



The 9th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2023)

01–30 November 2023 | Online

Single or Mixed edge activators: a Shift in transfersomes properties?

Chaired by **Dr. Alfredo Berzal-Herranz**
and **Prof. Dr. Maria Emília Sousa**



pharmaceuticals



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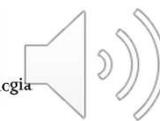
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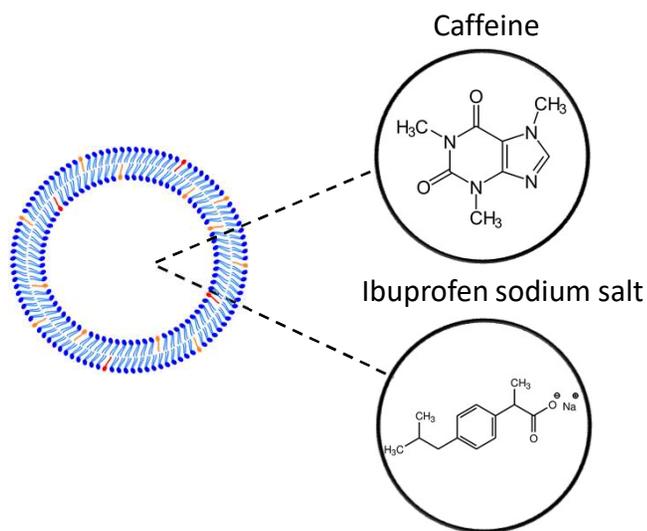
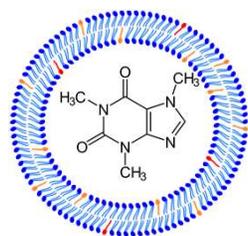


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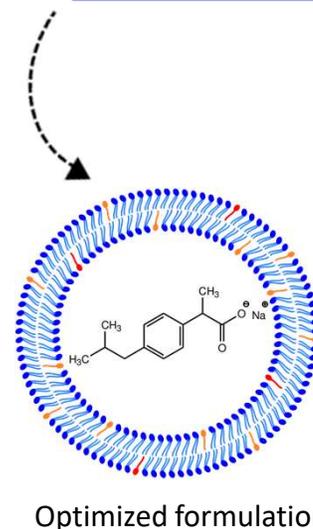
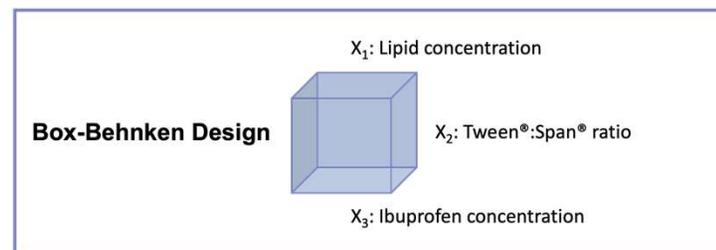


Single or Mixed edge activators: a shift in transfersomes properties?

A Preliminary Study



B Mixed Edge Activators – An innovative optimization



Potential for skin delivery

- Proper vesicle size and PDI
- Suitable storage stability
- Biocompatible





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Abstract:

Transfersomes, a novel lipid-based vesicular system, have revolutionized drug delivery by improving the skin delivery of bioactive compounds. These deformable lipid vesicles are composed of phospholipids and edge activators (EA), which play a crucial role in conferring flexibility and deformability to the vesicles, thereby enabling efficient drug loading as well as an improved drug transport across biological barriers. Traditionally, transfersomes have a single EA; however, recent research suggests the benefits of mixing different edge activators to optimize their performance. Quality-by-design strategies, like Box-Behnken factorial design (BBD) offer a valuable manner to develop new formulations. This study aimed to assess the impact of single or mixed EA on transfersomes' physicochemical properties and their cytotoxicity profile. Transfersomes were prepared with and without two model drugs, ibuprofen sodium salt (IBU) and caffeine. The effect of EA on transfersomes physicochemical properties was evaluated by measuring vesicle size (Vs), polydispersity index (PDI), encapsulation efficiency (EE), and loading capacity (LC) during 60 days of storage. Moreover, In vitro cytotoxicity studies were performed using HaCaT cells. All formulations whether composed of single or mixed EA, presented interesting results ($V_s < 300$ nm, and $PDI < 0.3$), considering the cutaneous delivery target. IBU exhibited good EE and LC, while caffeine encapsulation requires improvement. These results remained stable under refrigerated conditions for at least 30 days. Additionally, cell viability assays indicated transfersomes' compatibility with human keratinocytes. Overall, by combining the distinct physicochemical properties of diverse edge activators it was possible to tailor transfersomes as skin delivery carriers, enhancing their characteristics and addressing challenges related to the colloidal stability.

