



# Synthesis of 6-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-aryl-4-(trichloromethyl)-4H-1,3,5-oxadiazin-2-amines: Comparative Evaluation of Dehydrosulfurization Methods of Starting 4-Chloro-N-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-(3-arylthioureido)ethyl)benzamides.

Chaired by DR. JULIO A. SEIJAS

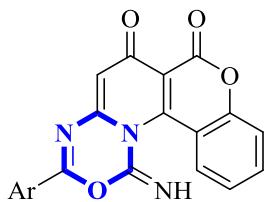
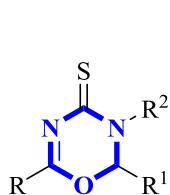


Elizaveta R. Lominoga, Pavlo V. Zadorozhnii \*, Vadym V. Kiselev and Aleksandr V. Kharchenko

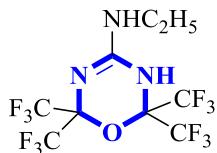
Department of Pharmacy and Technology of Organic Substances, Ukrainian State University of Chemical Technology, Gagarin Ave. 8, 49005 Dnipro, Ukraine

\* Corresponding author: [torfp@i.ua](mailto:torfp@i.ua)

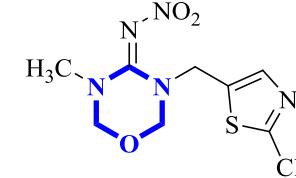
# Introduction



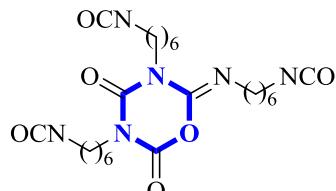
antibacterial and fungicidal activity



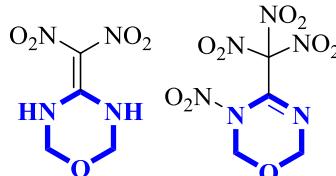
Synthazin  
antitumor activity



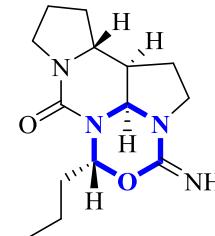
Thiamethoxam and its analogues  
(pesticides)



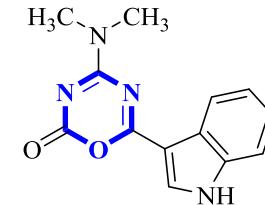
HDIOD  
Used in the synthesis of polymers.



explosives

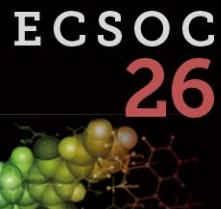


Fissoldhimine



Alboinon

1. Zadorozhnii, P.V.; Kiselev, V.V.; Kharchenko, A.V. 1,3,5-Oxadiazines and 1,3,5-Thiadiazines. In *Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry*, 4th ed.; Black, D.St.C., Cossy, J., Stevens, Ch.V., Eds.; Elsevier: 2022; Volume 9, pp. 456-506. <https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-12-818655-8.00105-0>
2. Ke, S.; Cao, X.; Liang, Y.; Wang, K.; Yang, Z. Synthesis and Biological Properties of Dihydro-Oxadiazine-Based Heterocyclic Derivatives. *Mini Rev. Med. Chem.* 2011, 11, 642-657. <https://doi.org/10.2174/138955711796268769>

