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## *Plectranthus aliciae*: Biological activity of 6,7-dehydroroyleanone and derivatives

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pharmaceuticals



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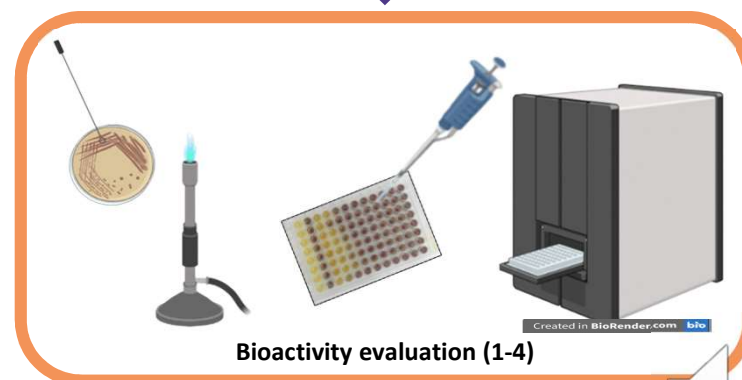
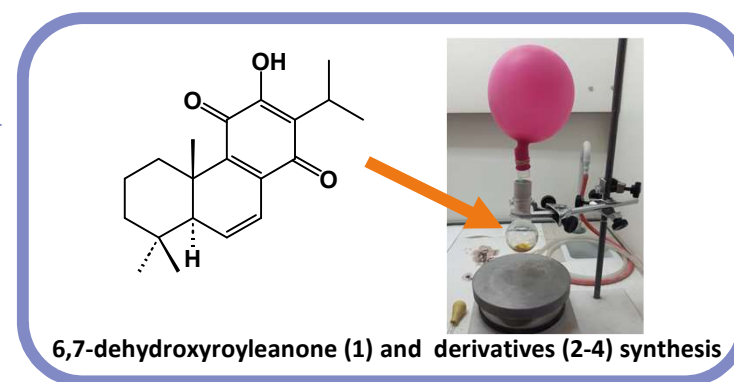
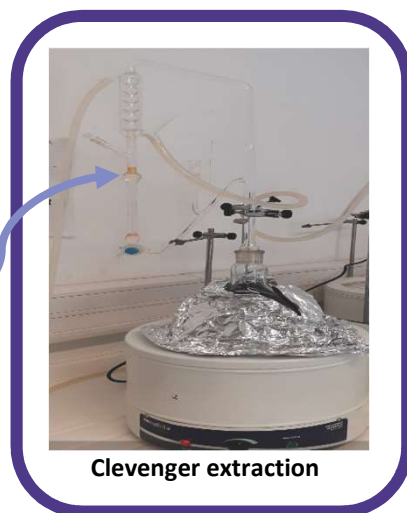
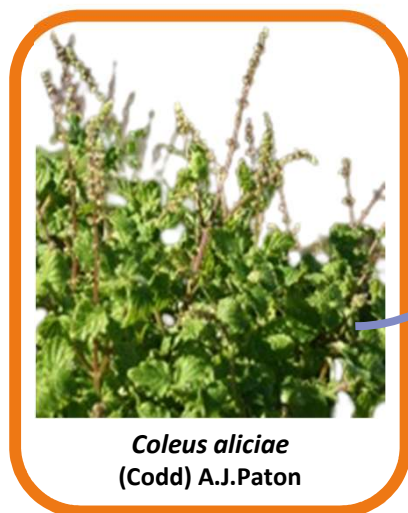
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## *Plectranthus aliciae*: Biological activity of 6,7-dehydroroyleanone and derivatives





