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C-Glucosyl Flavone Derivatives as Non-PAIN Therapeutic Leads for Alzheimer's Disease

Chaired by **DR. ALFREDO BERZAL-HERRANZ**; Co-Chaired by **PROF. DR. MARIA EMÍLIA SOUSA**





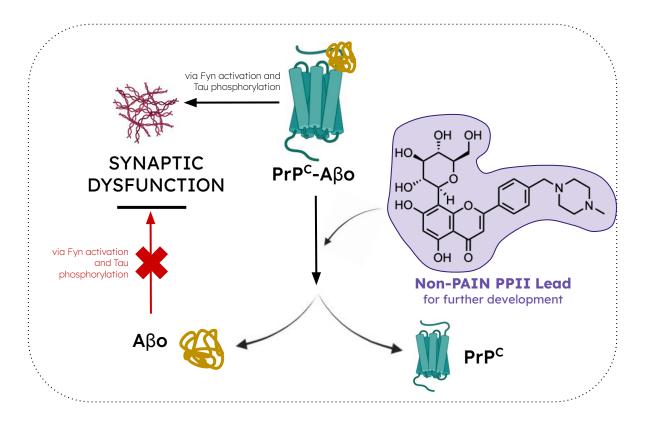
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C-Glucosyl Flavone Derivatives as Non-PAIN Therapeutic Leads for Alzheimer's Disease



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Abstract:

Alzheimer's Disease (AD) and other dementias are ranked by the WHO as the World's 7th leading cause of death. Aiming to respond to this international public health priority, the Carbohydrate Chemistry Group of CQE-IMS has been dedicated to uncovering the AD-modifying potential of carbohydrate-based molecules. In this communication, the rational design, synthesis, and biological evaluation of C-glucosyl flavone analogues with neuroprotective activity against $H_{3}O_{3}$ - and $A\beta$ -induced cell death are explored. Furthermore, based on the well-established role of the binding between the PrP^c and A β oligomers (A β o) for Tau hyperphosphorylation in the brain, the structural optimization process leading up to the discovery of N-methylpiperazinyl flavones and their C-glucosyl derivatives as protein-protein interaction inhibitors (PPII) against PrP^C-ABo is also presented. Importantly, because many planar lipophilic polyphenols such as the ones we have developed are Pan-Assay Interference CompoundS (PAINS), we were also interested in clarifying their ability to induce alterations of cell membrane properties in a non-specific manner. Our results show, for the first time, that well-known membrane disruptors such as resveratrol and genistein cease to alter the membrane dipole potential when linked to a glucosyl moiety through a C-C bond, suggesting that our *C*-glucosides should not raise concerns regarding membrane-related PAINS-type behavior. This communication ultimately highlights the promising neuroprotective and PPII activity of C-glucosyl flavones and corresponding aglycones in the context of AD, while exploring the role of the sugar moiety in favorably tuning aglycone bioactivity, cytotoxicity, and unspecific membrane modifying effects.

Keywords: Drug Discovery; Structural Optimization; Neurodegenerative Disorders; Carbohydrate Chemistry

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Why should we care about dementia?



million people live with dementia



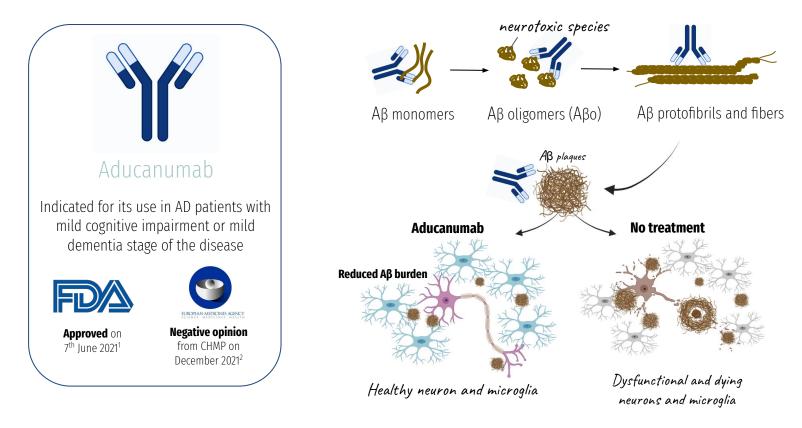
leading cause of death



Caused by

diseases and injuries that affect the brain, such as Alzheimer's disease and stroke