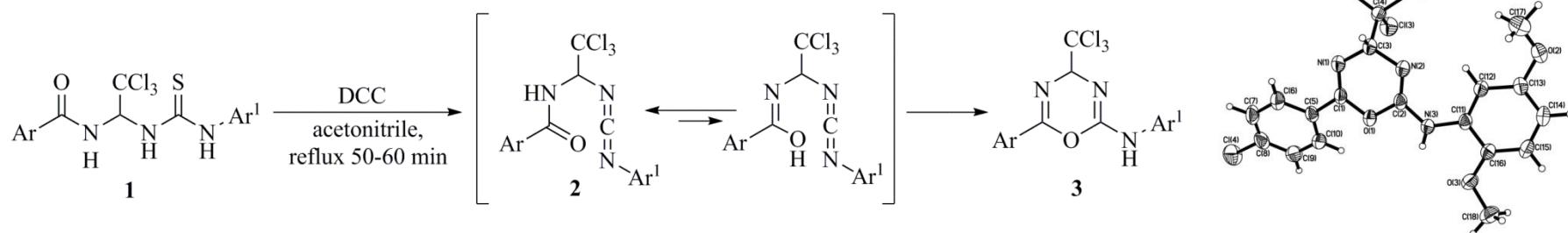


The 26th International Electronic Conference  
on Synthetic Organic Chemistry

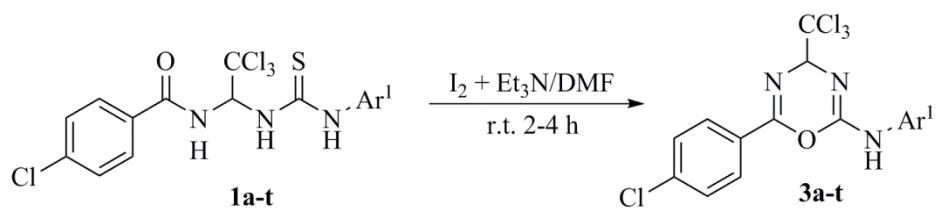
15–30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE

# Introduction

## Previous works

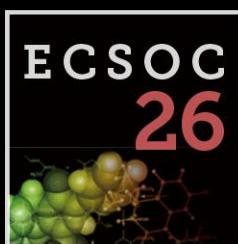


## This work



**Scheme 1.** Synthesis of 4H-1,3,5-oxadiazine derivatives (3) using dicyclohexylcarbodiimide and  $\text{I}_2 + \text{Et}_3\text{N}$  as a dehydrosulfurizing agent.

