5, 94227.

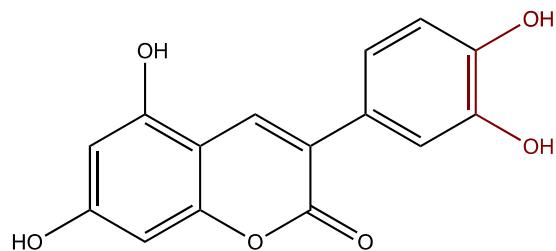


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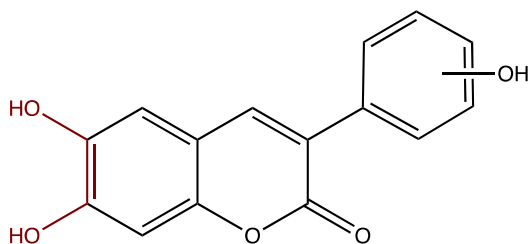
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2. Design of new compounds

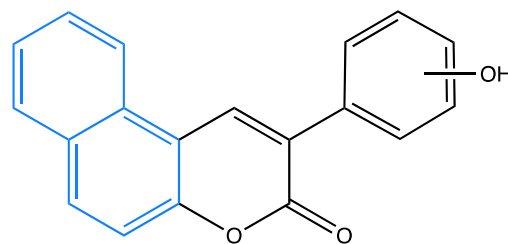


Compound 3

Tyrosinase inhibition $IC_{50} = 376 \mu M$



Change the position of the hydroxyl groups
on the coumarin scaffold: catechol groups



Condensation of a new ring at 5 and 6 positions
of the coumarin ring: naphthalene derivatives

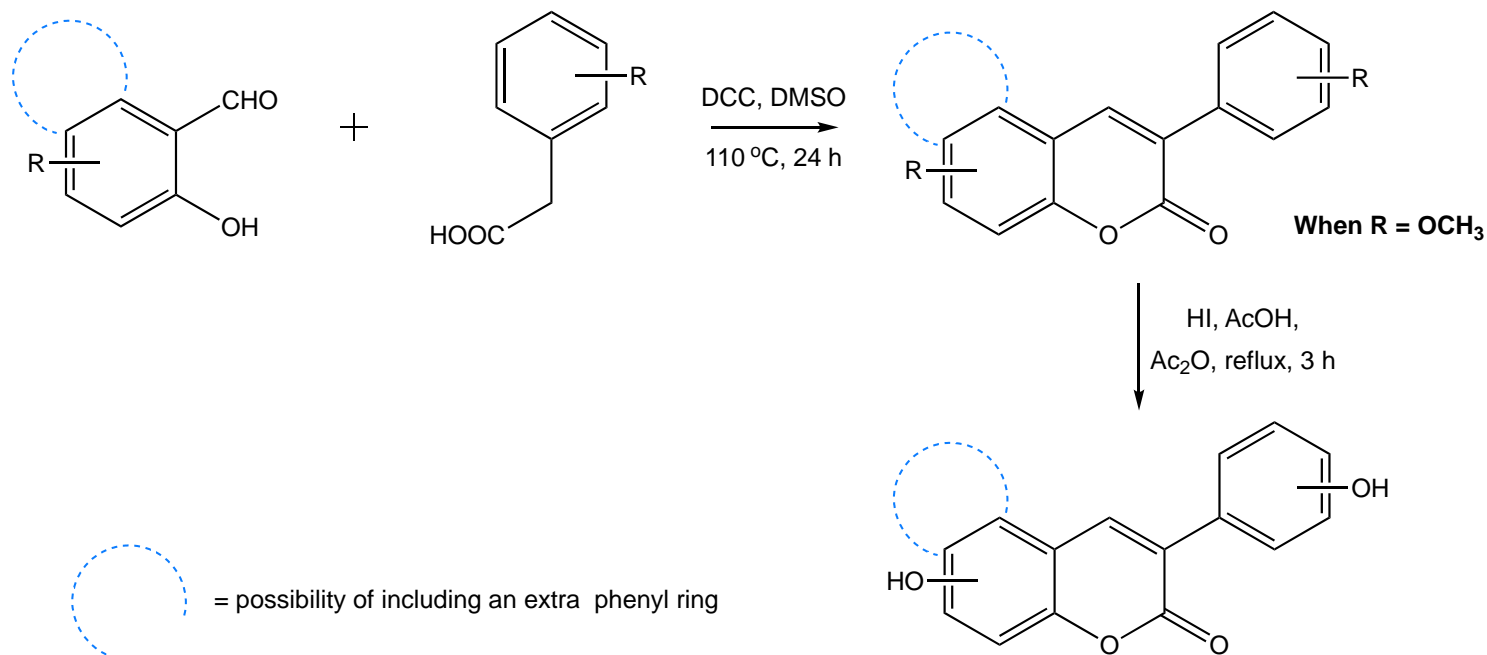


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3. Synthetic route for obtaining the new compounds