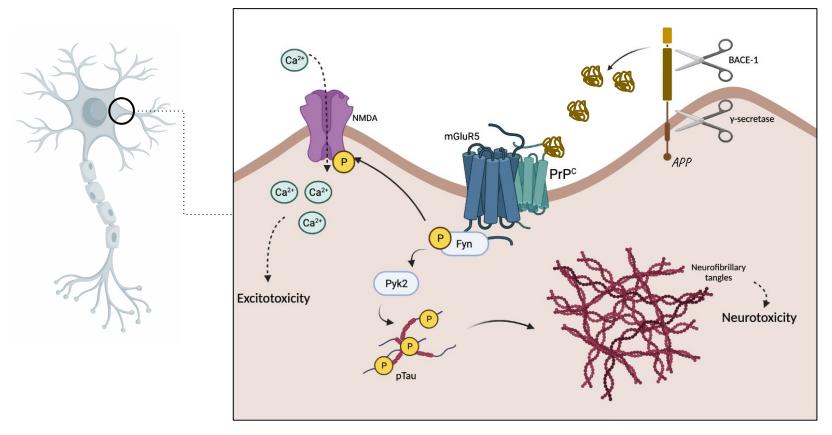
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[1] https://www.fda.gov/drugs/postmarket-drug-safety-information-patients-and-providers/aducanumab-marketed-aduhelm-information [2] https://investors.biogen.com/news-releases/news-release-details/update-regulatory-submission-aducanumab-european-union-0. Figure built with BioRender and adapted from: Esang M, et al. Cureus. 2021;13(8):e17591.

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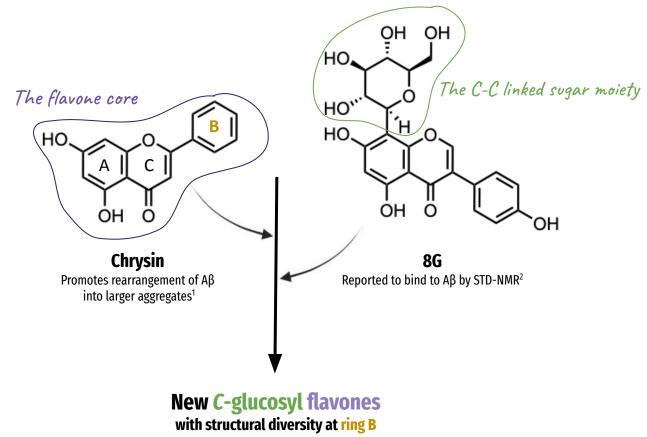
What other therapeutic targets can be explored?



Build using BioRender and adapted from: Zhang Y, et al. Front Cell Neurosci. 2019;13:339 and van Nygaard CH, et al. Alzheimers Res Ther. 2014;6(1):8.

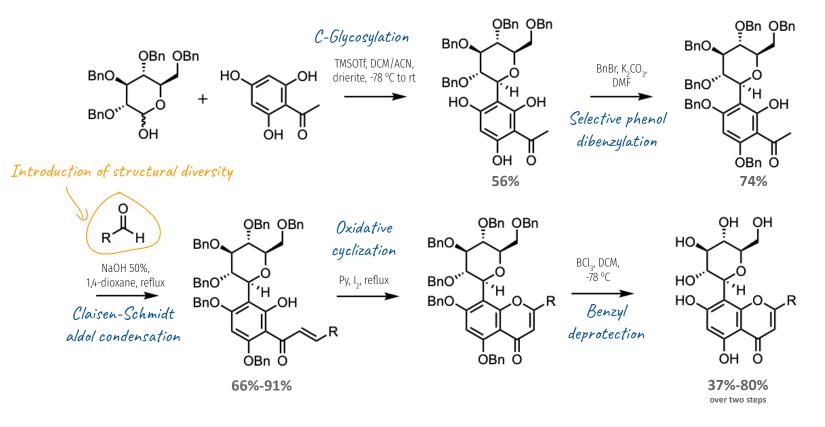
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Our rationale



[1] Matos AM, et al. Pure Appl Chem. 2017;89(9):1305-1320. [2] Jesus AR, et al. J Med Chem. 201457(22):9463-9472.