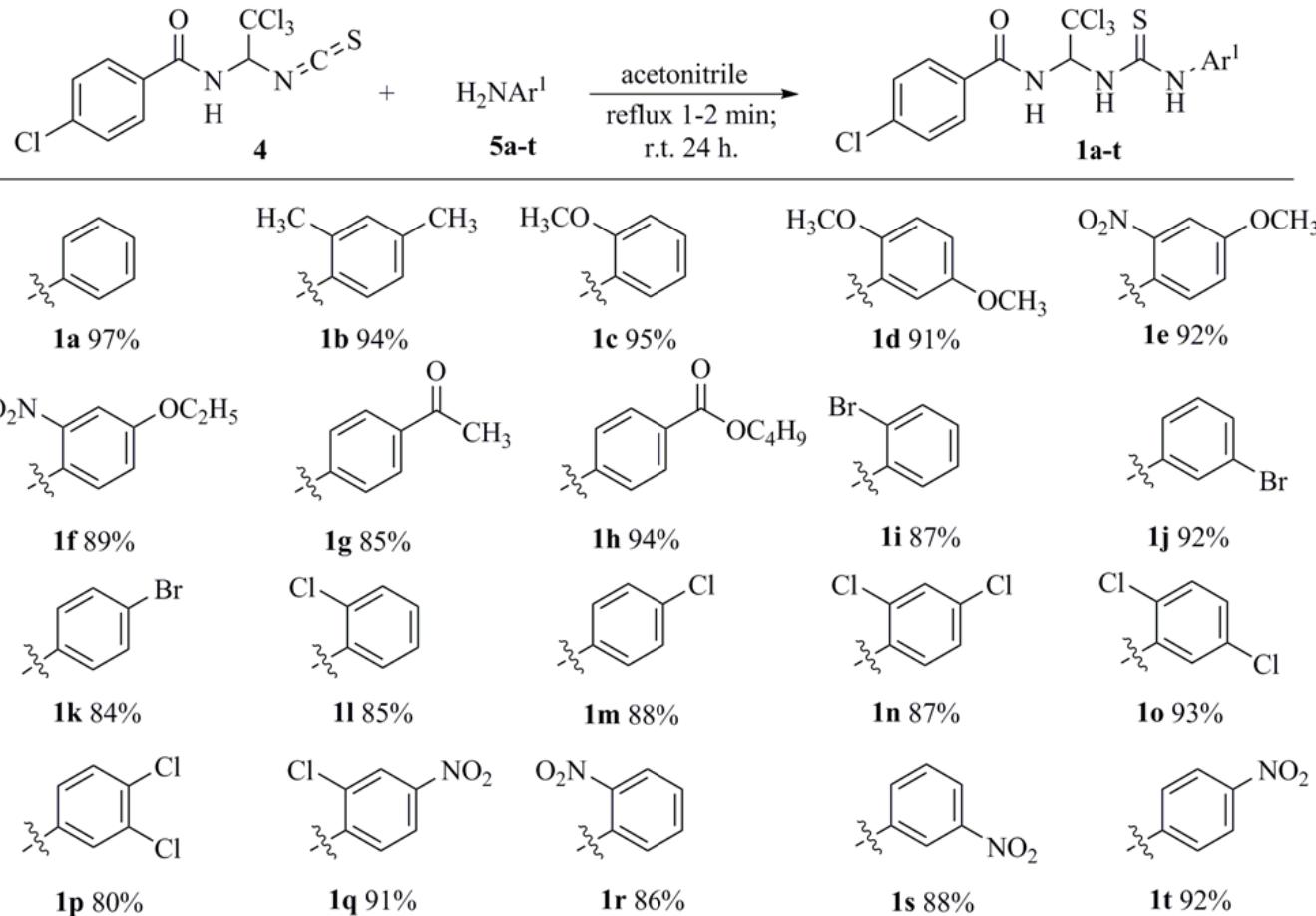
1. Zadorozhnii, P.V.; Kiselev, V.V.; Pokotylo, I.O.; Kharchenko, A.V. A new method for the synthesis of 4H-1,3,5-oxadiazine derivatives. *Heterocycl. Commun.* 2017, 23, 369-374. <https://doi.org/10.1515/hc-2017-0083>
2. Zadorozhnii, P.V.; Kiselev, V.V.; Pokotylo, I.O.; Okhtina, O.V.; Kharchenko, A.V. Synthesis and mass spectrometric fragmentation pattern of 6-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-aryl-4-(trichloromethyl)-4H-1,3,5-oxadiazin-2-amines. *Heterocycl. Commun.* 2018, 24, 273-278. <https://doi.org/10.1515/hc-2018-0082>
3. Zadorozhnii, P.V.; Pokotylo, I.O.; Kiselev, V.V.; Kharchenko, A.V.; Okhtina, O.V. Synthesis and Spectral Characteristics of Some New 4H-1,3,5-Oxadiazine Derivatives. *Res. J. Pharm., Biol. Chem. Sci.* 2019, 10, 1508-1515.
4. Zadorozhnii, P.V.; Kiselev, V.V.; Hrek, O.O.; Kharchenko, A.V.; Okhtina, O.V. Synthesis, spectral characteristics, and molecular structure of 2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-6-(2-methoxybenzyl)-4-(trichloromethyl)-4H-1,3,5-oxadiazine. *Struct. Chem.* 2022 <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11224-022-02024-9> (in press).



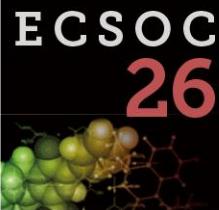
The 26th International Electronic Conference  
on Synthetic Organic Chemistry

15-30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE

# Results and discussion

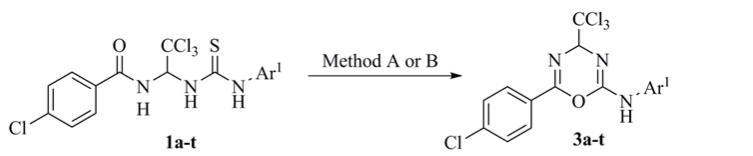


**Scheme 2.** Synthesis of 4-chloro-N-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-(3-arylthioureido)ethyl)benzamides (**1a-t**).



