



The 9th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2023)

01–30 November 2023 | Online

Ionic liquids: game changers for the development of controlled delivery systems?

Chaired by **Dr. Alfredo Berzal-Herranz**
and **Prof. Dr. Maria Emília Sousa**



pharmaceuticals



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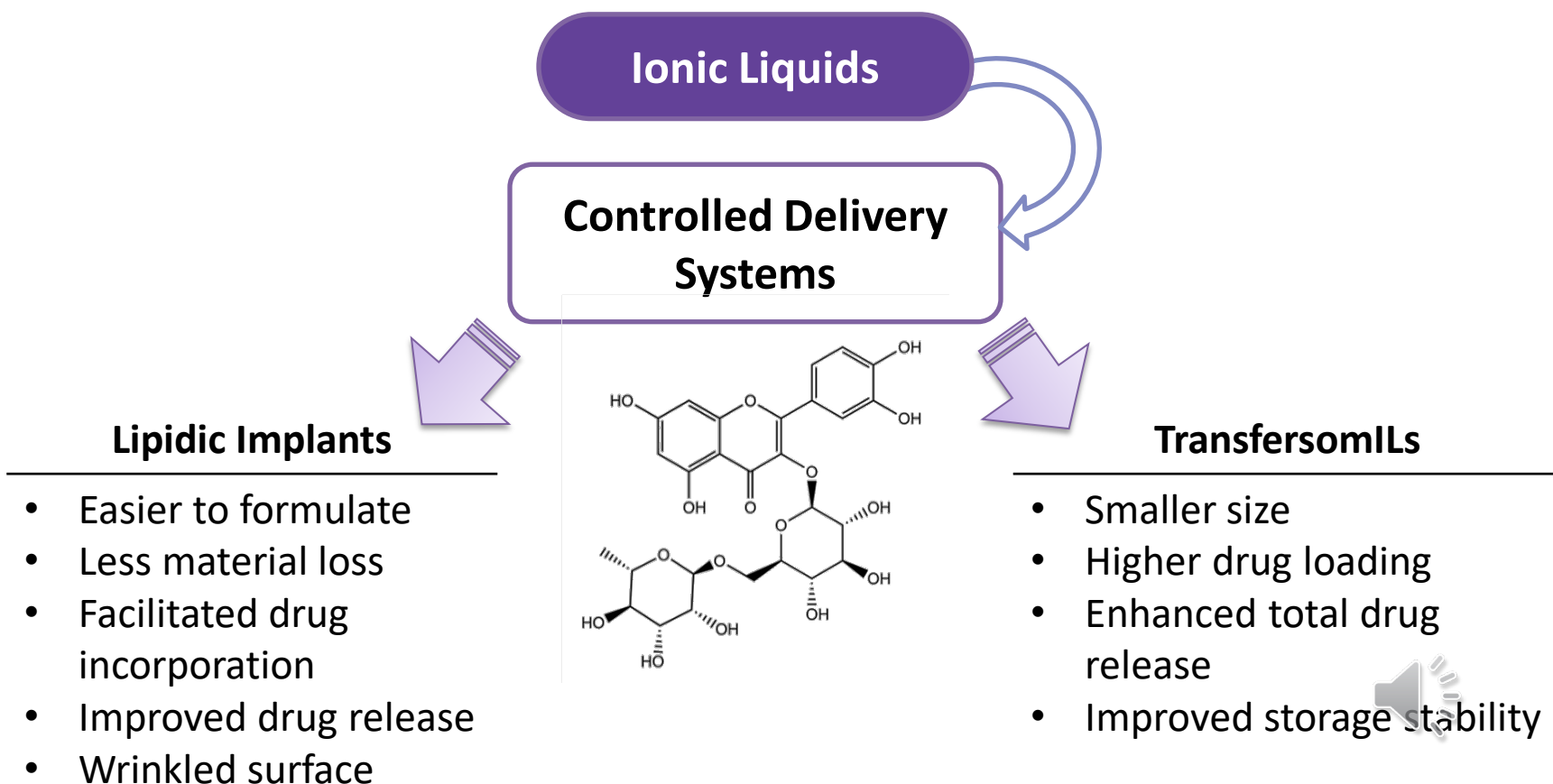
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Ionic liquids: game changers for the development of controlled delivery systems?