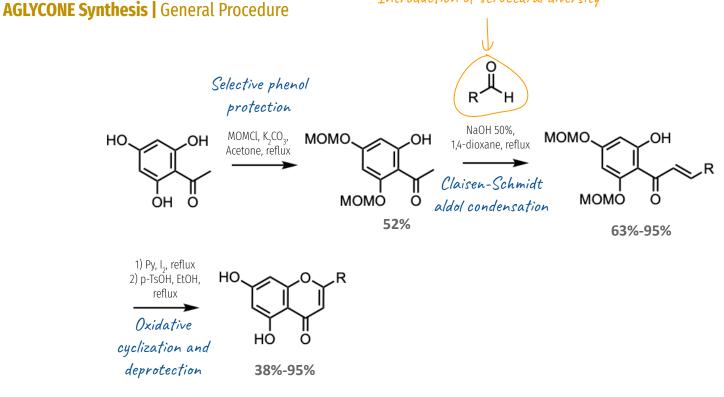
C-GLYCOSIDE Synthesis | General Procedure



Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.



Introduction of structural diversity



Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.

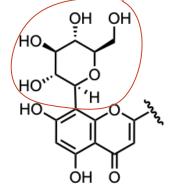
COMPOUND SELECTION LIBRARY

Commercially available aldehydes

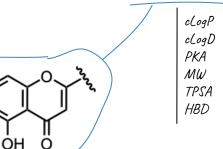


CNS-MPO algorithm does not take into account the natural protein-binding profile of sugars

e.g.: the sugar may work as a compound shuttle through GLUT transporters, despite extreme overall compound polarity



selected based on the CNS-MPO score* of aglycones

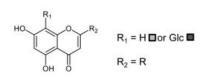


X = H X = OH X = F

HO

*From 1-6.

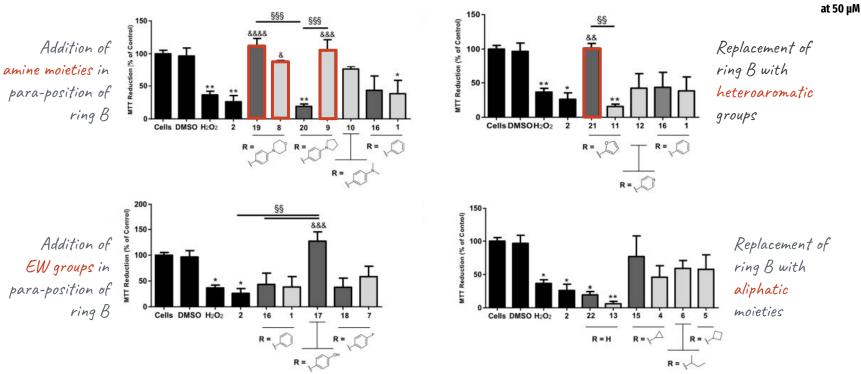
Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.





SH-SY5Y human neuroblastoma cells

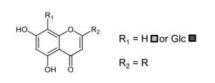
BIOLOGICAL TESTING



Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.