**Abstract:** *Plectranthus* genus (Lamiaceae) is known to be rich in bioactive abietane royleanone-type diterpenes, such as the 6,7-dehydroxyroyleanone (**1**), which have been previously found in *P. madagascariensis* (var. *aliciae* Codd). This abietane royleanone present moderate to significant cytotoxic activity against several cancer cell lines. Moreover, **1** has one hydroxyl group suitable for derivatization, that can be explored to enhance the cytotoxic potential of lead compound **1**. Based on this, the aim of the present work was to explore the obtention of **1**, from *P. aliciae aliciae* (Codd) van Jaarsv. & T.J.Edwards., a subspecies of *P. madagascariensis* to be further used in the preparation of new derivatives with enhanced biological activities. *P. aliciae* leaves hydrodistillation using a Clevenger equipment was performed, affording the essential oil (EO). **1** was assessed as the major compound of the EO, by HPLC-DAD, which was isolated and used as scaffold for esterification reactions. It was possible to obtain in three new acyl derivatives (**2** to **4**), with overall good yields (86 - 95 %). Regarding the biological activity screening, the semi-synthetic derivatives (**2-4**) improved the antioxidant activity and the cytotoxicity in MCF-7 and NCI-H460 human cancer cell lines, when comparing to **1**. Amazingly, the new esters (**2-4**) showed a promising anti-inflammatory activity, in a range of 16 to 53 times higher than **1** and also than the positive control dexamethasone. Currently, the mechanism of action and safety of the potential anti-inflammatory derivatives are under evaluation.

**Keywords:** anti-inflammatory; bioactivity; essential oil; *Plectranthus*; royleanone



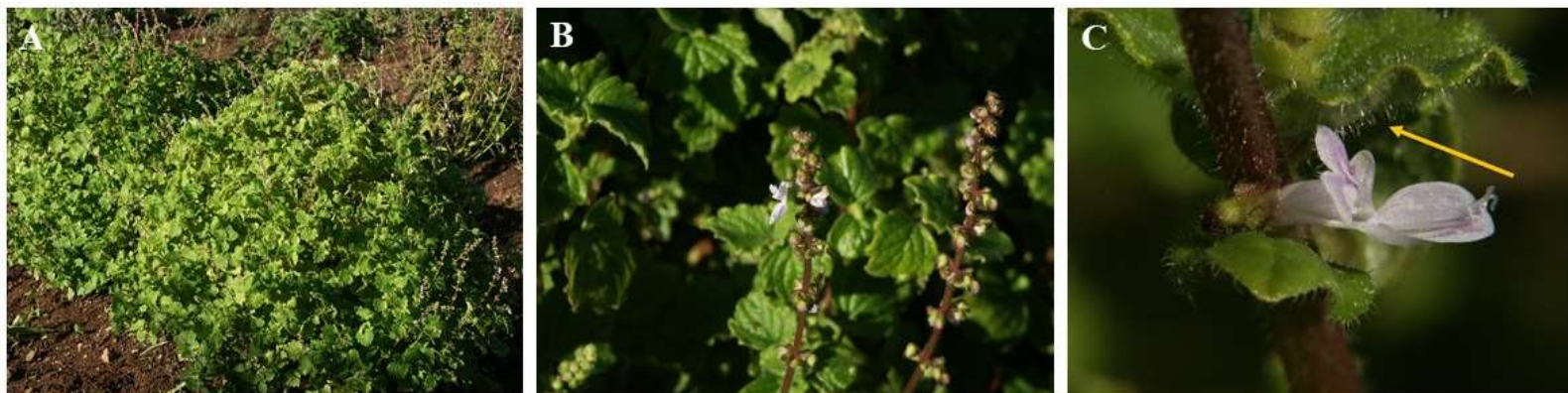


## Introduction

✂ Belongs to the Lamiaceae family and it's a commercially important group of flowering plants.

✂ *Plectranthus* L'Hér. genus was more than 300 species distributed essentially in Africa, Asia, Australia, and some Pacific islands.

✂ *P. aliciae* has a history of traditional medicinal use by local communities to treat respiratory ailments.