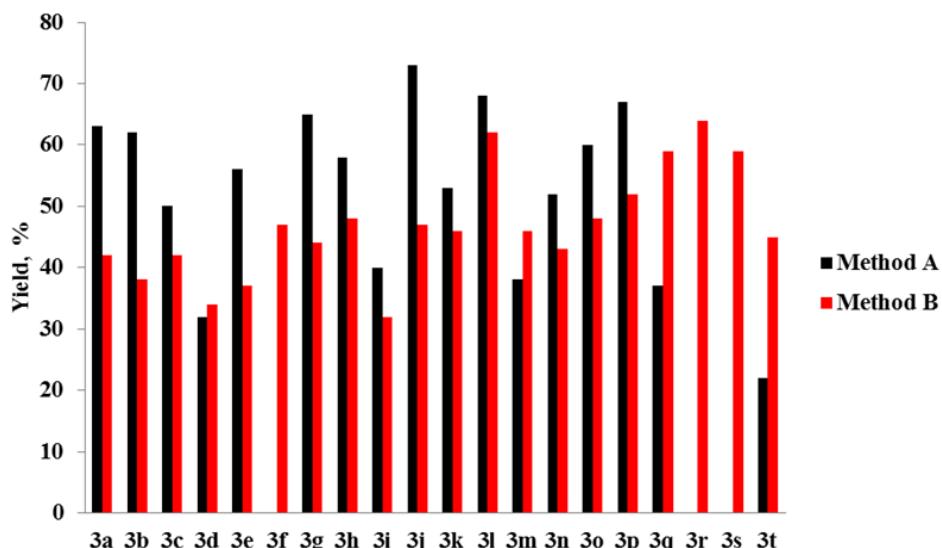
The 26th International Electronic Conference  
on Synthetic Organic Chemistry