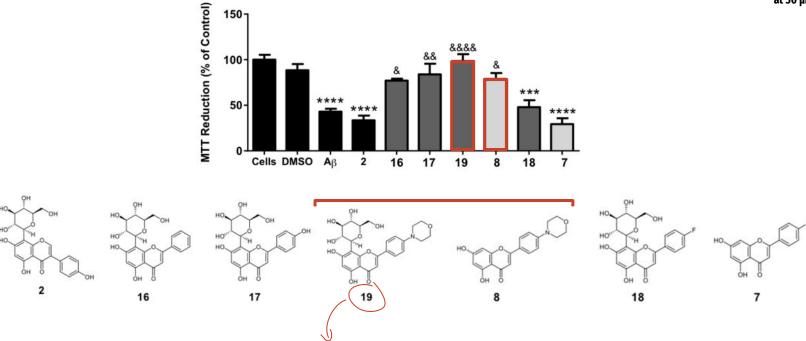


BIOLOGICAL TESTING





SH-SY5Y human neuroblastoma cells **at 50 µM**



Not toxic in HepG2 and Caco-2 cells at 100 µM

Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.



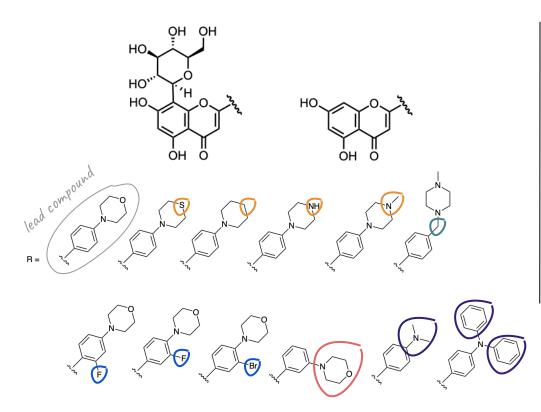
BIOLOGICAL TESTING

	Ideal value: > -7	Ideal range: 1-4	↓ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Compound Nr.	Log P _e ^a	Log D _{7.4} b	PAMPA Assay
1	-4.65 ± 0.09	3.6 ± 0.4	
4	-4.66 ± 0.09	2.9 ± 0.1	
5	-4.51 ± 0.06	>2.5	
6	-4.48 ± 0.04	>2.5	
7	-4.37 ± 0.12	>2.5	Excellent membrane permeability,
8	-4.56 ± 0.04	>2.5	but extreme lipophilicity
9	-5.31 ± 0.12	n.d. ^c	out extreme inpoprimercy
10	-4.70 ± 0.14	3.4 ± 0.2	
11	-4.93 ± 0.20	>2.5	
12	-4.64 ± 0.02	n.d. ^c	
13	-4.76 ± 0.02	2.4 ± 0.1	
15	Below detection limit	-0.6 ± 0.2	
16	-8.94 ± 1.83	0.8 ± 0.3	Bioactive compound with a good
17	-8.70 ± 1.50	0.1 ± 0.1	
18	Below detection limit	-0.2 ± 0.1	balance between solubility,
19	-7.08 ± 0.91	1.2 ± 0.1	lipophilicity and membrane
20	-6.52 ± 0.41	1.8 ± 0.2	
21	-6.94 ± 0.50	-0.2 ± 0.1	permeability
22	-6.76 ± 0.11	-2.0 ± 0.2	
Testosterone	-4.42 ± 0.09	-	



Matos AM, et al. Pharmaceuticals. 2019;12(2):98.

IN-DEPTH STRUCTURAL DIVERSIFICATION



Bioisosteric replacement of the oxygen atom

Add CH₂ bridge between ring B and D to improve water solubility

Add halogens to ring B

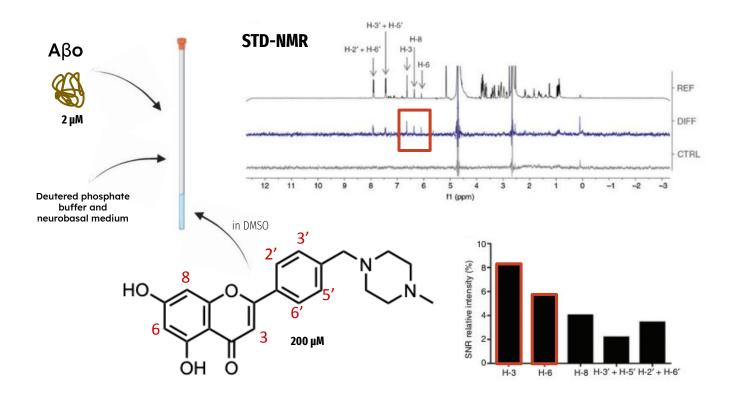
Move ring D to meta position

Replace ring D altogether

Matos AM, et al. Pure Appl Chem. 2019; 91(7): 1107-1136.