Keywords: transfersomes; nanovesicular systems; edge activators; physicochemical properties; cytotoxicity.



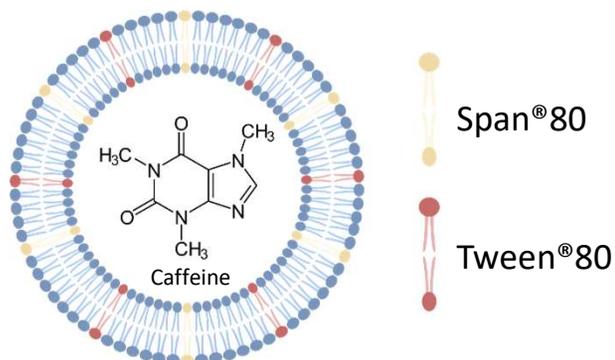


Introduction

Preliminary study

Aim: Evaluate edge activators ratio impact on transfersomes

Starting point: pre-optimized formulation



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EA:Lipid ratio (15:85)

New defined ratios

Tween®80 : PC (w/w)	Span®80 : PC (w/w)
15:85	-
7.5:85	7.5:85
-	15:85

Analysis

- Physicochemical characterization (Vs and PDI)
- Storage stability studies
- Cytotoxicity assay





Results and discussion

Preliminary study

Physicochemical Properties

- Vs varied according to the **type of EA** used

Storage stability

- Properties remained stable for **1 month**

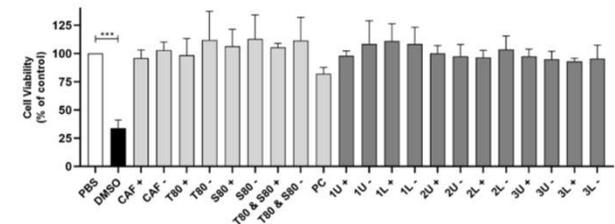
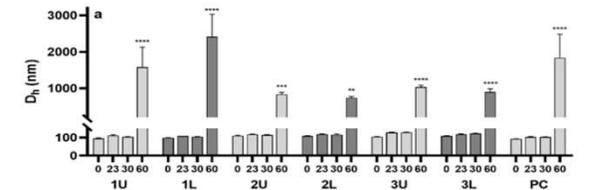
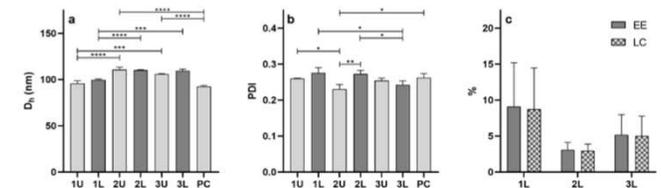
Cytotoxicity

- All formulations were compatible with **HaCaT cells** upon 24 h treatment

Single versus mixed edge activators in caffeine-loaded transfersomes: physicochemical and cytotoxicity assessment

Ativadores de superfície únicos versus mistos em transferossomas para veicular cafeína: avaliação físico-química e de citotoxicidade

Íris Guerreiro ^{1,2#}, Marta Rodrigues ^{3#}, Ana Sofia Fernandes ¹, Catarina Rosado ¹, Catarina Pereira-Leite ^{1,4*}