**FIGURE 1.** *P. aliciae* plant: A. whole plant; B. Corolla and teathed leaves; C. Hairly ovate leaves with red glands.





## Results and discussion

### Extraction and DHR quantification

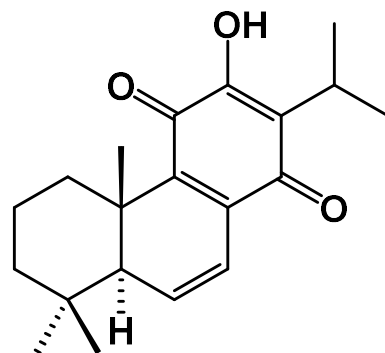


FIGURE 2. 6,7-dehydroxyroyleanone (DHR 1), the major compound of *P. madagascariensis* EO and acetonic extract.

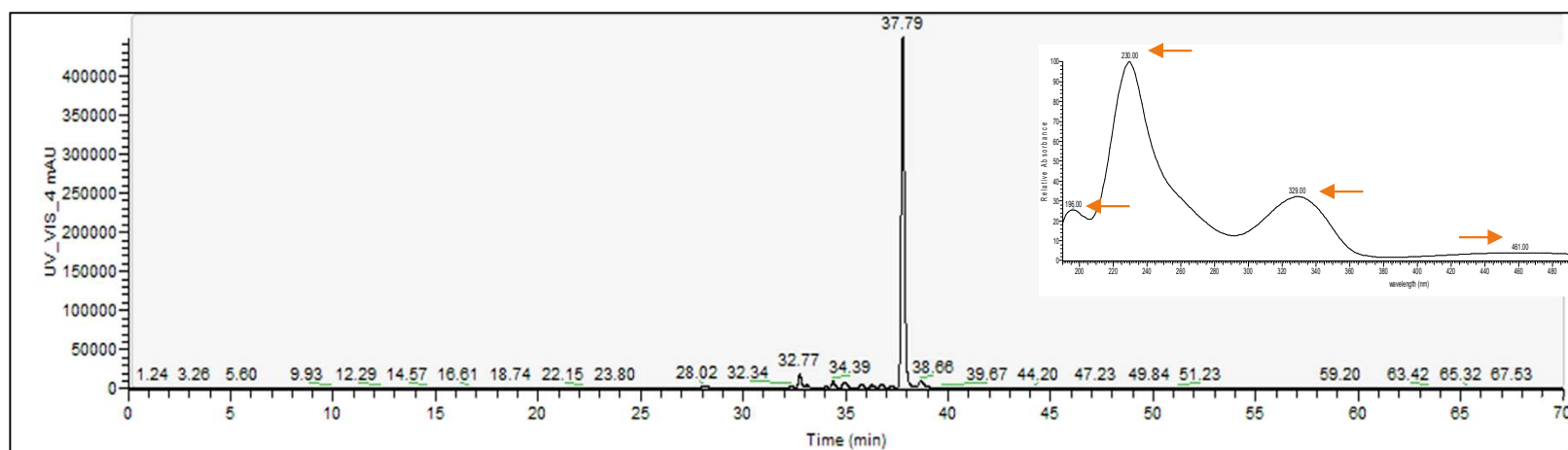


FIGURE 3. Extract chromatogram and UV spectra of DHR 1.





## Results and discussion

### Bioactivity evaluation of the compounds

Samples	ABTS IC <sub>50</sub> (mM)	DPPH IC <sub>50</sub> (mM)	ORAC (TE)	HORAC (TE)	NO IC <sub>50</sub> (mM)
1	0.582	> 1.5	0.291	0.294	0.833
2	0.296	0.685	0.550	0.608	> 1.5
3	0.362	0.706	0.757	0.630	1.050
4	0.302	0.542	0.826	0.642	0.544
Trolox	0.160	0.221	1	1	> 1.5
Ascorbic Acid	0.350	0.350	-	-	-

**TABLE 1.** Antioxidant capacity of DHR 1 and its derivatives 2 to 4, using different methodologies.

TE- Trolox Equivalent; ORAC- Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity; HORAC- Hydroxyl Radical Absorbance Capacity; NO- Nitric Oxide; TAOC- Total Antioxidant Capacity.