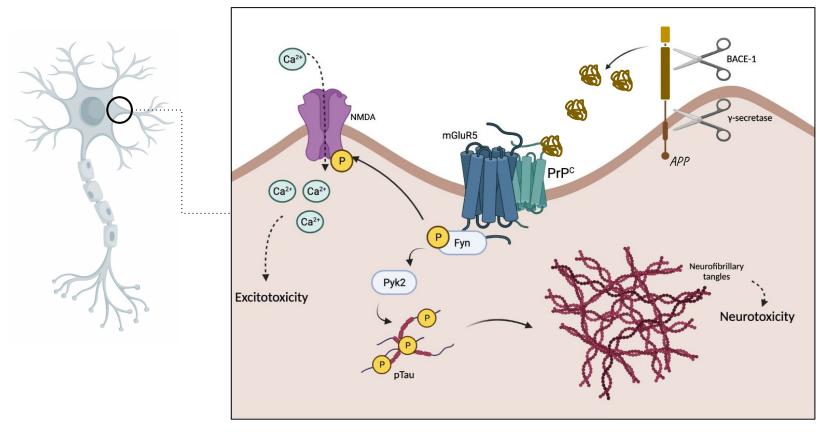
BIOLOGICAL TESTING | The most significant screening result



Matos AM, et al. Pure Appl Chem. 2019; 91(7): 1107-1136.



Remember the pathophysiological cascade...



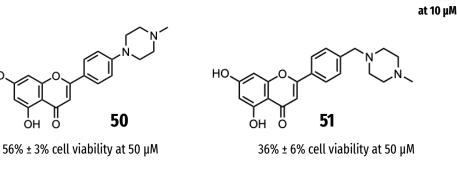
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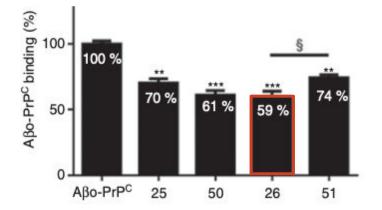
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BIOLOGICAL TESTING

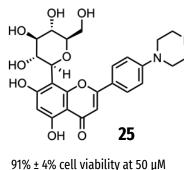
 $A\beta o-PrP^{C}$

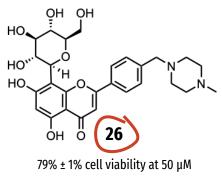




PrP^C

Аво





N-methyl piperazinyl flavones *C*-glucosides: The first sugar-based PPIIs against Aßo-PrP^C

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Matos AM, et al. Pure Appl Chem. 2019; 91(7): 1107-1136.

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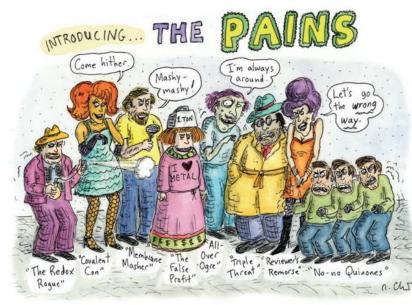
HEK cells

Are these compounds safe bets for drug discovery?

DO C-GLUCOSYL POLYPHENOLS BEHAVE AS MEMBRANE-MODIFYING PAINS?



DO C-GLUCOSYL POLYPHENOLS BEHAVE AS MEMBRANE-MODIFYING PAINS?



Chemical con artists foil drug discovery

Naivety about promiscuous, assay-duping molecules is polluting the literature and wasting resources, warn **Jonathan Baell** and **Michael A. Walters**.

Baell J., Walters M. Nature, 2014, 513: 481-483.