15–30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE

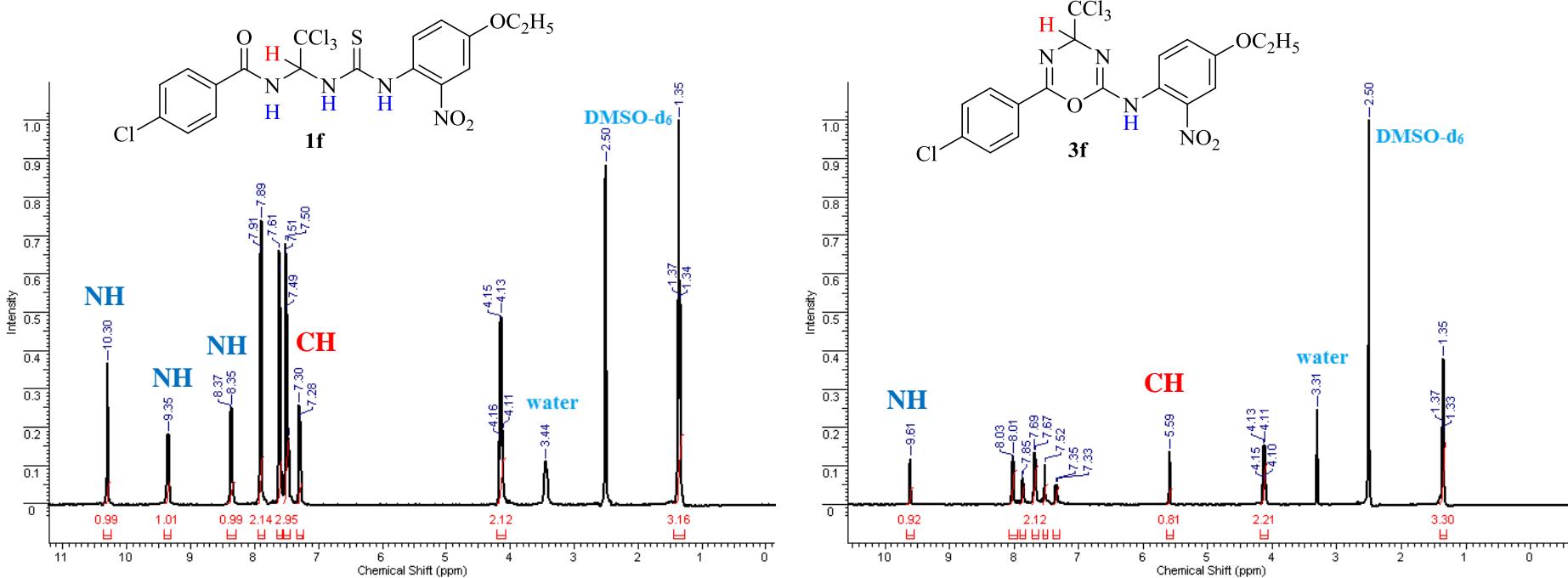


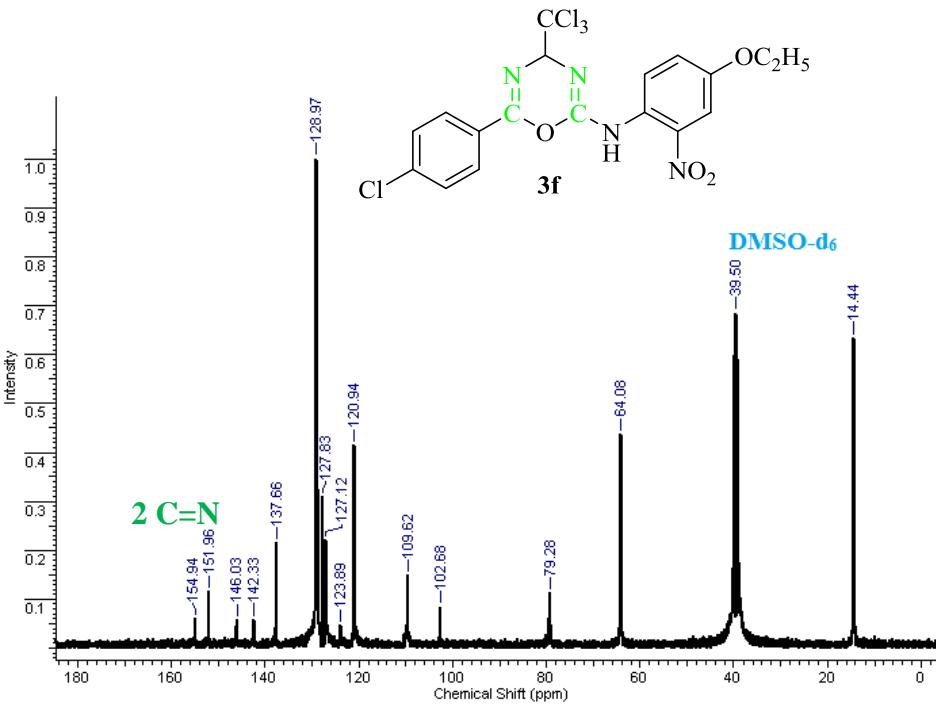
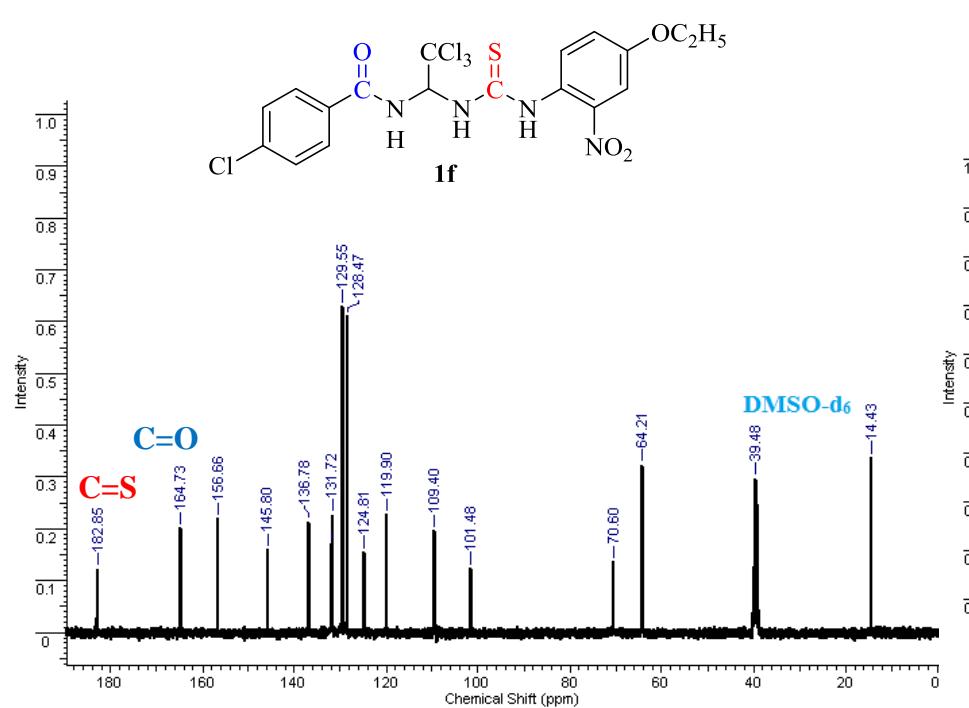
$\text{Ar}^1 =$				
	<b>3a</b>	<b>3b</b>	<b>3c</b>	<b>3d</b>
	63% (Method A) 42% (Method B)	62% (Method A) 38% (Method B)	50% (Method A) 42% (Method B)	32% (Method A) 34% (Method B)
	<b>3e</b>	<b>3f</b>	<b>3g</b>	<b>3h</b>
	56% (Method A) 37% (Method B)	- (Method A) 47% (Method B)	65% (Method A) 44% (Method B)	58% (Method A) 48% (Method B)
	<b>3i</b>	<b>3j</b>	<b>3k</b>	<b>3l</b>
	40% (Method A) 32% (Method B)	73% (Method A) 47% (Method B)	53% (Method A) 46% (Method B)	68% (Method A) 62% (Method B)
	<b>3m</b>	<b>3n</b>	<b>3o</b>	<b>3p</b>
	38% (Method A) 46% (Method B)	52% (Method A) 43% (Method B)	60% (Method A) 48% (Method B)	67% (Method A) 52% (Method B)
	<b>3q</b>	<b>3r</b>	<b>3s</b>	<b>3t</b>
	37% (Method A) 59% (Method B)	- (Method A) 64% (Method B)	- (Method A) 59% (Method B)	22% (Method A) 45% (Method B)