Abstract

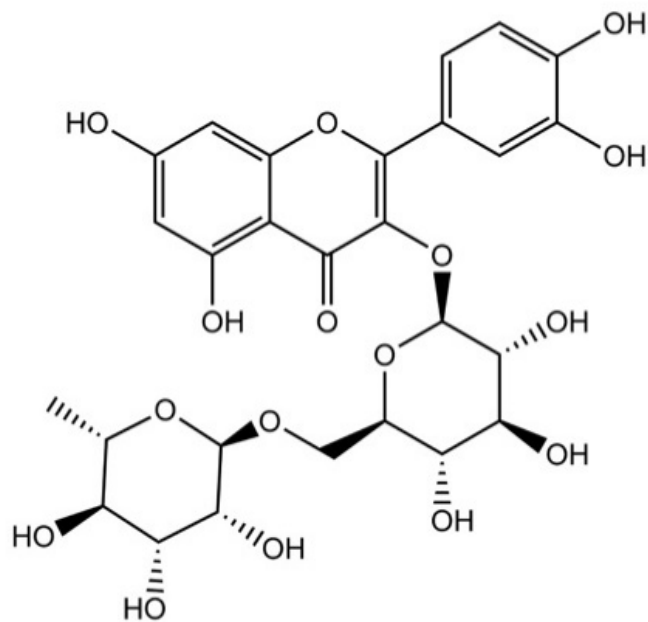
Poor drug solubility or loading, inflexible drug release profiles, and poor storage stability are some of the most difficult issues to surpass in the production of efficient and safe controlled delivery systems. Due to their suitable properties, ionic liquids (ILs) may be used as new functional materials to overcome these drawbacks. ILs are organic salts, that may be introduced in different types of drug delivery systems. Herein, 5 ILs were synthesized and their applicability in drug delivery systems was evaluated. Firstly, their cytotoxicity in human keratinocytes was determined, and considering these results, controlled drug delivery systems with or without ILs were developed. Each IL was incorporated at their upper concentration allowing the maintenance of cell viability. Lipidic im-plants and transfersomes (TransfersomILs) were the chosen lipid-based controlled delivery systems to investigate the impact of adding ILs. In these studies, rutin was used as model drug with poor aqueous solubility. Our results showed that ILs promoted a significantly higher drug loading, with choline-based ILs displaying better results when compared with imidazole-based ILs. The incorporation of ILs seems to modulate the drug release profile from lipidic implants. TransfersomILs had a higher association efficiency, higher total amount of drug release and better colloidal and storage stability when compared with conventional transfersomes. In conclusion, the incorporation of ILs, at non-toxic concentrations, allowed the development of more efficient delivery systems, showing that ILs may be multifunctional and valuable materials to boost performance.

Keywords: Controlled delivery systems, Ionic liquids, Lipidic implants, Rutin, TransfersomILs.





Model compound: Rutin



Flavonoid

Buckwheat

**Poor aqueous solubility
(0.2 mg/mL)**



Ionic Liquids

Organic salts

Melting point below 100 °C

Anion (-) Ionic Liquid Cation (+)

High thermal and chemical stability

May be introduced in different solutions

May be tailored to achieve the desired properties





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Enhance drug solubility



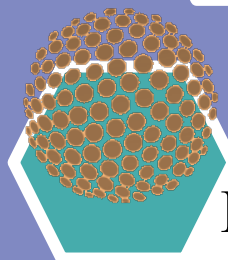
Drug Dev. Ind. Pharm, 2017
Biomed Biopharm Res, 2018



Ensure a higher drug loading



Pharmaceutics, 2018
Biomolecules, 2020



IL-polymer nanoparticles hybrid systems with higher performance



Nanomaterials, 2019
J Drug Deliv Sci Tec, 2020

Development of new controlled drug delivery systems and evaluation of the impact of ILs on their performance