PAINS

Pan-Assay INterference CompoundS

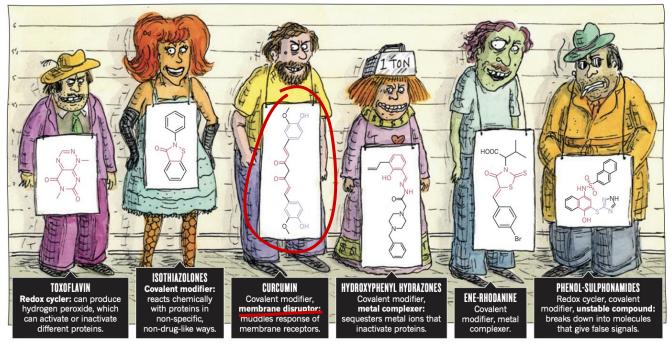
Molecules capable of interfering with high-throughput screening assays, often times leading to "**false hits**".



DO C-GLUCOSYL POLYPHENOLS BEHAVE AS MEMBRANE-MODIFYING PAINS?

WORST OFFENDERS

Membrane disruptors: Polyhydroxylated natural phytochemicals, e.g., curcumin, resveratrol and genistein

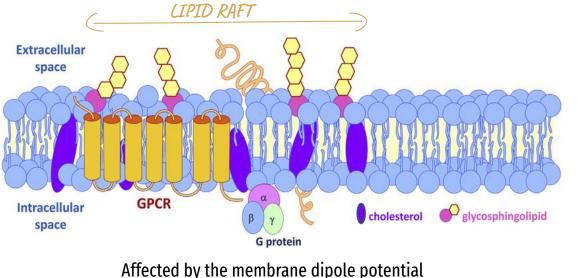


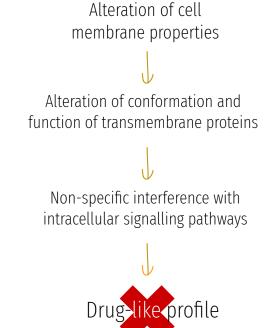
Baell J., Walters M. Nature, 2014, 513: 481-483.



HOW TO GENISTEIN AND RESVERATROL INTERFERE WITH THE CELL MEMBRANE?

Plays a crucial role in the regulation of membrane protein activity, protein and lipid trafficking, and, ultimately, signal transduction





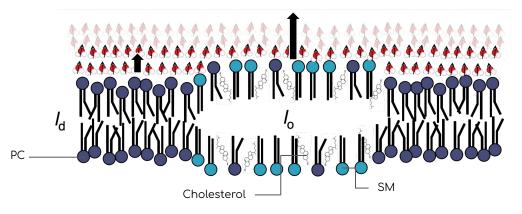
Villar CAM, et al. Methods Cell Biol. 2016; 132:3-23. Inglófsson HI, et al. ACS Chem. Biol. 2014; 9(8):1788-1798.



WHAT IS THE MEMBRANE DIPOLE POTENTIAL?

- Part of the electric profile of cell membranes
- Key in ion transport, lipid-protein interactions, regulation of protein conformation and function, among other processes

Results from the relative orientation between the electric dipoles of lipid headgroups and membrane-adsorbed water molecules.



Membrane dipole potential

Peterson U et al. *Chem. Phys. Lipids.* 2002;117(1–2):19–27.

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DO C-GLUCOSYL POLYPHENOLS BEHAVE AS MEMBRANE-MODIFYING PAINS?

Phloretin Genistein HO HO. HO Resveratrol ÒН Ö ÔН OH OH PAINS Л C-glucosylation Non-PAINS OH он он OH OH ΟН HO. HO. HO HO, ΟН HO, HO' HO. OH HO HO ÓН ő 0 ĠН ÔН OH

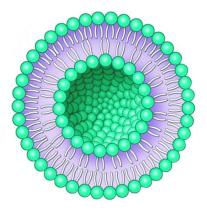
Lipophilic polyphenols acting as membrane modifyers:

Matos AM, et al. Sci Rep. 2021; 11:4443.