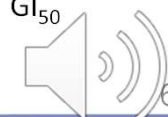
Samples	<i>S. aureus</i>		Methicillin-Resistant <i>S. aureus</i> (MRSA)	
	MIC	MBC	Samples	MIC
1	3.91	31.25	1	3.91
2	3.91	>31.2	2	3.91
3	3.91	>31.2	3	3.91
4	3.91	>31.2	4	3.91
Vancomycin	1.95	1.95	Vancomycin	1.95

**TABLE 2.** MIC and MBC values of the compounds obtained by the microdilution method against Gram-positive strains in µg/mL.

Samples	AGS	CaCo-2	MCF-7	NCI-H460	PLP2
1	24.31 ± 1.41	31.62 ± 2.74	60.44 ± 3.69	82.98 ± 2.98	13.39 ± 0.61
2	20.74 ± 1.71	28.61 ± 0.14	27.45 ± 0.33	16.04 ± 1.68	27.54 ± 0.26
3	66.16 ± 4.49	20.38 ± 1.91	17.77 ± 0.75	12.99 ± 0.31	18.02 ± 0.19
4	18.53 ± 1.75	51.36 ± 1.56	38.45 ± 1.14	38.53 ± 3.03	36.07 ± 0.90
Ellipcin	4.99 ± 0.12	4.91 ± 0.08	4.14 ± 0.08	4.10 ± 0.08	5.68 ± 0.41

**TABLE 3.** Cytotoxicity results against different cell lines. GI<sub>50</sub> results expressed in µM.

AGS- gastric carcinoma; CaCo-2- colorectal adenocarcinoma; MCF-7- breast carcinoma; NCI-H460- lung cancer; PLP2- non-tumor cell line.





## Results and discussion

### Bioactivity evaluation of the compounds

**TABLE 4.** Anti-proliferative effect in MDA-MB-231S cancer cell line. IC<sub>50</sub> values presented in μM.

Samples	IC <sub>50</sub> (μM)
1	4.3
2	>10
3	>10
4	>10
Doxorubicin	0.07 ± 0.01

Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) was used as the negative control. Doxorubicin- positive control.

**TABLE 5.** Anti-inflammatory activity using RAW 264.7 macrophages. IC<sub>50</sub> results expressed in μM.

Samples	NO Production Inhibition (IC <sub>50</sub> μM)
1	>159.00
2	9.94 ± 0.70
3	3.48 ± 0.18
4	4.19 ± 0.13
Dexametasone	16.05 ± 1.02

Dexametasone- positive control.





## Conclusions

☞ DHR **1** was the major constituent of the *P. aliciae* OE. This compound was quantified by HPLC, corresponding to 60% mg/g in the EO.

☞ DHR **1** was derivatized and the results showed successful esterification reactions at the C-12 moiety led to the synthesis of three compounds (**2-4**) with overall good yields (86-95%).

☞ The anti-inflammatory activity displayed the most promising results. Esterification at the C-12 esterification of **1** resulted in a significant increase in anti-inflammatory activity in derivatives **2** to **4**.

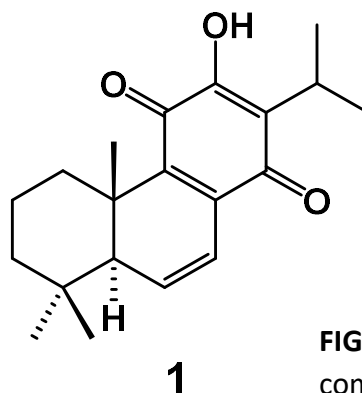


FIGURE 2. 6,7-dehydroxyroyleanone (DHR **1**), the major compound of *P. madagascariensis* EO and acetic extract







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