Controlled drug delivery

Advantages

Maintenance of therapeutic dosage

Reduction of side effects

Targeted delivery

1) Lipidic implants

Sustained release and delivery
Targeted delivery

2) Transfersomes

Easy to produce
Drug protection



Low drug solubility and loading
Formulation difficulties

Low stability of the developed systems
Inadequate release profile





1) Lipidic Implants

Composition

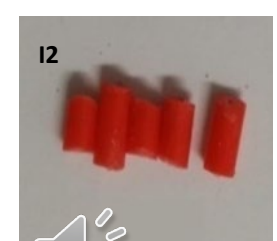
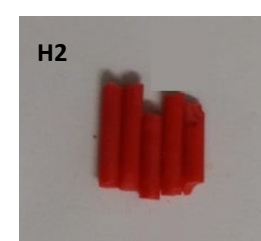
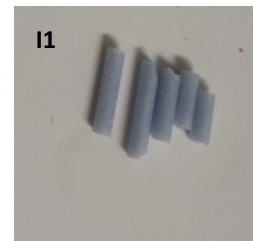
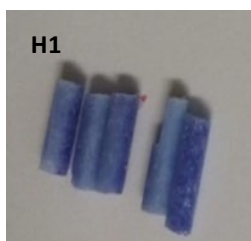
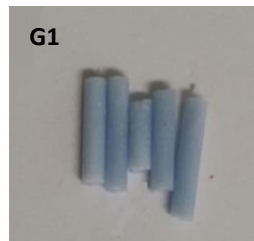
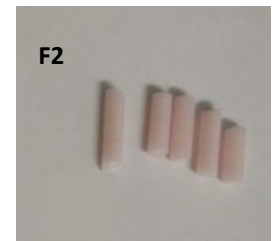
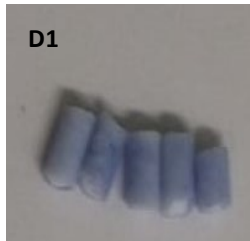
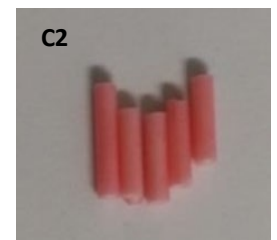
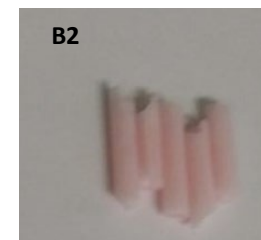
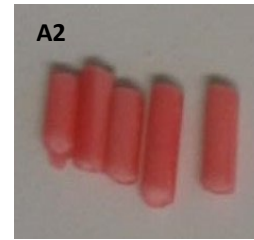
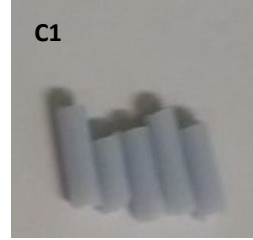
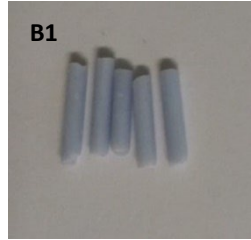
Formulation	% w/w					Drug
	Dynasan® 118	Gelucire® 50/02	Sucrose	[Cho][Phe]	[Cho][Glu]	
A		-	-	-	-	
B		-	-	0.2	-	
C		10.0	-	-	-	
D		10.0	-	0.2	-	
E	q.b. 100.0	-	10.0	-	-	-
F		-	10.0	0.2	-	
G		-	-	-	0.2	
H		10.0	-	-	0.2	
I		-	10.0	-	0.2	
A _{Drug}		-	-	-	-	
B _{Drug}		-	-	0.2	-	
C _{Drug}		10.0	-	-	-	
D _{Drug}		10.0	-	0.2	-	
E _{Drug}	q.b. 100.0	-	10.0	-	-	10.0
F _{Drug}		-	10.0	0.2	-	
G _{Drug}		-	-	-	0.2	
H _{Drug}		10.0	-	-	0.2	
I _{Drug}		-	10.0	-	0.2	