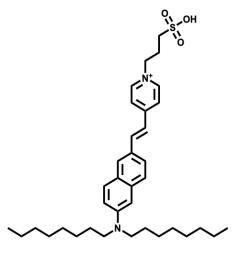


DO C-GLUCOSYL POLYPHENOLS BEHAVE AS MEMBRANE-MODIFYING PAINS?

Our artificial membrane model



LUVs Large unilamellar vesicles Our potentiometric probe



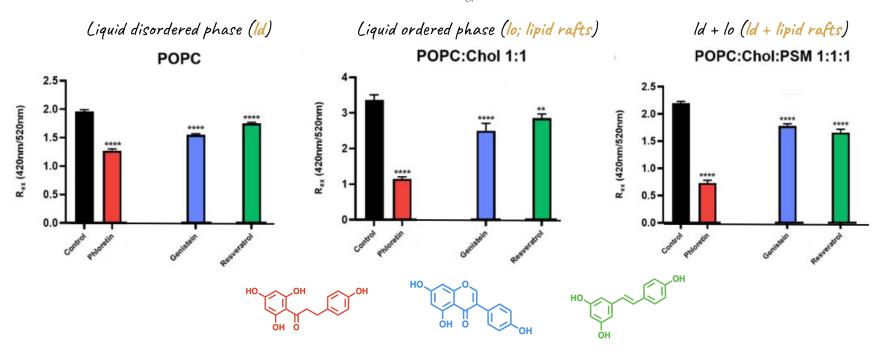
di-8-ANEPPS Established fluorescent probe for membrane dipole potential measurements

Matos AM, et al. Sci Rep. 2021; 11:4443.

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EFFECTS OF PAIN LIPOPHILIC POLYPHENOLS ON MEMBRANE DIPOLE POTENTIAL

Determined by di-8-ANEPPS fluorescence ratiometric measurements, R_{ev}, between the intensity of the excitation spectra at 420 and 520 nm

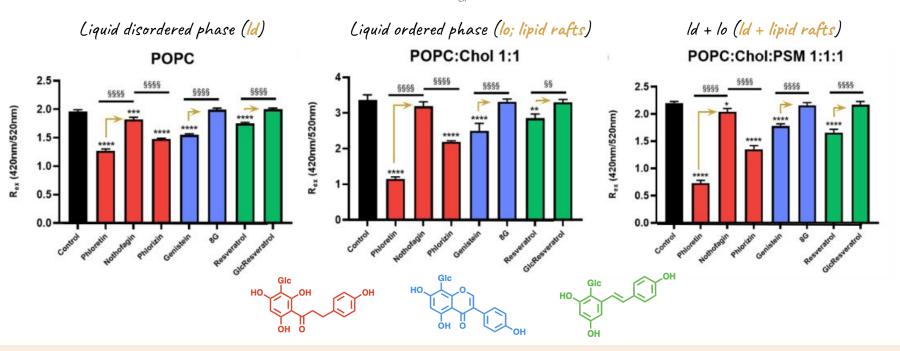


Matos AM, et al. Sci Rep. 2021; 11:4443.



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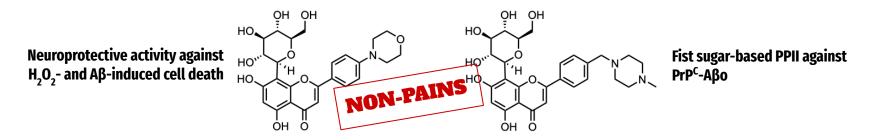


C-glucosylation prevents reductions in the membrane dipole potential caused by lipophilic polyphenols

Matos AM, et al. Sci Rep. 2021; 11:4443.

Conclusions

C-glucosyl flavones are promising lead molecules for the development of **disease-modifying treatments against AD**:



- Good characteristics for BBB passage into the CNS: improved balance between effective permeability, lipophilicity and water solubility vs. aglycone

- C-glucosyl moiety minimizes cytotoxic effects caused by the aglycone

C-glucosylation prevents reductions in membrane dipole potential caused by lipophilic polyphenols with PAINS-type membrane disrupting behaviour

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Dr Andrew Williams



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Thank you for your kind attention.

I am happy to answer your questions at:

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