



# The 9th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2023)

01–30 November 2023 | Online

## New 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines to tackle *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* virulence

Chaired by **Dr. Alfredo Berzal-Herranz**  
and **Prof. Dr. Maria Emília Sousa**



pharmaceuticals



**Marie Hanot <sup>1,\*</sup>, Elodie Lohou <sup>1</sup>, François Peltier <sup>1</sup> and Pascal Sonnet <sup>1</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Laboratoire AGIR, UR 4294, Université de Picardie Jules Verne (UPJV), UFR de pharmacie, 1 rue des louvels, 80037 Amiens, France

\* Corresponding author: [marie.hanot@u-picardie.fr](mailto:marie.hanot@u-picardie.fr)





## Abstract

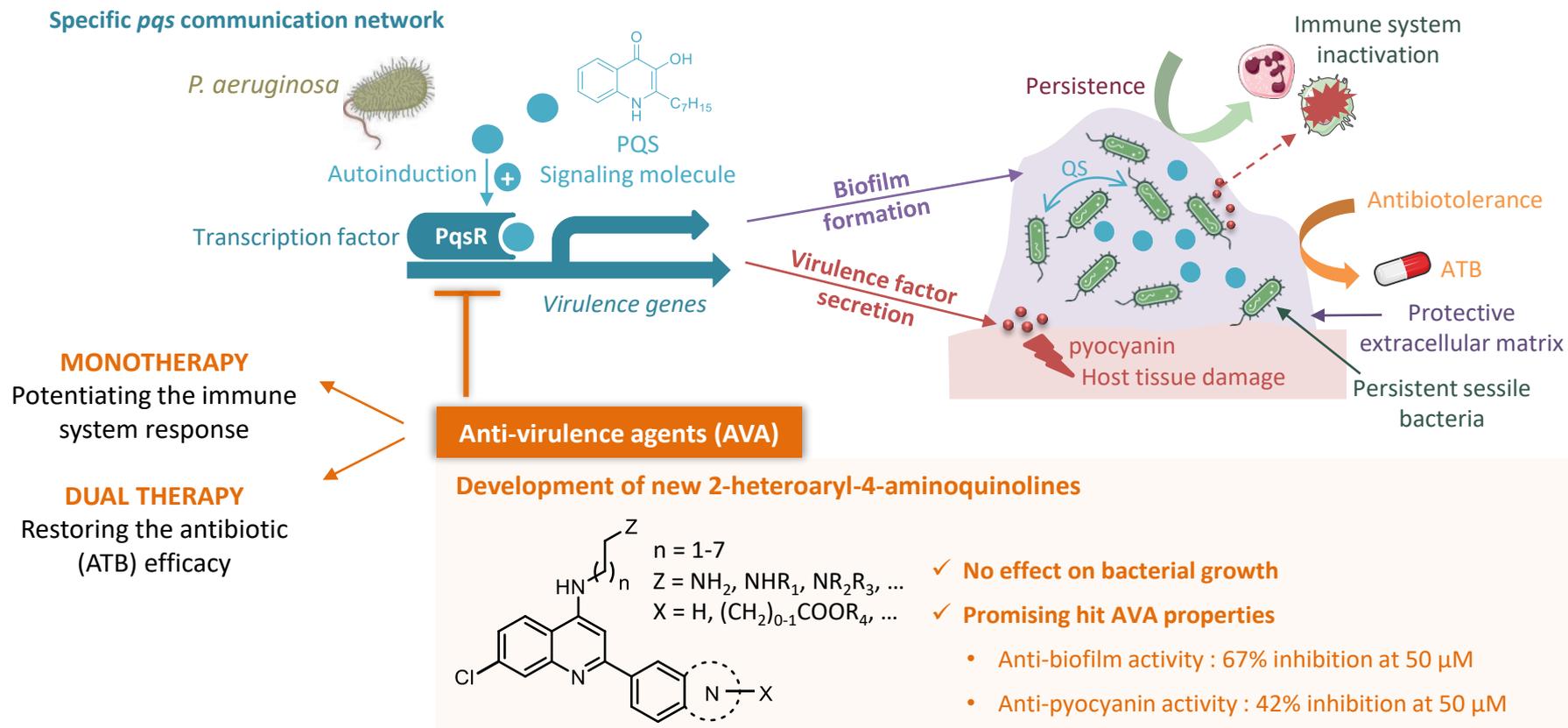
The multi-drug resistant pathogen *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* has been designated by the WHO as a high-priority for the development of new anti-infective treatments. Among Gram-negative bacteria, this species secretes a characteristic cytotoxic pigment called pyocyanin and is able to form biofilms that act as protective barriers against the immune system and antibiotics. Such pathogenicity is mainly regulated by the quorum sensing (QS) pathways that orchestrate the bacterial communication according to the population density. *P. aeruginosa* possesses a specific QS system : *pqs*. In this circuit, the transcription factor PqsR stimulates the expression of virulence-related genes *via* recognition of its auto-inducer PQS (*Pseudomonas* Quinolone Signal). This notably controls the secretion of pyocyanin and the establishment of biofilms. Therefore, the development of QS inhibitors as anti-virulence agents (AVA) able to tackle *P. aeruginosa* without affecting bacterial growth appears as a promising strategy to circumvent the selection pressure mediated by conventional antibiotherapy. Ultimately, they could restore the efficacy of antibiotics in dual therapy or potentiate the immune system response in monotherapy. In particular, the design of PqsR inhibitors seems like a sustainable approach to combat *P. aeruginosa* specifically. In the literature, benzamide-benzimidazole, indole-naphthalene and benzofurane-aminoquinoline hybrids have been reported as such quenchers. Meanwhile, our team discovered a hit 2-heteroaryl-4-quinolone that displays interesting anti-biofilm and anti-pyocyanin activities. By structural analogy with these bi-aromatic molecules, we have recently developed a new family of 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines with promising anti-virulence properties. The presentation describes the synthesis of our new AVA as well as their physicochemical and biological evaluation.