1) Lipidic Implants

Content uniformity



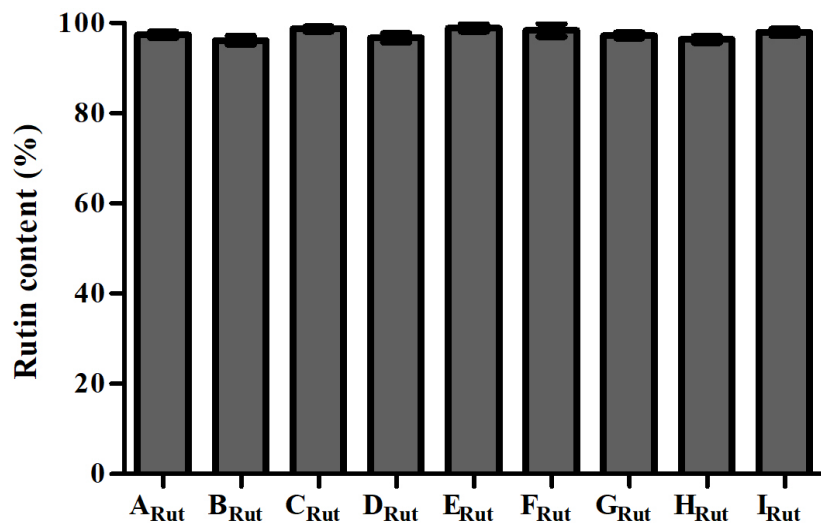
Hydrophilic Dye - **Methylene Blue**

Lipophilic Dye - **Sudan III**

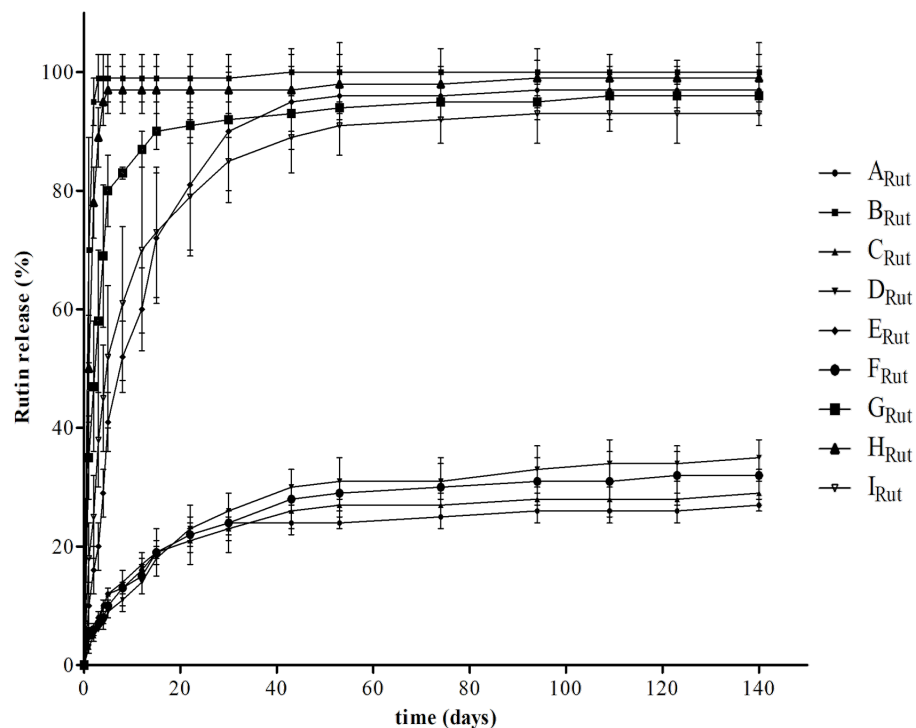


1) Lipidic Implants

Drug Content



Drug Release





1) Lipidic Implants

The studied ILs :