Doi:10.19277/bbr.18.2.267

Vs: Vesicle Size

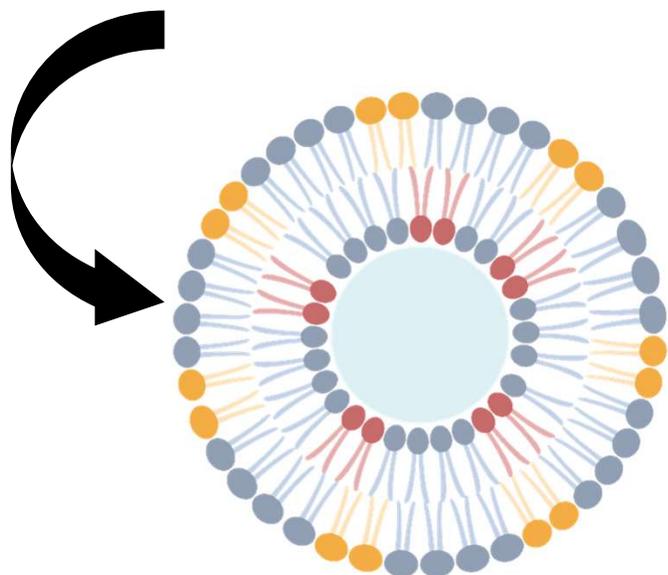


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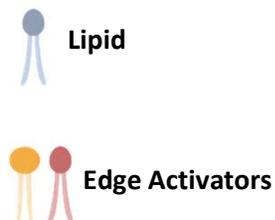


Conclusions

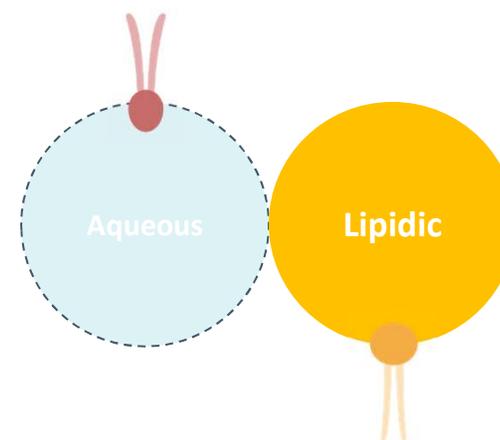
Question: Single or Mixed edge activators?



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Transfersomes = 2 compartments



Is there potential in combining both moieties?

Explore the possibility of mixing EA!

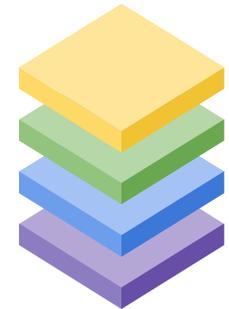




Introduction

Aim: Mixed edge activators – An innovative optimization

- **Box-Behnken design (BBD) strategy**
- **Optimization** of a ibuprofen-loaded transfersomal formulation
- **Experimental validation** of BBD theoretical predictions
- **Cytotoxicity** in a 3D HaCaT cultures
- **Storage stability**



Optimized content		
[Pc] % (w/v)	EA ratio	[Ibu] % (w/v)
4	2.5:12.5	0.125

Doi:10.3390/pharmaceutics15041209





Results and discussion

Model validation

- Experimental results **validated** BBD model

Cytotoxicity:

- Transfersomes **did not impact** cell death

Storage stability:

- Stable for **2 months**

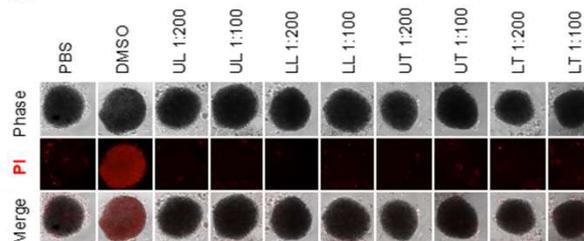
Article

Mixed Edge Activators in Ibuprofen-Loaded Transfersomes: An Innovative Optimization Strategy Using Box–Behnken Factorial Design

João Vieira ^{1,2}, Jéssica Castelo ³, Marta Martins ^{1,2}, Nuno Saraiva ¹, Catarina Rosado ¹ and Catarina Pereira-Leite ^{1,4,*}