**Keywords:** Multi-resistant bacteria; *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*; Biofilm; Quorum Sensing; anti-virulence agents.



# New 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines to tackle *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* virulence

## Graphical Abstract

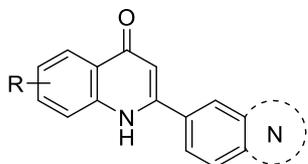




## Introduction

### Design strategy of novel 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines as anti-virulence agents (AVA)

1<sup>st</sup> AVA family developed in AGIR lab  
Hit compound **IQO-1**



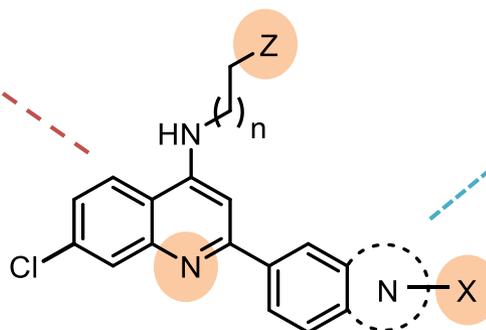
**2-heteroaryl-4-quinolone**  
**IQO-1**  
(R=7-Cl)

#### Validated biological prerequisites

- ✓ No bacteriostatic effect on *P. aeruginosa*
- ✓ Low to moderate cytotoxicity in a human HepG2 cell line: CC<sub>50</sub> = 97% (**IQO-1**)

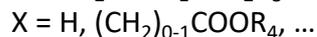
#### Anti-virulence efficacy in *P. aeruginosa* PAO1 strain

- ✓ Anti-biofilm activity: 34 and 32% inhibition at 25 and 50 μM, respectively
- ✓ Anti-pyocyanin activity: 35% inhibition at 100 μM



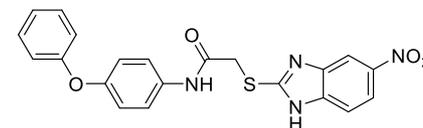
**2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines**

$$n = 1-7$$



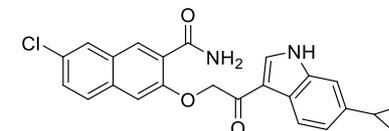
**Ionizable functions at physiological pH**  
→ Facilitated transport across the lipopolysaccharidic diderm barrier of Gram-negative bacteria *via* porins

Bi-aromatic PqsR inhibitors described in the literature



**Benzamide-benzimidazole**  
**M64 (IQS-1)**

PqsR inhibition (IC<sub>50</sub>): 0.32<sup>a</sup>/1.22<sup>b</sup> μM  
Anti-biofilm activity<sup>a</sup>: 50% inhibition at 10 μM  
Anti-pyocyanin activity (IC<sub>50</sub>)<sup>b</sup>: 0.3 μM  
Tested strains: <sup>a</sup>PAO1, <sup>b</sup>PA14  
No cytotoxicity on lung epithelial cells (A549)