Facilitate the formulation

Favour the drug incorporation

Allow to attain drug uniformity

Modify the drug release profile

Article

Biobased Ionic Liquids as Multitalented Materials in Lipidic Drug Implants

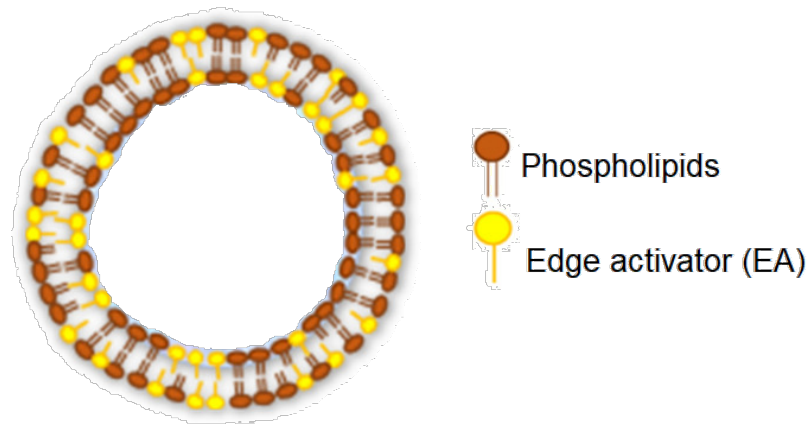
Ana Júlio ^{1,2}, Anaisa Sultane ¹, Ana Silveira Viana ³, Joana Portugal Mota ¹ and Tânia Santos de Almeida ^{1,3,*}





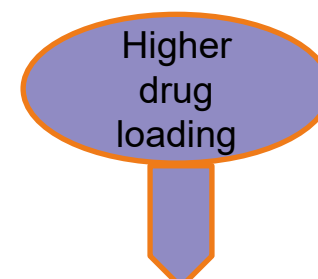
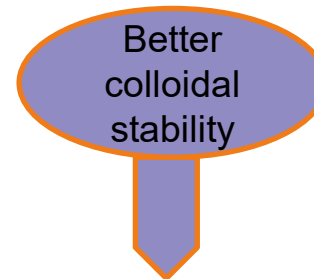
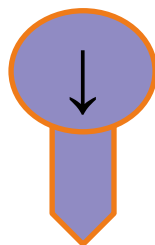
2) Transfersomes

- ✓ Phospholipid: soy phosphatidylcholine
- ✓ EA: Tween® 80
- ✓ Produced by the thin-film hydration method followed by sonication





2) Transfersomes



Characterization

Formulation	Rutin (mg/mL)	IL (%)	D _h (nm)	PDI	ZP (mV)	AE (%)	LC (%)
Water	0	0	111 ± 5	0.22 ± 0.01	-	-	-
Water	0.21	0	102 ± 3	0.26 ± 0.01	-31 ± 3	86.3 ± 2.1	0.43 ± 0.01
Water:[Emim][Br]	0.22	0.2	83 ± 4 *	0.24 ± 0.02	-36 ± 2	82.1 ± 5.2	0.43 ± 0.01
Water:[Cho][Gly]	1.50	0.2	73 ± 2 **	0.25 ± 0.01	-41 ± 4 *	98.1 ± 0.1 **	3.68 ± 0.01 ***
Water:[Emim][Gly]	1.60	0.2	71 ± 1 **	0.24 ± 0.01	-39 ± 5 *	98.7 ± 0.1 **	3.70 ± 0.02 ***
Water: [Cho][Gly]:[Emim][Br]	0.79	0.1:0.1	72 ± 1 **	0.24 ± 0.01	-38 ± 3 *	93.6 ± 0.2 *	2.20 ± 0.01 ***
Water: [Cho][Gly]:[Emim][Gly]	0.92	0.1:0.1	73 ± 1 **	0.24 ± 0.01	-36 ± 3	97.9 ± 0.1 **	1.76 ± 0.01 ***

