

The 8th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2022) 01–30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE

Coelenterazine derivatives as potential drugs for photodynamic therapy

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Graphical Abstract

Coelenterazine derivatives as potential drugs for photodynamic therapy

Abstract: Cancer is one of the main leading causes of death worldwide and its treatment is highly complex and known to cause serious side effects for patients. Photodynamic Therapy (PDT) has gained momentum as a promising alternative strategy to overcome or minimize these potential side effects observed in classical therapeutical approaches. This therapy is a minimally invasive treatment that combines a photosensitizer (PS), visible light, and molecular oxygen (3O_2). When excited, the PS interacts with ³O₂ to generate reactive oxygen species (ROS), mainly as singlet oxygen which, in turn, induce cytotoxic effects in cancer cells. In a recent study led by our research group, coelenterazine (Clz) analogues have shown relevant cell-selective toxicity in different cancer cell lines (such as breast, liver, prostate, and neuroblastoma), without cytotoxic effects in the corresponding nontumoral cells. Based on these results, this work aims to synthesize a new series of Clz-inspired PS derived from pyrazine scaffold, a common precursor in the synthesis of Clz and its structure-related analogues. Herein, we describe some methodological approaches for the synthesis of nine pyrazine-based precursors (with high chemical yields) and their chemical characterization, for the assembly of Clz analogues. Currently, these compounds are being studied for the assembly of new PS with potential application in PDT.

Keywords: Photodynamic Therapy (PDT); Cancer; Coelenterazine (Clz).





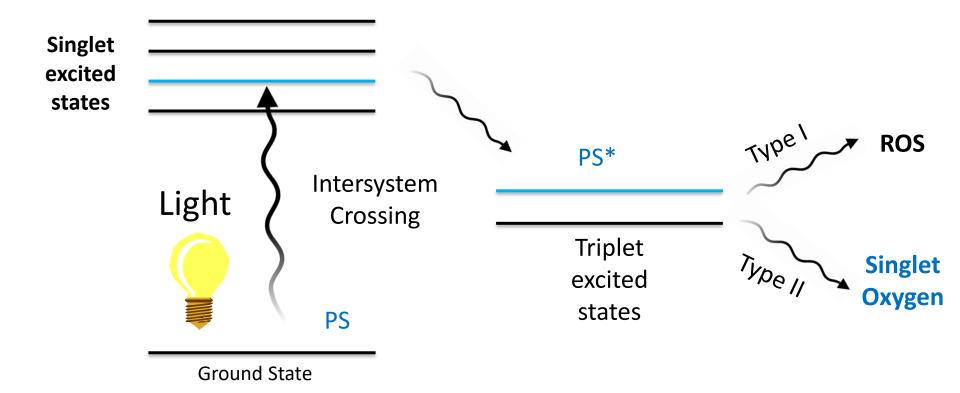
Cancer is one of the main leading causes of death worldwide



Conventional treatments are not efficient



Photodynamic Therapy (PDT)





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Activity toward breast and prostate tumor cell lines

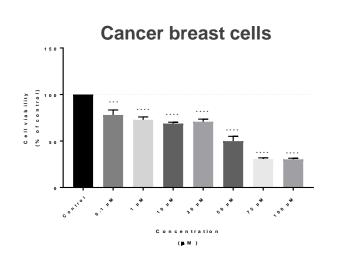
Coelenterazine

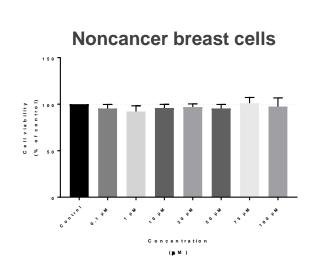
Biomolecules 2019, 9, 384.

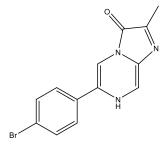




In vitro selectivity evaluation in healthy breast cell line (MCF-10A)



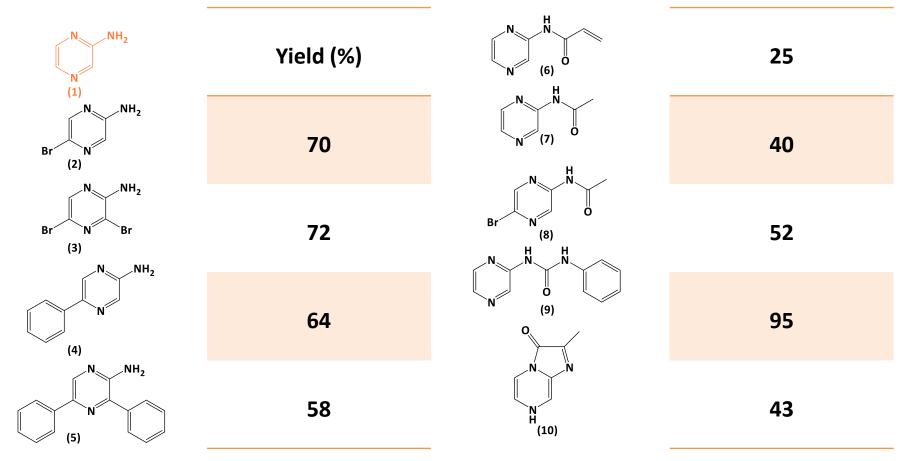




Selectivity to cancer cells

Eur. J. Med. Chem. 2019, 183, 116837.





All compounds were characterized by NMR (¹H, ¹³C, and DEPT-135)





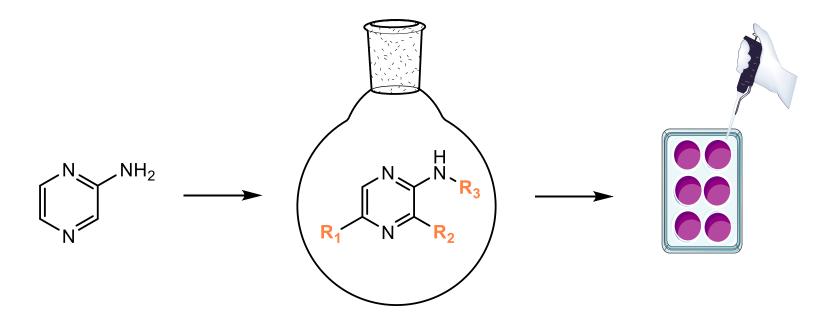
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Conclusions



Acknowledgments

Thanks are due to the University of Porto, University of Aveiro, and FCT/MCTES for the financial support to CIQUP (UIDB/000081/2020), Associated Laboratory IMS (LA/P/0056/2020), and LAQV-REQUIMTE (UIDB/50006/2020) research unities, and FCT projects (PTDC/QUI-QFI/2870/2020 and PTDC/QUI-QOR/31770/2017), through national funds (PIDDAC) and where applicable co-financed by the FEDER-Operational Thematic Program for Competitiveness and Internationalization-COMPETE 2020, within the PT2020 Partnership Agreement. DNM (UI/BD/153613/2022), IES-D (2020.02311.CEECIND/CP1596/CT0004) and L.P.d.S. (CEECINST/00069/2021) thank FCT for their PhD scholarship and funding through the Individual/Institutional Call to Scientific Employment Stimulus, respectively.

