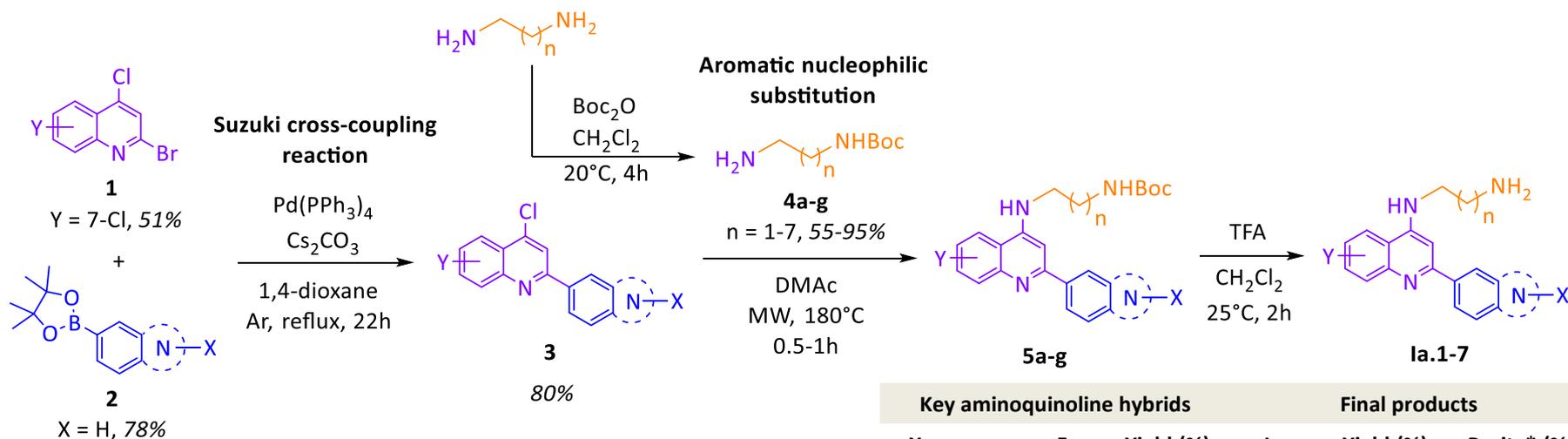
**Indole-naphthalene**  
**SPR-00305 (IQS-2)**

Anti-PQS activity (IC<sub>50</sub>): 0.05-0.25 μM  
Anti-pyocyanin activity (IC<sub>50</sub>): 0.05-0.25 μM  
Tested strain: PA14  
Eukaryotic cytotoxicity: not determined



## Results & Discussion

### Synthesis of 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines



Key aminoquinoline hybrids				Final products		
X	n	5	Yield (%)	1a	Yield (%)	Purity* (%)
H	1	<b>5a</b>	54	<b>1a.1</b>	75	92
H	2	<b>5b</b>	45	<b>1a.2</b>	96	99
H	3	<b>5c</b>	46	<b>1a.3</b>	93	93
H	4	<b>5d</b>	31	<b>1a.4</b>	81	91
H	5	<b>5e</b>	28	<b>1a.5</b>	59	96
H	6	<b>5f</b>	68	<b>1a.6</b>	88	93
H	7	<b>5g</b>	40	<b>1a.7</b>	55	96



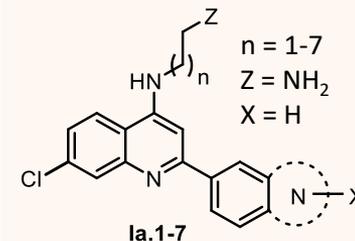
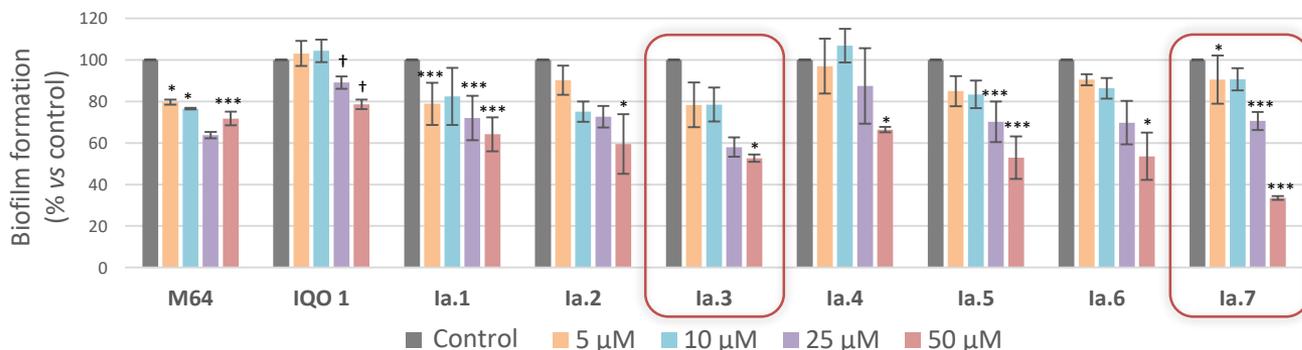
## Results & Discussion