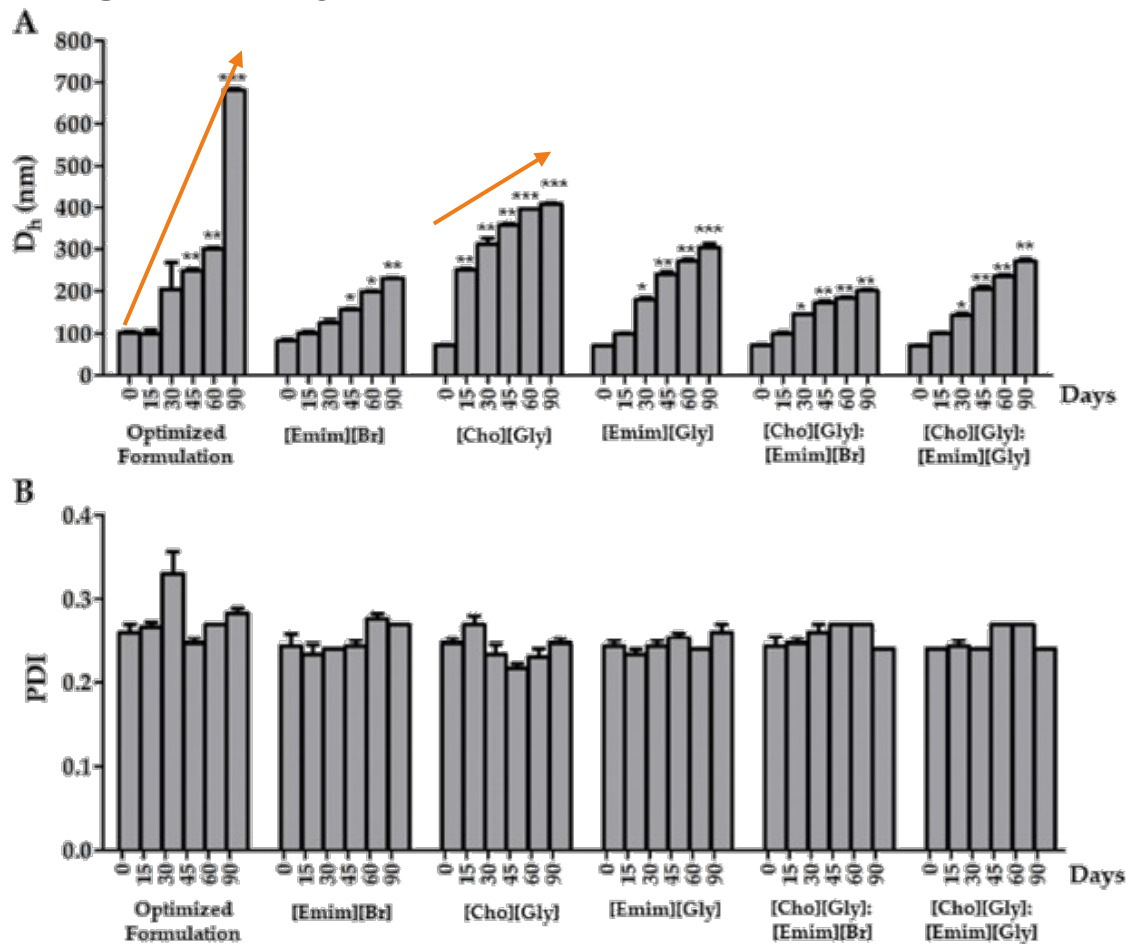
IL, ionic liquid; D_h, hydrodynamic diameter; PDI, polydispersity index; ZP, zeta potential; AE, association efficiency; LC, loading capacity. *n* = 3, mean ± SD, * *p* < 0.05, ** *p* < 0.01, and *** *p* < 0.001.