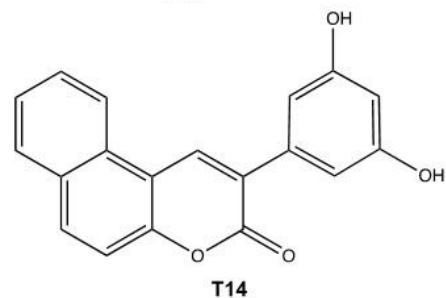
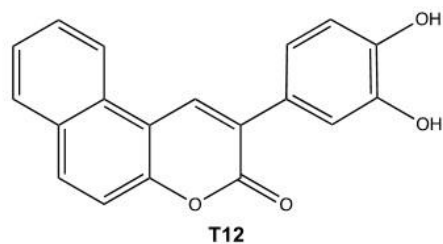
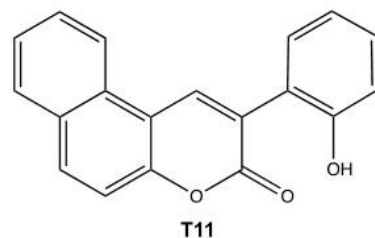
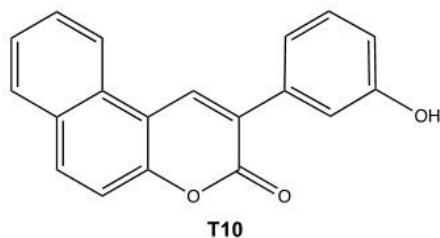
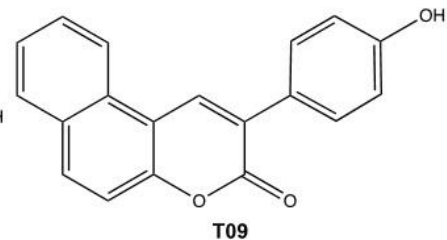
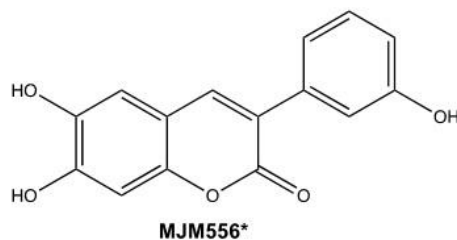
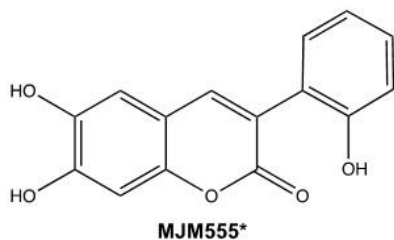


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4. New synthesized compounds



Results and discussion

Compound	Inhibition (%) [50 μ M]		Inhibition (%) [100 μ M]
	Tyrosinase	Elastase	Collagenase
MJM555*	22.7	24.5	39.3
MJM556*	8.6	29.6	35.7
T9	23.2	20.7	51.5
T10	22.3	35.3	21.2
T11	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
T12	N.I.	22.8	7.9
T14	10.0	22.4	15.6

N.I. = No Inhibition

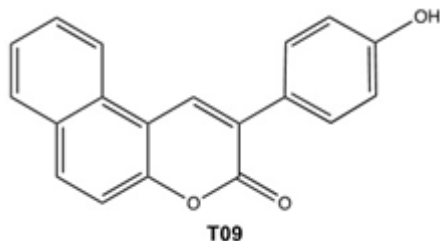


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Conclusions

- Among the three skin aging-related enzyme, the new synthesized compounds showed the best inhibitory activity against collagenase.
- Compound T9 reveals to possess the higher inhibitory potential against collagenase with a percentage of inhibition even better than that of the standard inhibitor epigallocatechin gallate at the same concentration (51.5% and 37.2% respectively).



- This study reveals new insights into the synthesis and biological activity of 3-aryl coumarins against skin aging-related enzymes.



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