**Scheme 3.** Synthesis of 6-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-aryl-4-(trichloromethyl)-4*H*-1,3,5-oxadiazin-2-amines (**3a-t**). **Method A:** 1.1 DCC,  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$ , reflux 50-60 min. **Method B:** 1.1  $\text{I}_2$ , 3.0  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$ , DMF, r.t. 2-4 h.



**Figure 1.** Estimation of the yield ratio of 4*H*-1,3,5-oxadiazines **3** depending on the method used for dehydrosulfurization of starting thioureas **1**.

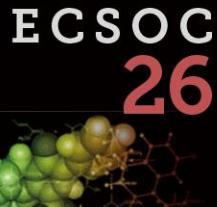




**Figure 3.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 4-chloro-N-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-(3-(4-ethoxy-2-nitrophenyl)thioureido)ethyl)benzamide (**1f**) (left) and 6-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(4-ethoxy-2-nitrophenyl)-4-(trichloromethyl)-4*H*-1,3,5-oxadiazin-2-amine (**3f**) (right).

## Conclusions

In this work, we have proposed a new method for the dehydrosulfurization of 4-chloro-*N*-(2,2,2-trichloro-1-(3-arylthioureido)ethyl)benzamides (**1**) leading to the formation of 6-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*-aryl-4-(trichloromethyl)-4*H*-1,3,5-oxadiazin-2-amines (**3**). As a dehydrosulfurizing agent, we have proposed to use a mixture of iodine with triethylamine. The efficiency of using DCC and  $I_2+Et_3N$  for the dehydrosulfurization of thioureas **1** has been compared. It has been shown that the target products are predominantly formed in high yields when using DCC. However, the use of a mixture of  $I_2$  and  $Et_3N$  makes it possible to obtain several new compounds of this class, which cannot be obtained under the action of DCC.



**The 26th International Electronic Conference  
on Synthetic Organic Chemistry**

**15–30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE**

# Thank you for your attention!

ECSOC  
**26**



The 26th International Electronic Conference  
on Synthetic Organic Chemistry

15–30 NOVEMBER 2022 | ONLINE