2) Transfersomes

Storage stability



[Cho][Gly]:
less
pronounced
increase

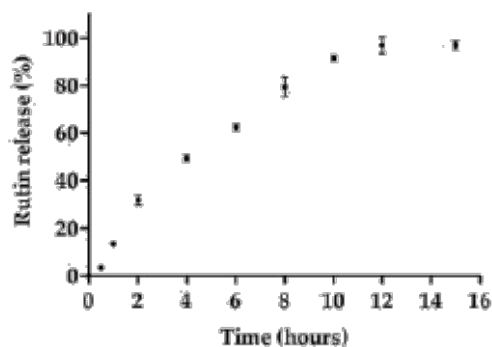




2) Transfersomes

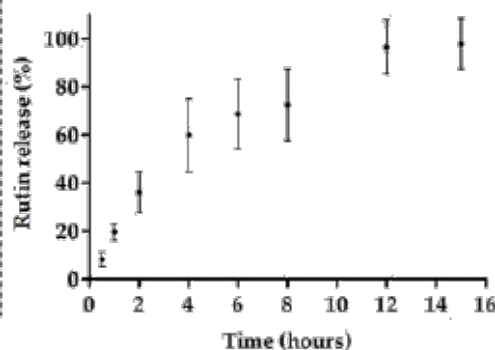
In vitro release

A - Optimized Formulation



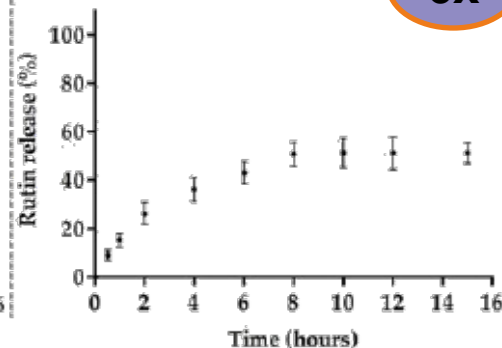
Total amount of rutin released = 0.2 ± 0.02 mg

B - [Emim][Br]



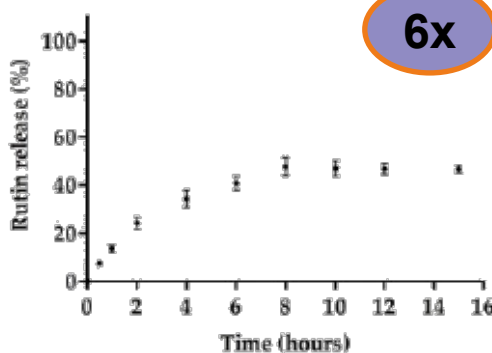
Total amount of rutin released = 0.2 ± 0.1 mg

C - [Cho][Gly]



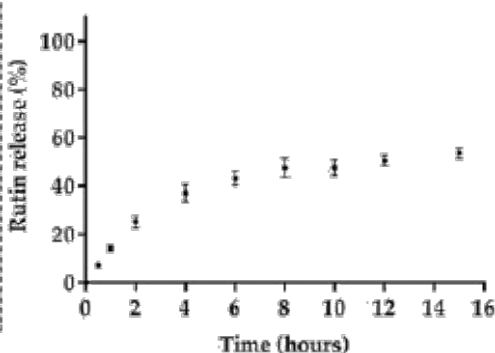
Total amount of rutin released = 1.2 ± 0.1 mg

D - [Emim][Gly]



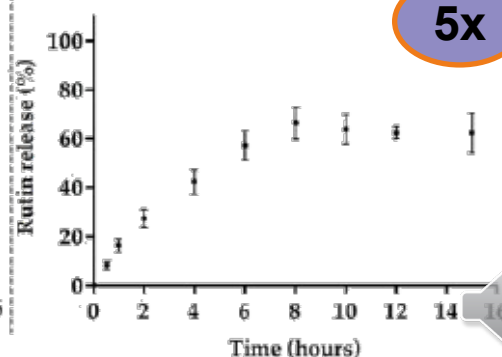
Total amount of rutin released = 1.2 ± 0.1 mg

E - [Cho][Gly]:[Emim][Br]



Total amount of rutin released = 0.6 ± 0.1 mg

F - [Cho][Gly]:[Emim][Gly]



Total amount of rutin released = 0.9 ± 0.1 mg



2) Transfersomes

The studied ILs :

Facilitate the formulation

High drug loading

Promote storage stability

Promising physicochemical properties for skin delivery

Article

TransfersomILs: From Ionic Liquids to a New Class of Nanovesicular Systems

Ana Júlio ^{1,2}, João Guilherme Costa ¹, Catarina Pereira-Leite ^{1,3,*} and Tânia Santos de Almeida ^{1,4,5,*}





General Conclusions

ILs at non-toxic concentrations facilitate the formulation procedures

The developed sustained delivery systems, containing ILs, are stable

Potential of combining ILs with controlled drug delivery systems

ILs modify the release profile of the lipidic implants and allow drug uniformity

ILs favor drug incorporation





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Acknowledgments



Funding



Scholarship
PADDIC 2018-2019
and 2019-2020



EXPL/BTM-MAT/0112/2021
UIDB/04567/2020 and
UIDP/04567/2020



Grant Programme FIPID 2019/2020



THANK
YOU



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