### Biological prerequisite study

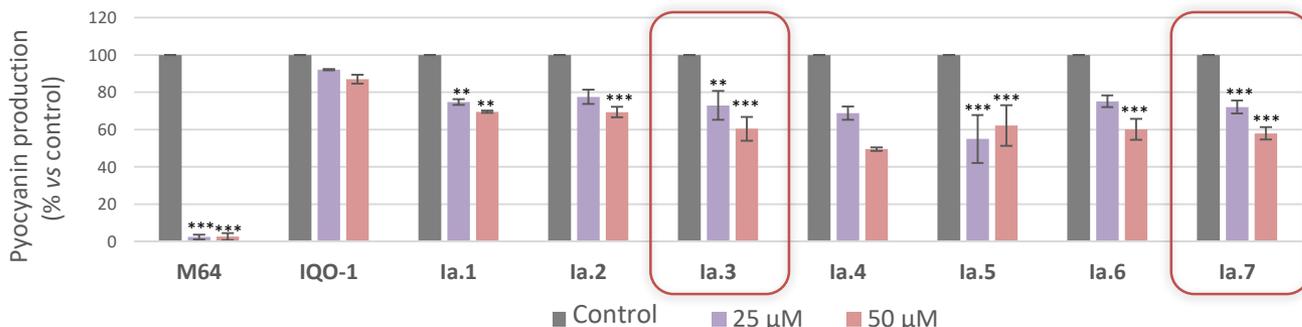
No effect on pseudomonal growth → **Validation of the biological prerequisite for the development of AVA**

### Anti-virulence evaluation

**Anti-biofilm activity (PAO1 strain)** → Biofilm staining with crystal violet and quantification *via* UV/Vis spectrometry



**Anti-pyocyanin activity (PAO1 strain)** → Pyocyanin extraction and quantification *via* UV/Vis spectrometry



Anti-biofilm activities at 50 μM

**Ia.1-7 > M64 & IQO-1**

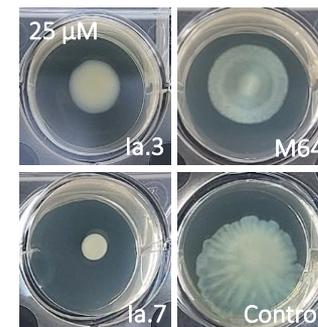
Anti-pyocyanin activities at 50 μM

**Ia.1-7 << M64**

**Ia.1-7 > IQO-1**

Most potent compounds: Ia.3 & Ia.7

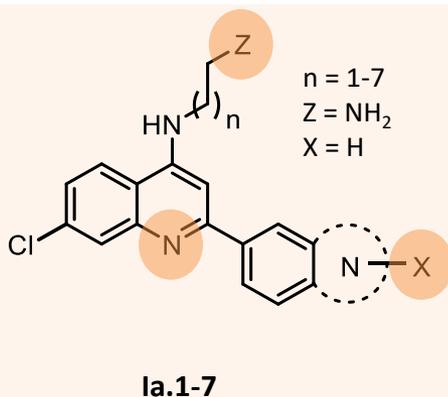
Anti-swarming activity (PAO1 strain)





## Conclusion & Perspectives

### Synthesis of seven new 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines



✓ 5 steps

Global yields : 5-21 %

✓ Ionizable functions at physiological pH (*in silico* and experimental results)

→ Facilitated penetration of the outer membrane *via* porins

#### Compounds Ia.3 & Ia.7 (n = 3 & 7)

✓ No bacteriostatic activity on *P. aeruginosa*

✓ Potent anti-virulence activity on the PAO1 strain

- Anti-biofilm activity : 47 & 67% inhibition at 50  $\mu\text{M}$

- Anti-pyocyanin activity : 40 & 42% inhibition at 50  $\mu\text{M}$

- Anti-swarming activity from 25  $\mu\text{M}$

	IQO-1	M64	Ia.3 (n=3)	Ia.7 (n=7)
Eukaryotic cytotoxicity on a human HepG2 cell line CC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	97 $\pm$ 5	58 $\pm$ 7	8 $\pm$ 3	39 $\pm$ 2

Moderate cytotoxicity on human cells for hybrid Ia.7 (vs Ia.3)

→ **New hit AVA**

→ Ongoing pharmacomodulations on the bi-aromatic scaffold to expand the efficacy screening



# The 9th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry (ECMC 2023)

01–30 November 2023 | Online

## New 2-heteroaryl-4-aminoquinolines to tackle *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* virulence

Chaired by **Dr. Alfredo Berzal-Herranz**  
and **Prof. Dr. Maria Emília Sousa**



pharmaceuticals



**Marie Hanot**<sup>1,\*</sup>, **Elodie Lohou**<sup>1</sup>, **François Peltier**<sup>1</sup> and **Pascal Sonnet**<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Laboratoire AGIR, UR 4294, Université de Picardie Jules Verne (UPJV),  
UFR de pharmacie, 1 rue des louvels, 80037 Amiens, France

\* Corresponding author: [marie.hanot@u-picardie.fr](mailto:marie.hanot@u-picardie.fr)