BBD responses (Theoretical vs Experimental)				
	Size	PDI	EE	LC
Theoretical	153.1	0.19	34	1.1
Experimental	166 ± 20	0.23 ± 0.03	34 ± 9	1.1 ± 0.3

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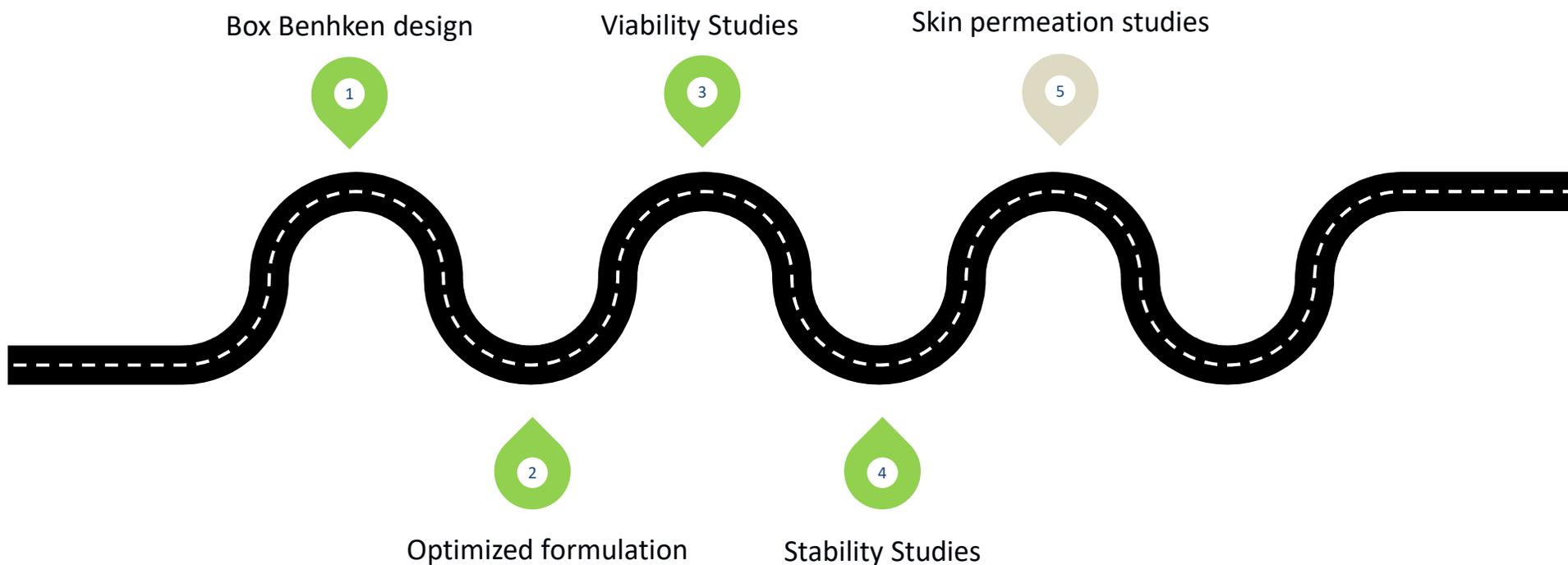


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Conclusions





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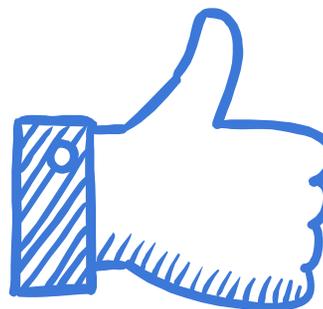


Acknowledgments



FCT

Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia
MINISTÉRIO DA CIÊNCIA, TECNOLOGIA E ENSINO SUPERIOR



THANKS!

Any questions?

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This research was funded by national funds through FCT – Foundation for Science and Technology, I.P., under the EXPL/BTM-MAT/0112/2021, UIDB/04567/2020, and UIDP/04567/2020 projects attributed to CBIOS and by the research grants attributed to J.V, M.M. (UI/BD/151424/2021) and I.G. (2020.07813.BD). The APC was funded by FCT – Foundation for Science and Technology, I.P., EXPL/BTM-MAT/0112/2021 project.

