

## The 1st International Online Conference on Bioengineering



16-18 October 2024 | Online

## The Role and Future Directions of 3D Printing in Custom Prosthetic Design

Partha Protim Borthakur<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Dibrugarh University

### **1. Introduction**

The field of prosthetics has witnessed a significant revolution with the advent of 3D printing technology, offering new possibilities for personalized and efficient design. Traditional methods of prosthetic creation often involved long, labor-intensive processes that led to high costs and limited customization. However, 3D printing allows for the rapid prototyping of prosthetics tailored to the individual needs of patients, ensuring a more precise fit and enhanced comfort. This technology enables healthcare providers to create complex and lightweight structures that mimic the functionality of natural limbs. The future of custom prosthetic design is promising, as innovations in materials and 3D printing techniques continue to evolve. Advances in biocompatibility and sustainability are driving new directions, with the potential to make custom prosthetics more accessible, affordable, and functional for users worldwide. This poster explores the role of 3D printing in the current landscape of prosthetic design and its future trajectories.

## 2. Advantages of 3D Printing in Prosthetics:

**1. Reduced Production Time:** 



## **3.1 Technological Components:**

3.1.1 3D Scanning & CAD (Computer-Aided Design):

3D printing significantly shortens the manufacturing process compared to traditional methods.

Rapid prototyping allows for faster testing and deployment.

#### 2. Lower Costs:

Less material waste and reduced labor costs.

Affordable alternative, especially in low-resource settings.

#### 3. Customization & Precision:

#### **3D Scanning & CAD Integration:**

Precise digital models of residual limbs for a perfect fit. Improved comfort and functionality for the patient.

#### 4. Incorporation of Advanced Materials:

Flexibility in design allows for the use of durable, lightweight, and specialized materials.

Enhances durability and performance of prosthetics.

## 4. Challenges & Future Outlook:

#### Material Constraints: Current limitations in materials that balance strength, flexibility, and cost.

**Regulatory Hurdles:** 

Need for approval from medical regulatory bodies for use of new materials and techniques.

**Future Developments:** 

Ongoing advancements in software, hardware, and material science will continue to improve the quality and affordability of prosthetics.



Figure 3.1 : CAD model of a residual limb and the corresponding 3D printed prosthetic



Figure 3.2 : 3D printed prosthetics with different materials and design features.

#### CONCLUSION

3D printing technology offers a transformative approach to prosthetic limb production by providing a faster, more Enables the creation of personalized digital models based on patient anatomy.

Improves accuracy and comfort.

**3.1.2 Materials & Advanced Design Features:** Biocompatible and lightweight materials. Customization for both aesthetic and functional needs.

# 3.2 Impact on Accessibility & Democratization:

3.2.1 Affordability in Low-Resource Settings:

Open-source designs enable local manufacturing. Reduced dependence on centralized production.

#### **3.2.2 On-Demand Manufacturing:**

3D printers allow local healthcare providers to produce prosthetics in-house. Faster, more accessible care for amputees in remote areas.

Table 1: key aspects of **Prosthetics & Orthopedics: Customized Prosthetics and Bone Replacements** with 3D Printing:

Category	Description			
3D Printing in Prosthetics	Custom-made prosthetics tailored to individual patients' anatomy, improving fit, comfort, and functionality. Enhances mobility and quality of life.			
3D Printing in Orthopedics	Revolutionized bone replacements through personalized implants that match bone structure, improving integration and reducing post-op complications.			
Bone Replacement	Customized implants address complex fractures, bone defects, and non-traditional cases where standard implants don't work. Improves fixation stability and reduces recovery time.			
Custom Implants for Joint Surgery	Custom 3D-printed implants are designed to fit perfectly, reducing operative time, enhancing osseointegration, and preventing complications.			

1	$\sim$		SINCE		affordable, and customizable solution. It has	jê.	Technological	Integration of imaging (e.g., CT scans) and analytics allows for patient-specific
1000				Sid The	the potential to democratize access to	3	Advancements	design and biomechanical evaluation to optimize implant performance.
177			C P		prosthetic care, especially in low-resource		Personalized	Patient-specific prostheses offer better integration with natural limbs, improving
Medica		Medicines	Tissue and organs	Anatomical models	settings, and revolutionize the field with		Prostheses	function and reducing infection risk with advanced coatings (silver ions,
devices			-		continued advancements in technology and			hydroxyapatite). 🗸
Surgical tools Implants Prostheses Orthoses	(prostheses,dentures, braces) Surgical guides	Controlled drug delivery Orally disintegratin formulations	Organ-on-a-chip	Surgical guides (for medical training and education)	materials.			
Hearing aids	Dental models	Personalized medicines	(Pacemaker)					

### REFERENCES

1 Zhou J, Zhang Z, Joseph J, et al. Biomaterials and nanomedicine for bone regeneration: Progress and future prospects. Exploration (Beijing). 2021;1(2):20210011.
Cummings D. Prosthetics in the developing world: a review of the literature. Prosthet Orthot Int. 1996;20(1):51-60. doi: 10.3109/03093649609164416.

• 2.Barcik J, Ernst M, Schwyn R, et al. Development of surgical tools and procedures for experimental preclinical surgery using computer simulations and 3D printing. Int J Online Biomed Eng. 2020;16:183-195. doi:.

•3. Ivanov S, Valchanov P, Hristov S, Veselinov D, Gueorguiev B. Management of complex acetabular fractures by using 3DPrinted models. Medicina (Kaunas). 2022;58(12):1854. doi:10.3300/medicina58121854, PubMed: 36557056.

•4. Pastor T, Nagy L, Fürnstahl P, Roner S, Pastor T, Schweizer A. Three-dimensional planning and patient-specific Instrumentation for the fixation of distal radius fractures. Medicina (Kaunas). 2022;58(6):744. doi: 10.3350/medicina5060744, PubMed: 35744007.

•5. Rengier F, Mehndiratta A, von Tengg-Kobligk H, et al. 3Dprinting based on imaging data: review of medical applications. Int J Comput Assist Radiol Surg. 2010;5(4):335-341. doi: 10107/511547-010-0476-x.

### IOCBE2024.sciforum.net