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The innovative potential of *Mentha* species in Morocco: An assessment based on patent analysis

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INTRODUCTION & AIM

- The plant biodiversity of Morocco is remarkable, which has allowed the development of a tradition of using aromatic and medicinal plants for food and preserving health.
- Among the plants frequently used are the species of the genus *Mentha*, belonging to the large family of *Lamiaceae* that usually bears its name (Mint family).
- In this work, we have identified, through a bibliographic search, the species of the genus Mentha commonly used in Morocco.
- Using patent analysis, we identify the areas of technological innovation conducive to exploiting species of the genus *Mentha* from Morocco.

METHOD

Major Moroccan species of the genus Mentha was identified:

Mentha species	Common name	Moroccan vernacular
M. longifolia L.	Longleaf mint	Tahindest – Nemdar
		Habaq el bahr
M. pulegium L.	Penny mint	Fliyyo
M. gattefossei Maire	Persian Mint	Fliyyo dyal jbel
M. spicata L.	Spearmint	Na'na'
(include M. viridis L.)		
M. suaveolens Ehr.	Round-leaved mint	Marseta Na' na' lemsewwaf
M. rotundifolia Huds.		
= M. longifolia × M. suaveolens		

- Trough specialized databases (The Lens and Google Patents), we analyzed the patent documents (granted patents and applications) for each species, with a particular focus on the number of patent documents published, patent families.
- The classification codes attributed to the documents, allowed to deduce the relevant technological fields for the use of the studied plant species.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

• The genus *Mentha* is cited in the title, abstract or claims of approximately 3400 applications or granted patents. 94% of these documents have been published since the year 2000.

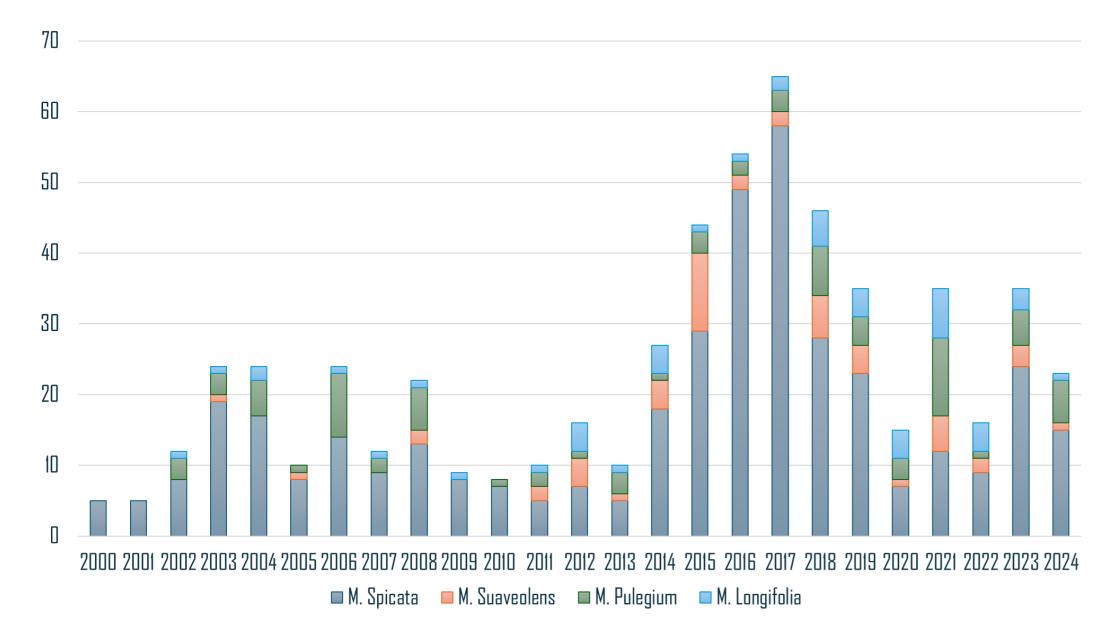


Figure 1. The evolution of the number of patent documents published since the year 2000 concerning the main Moroccan Mentha species.

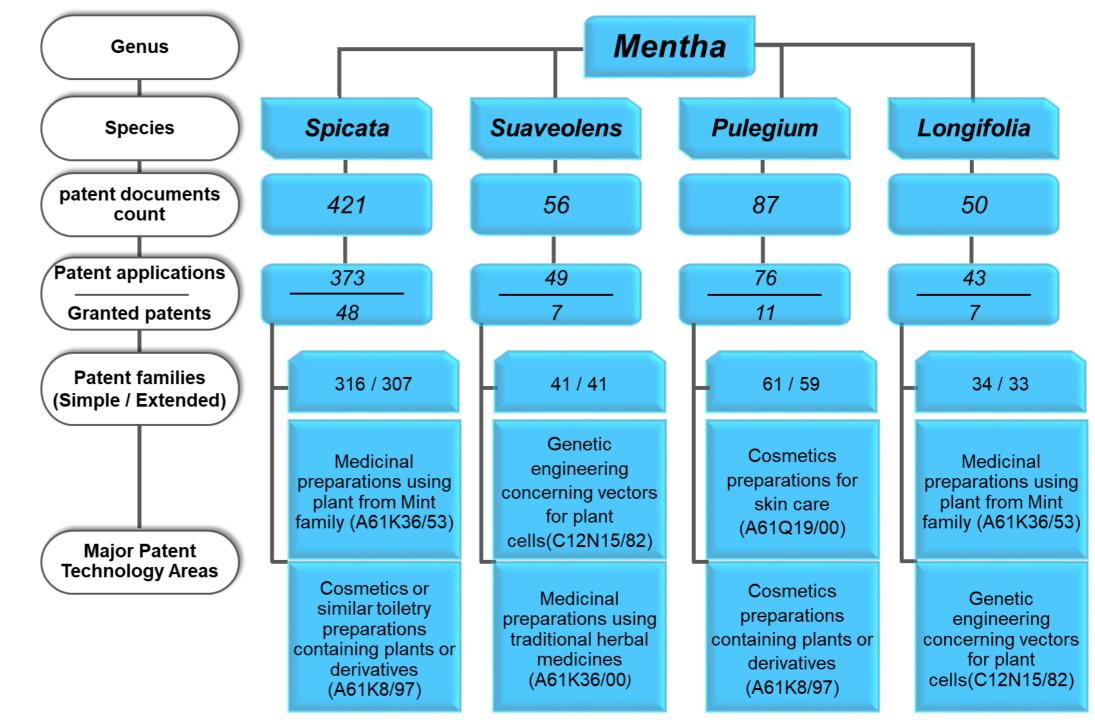


Figure 2. Summary of extracted data from patent documents concerning the major Moroccan Mentha species

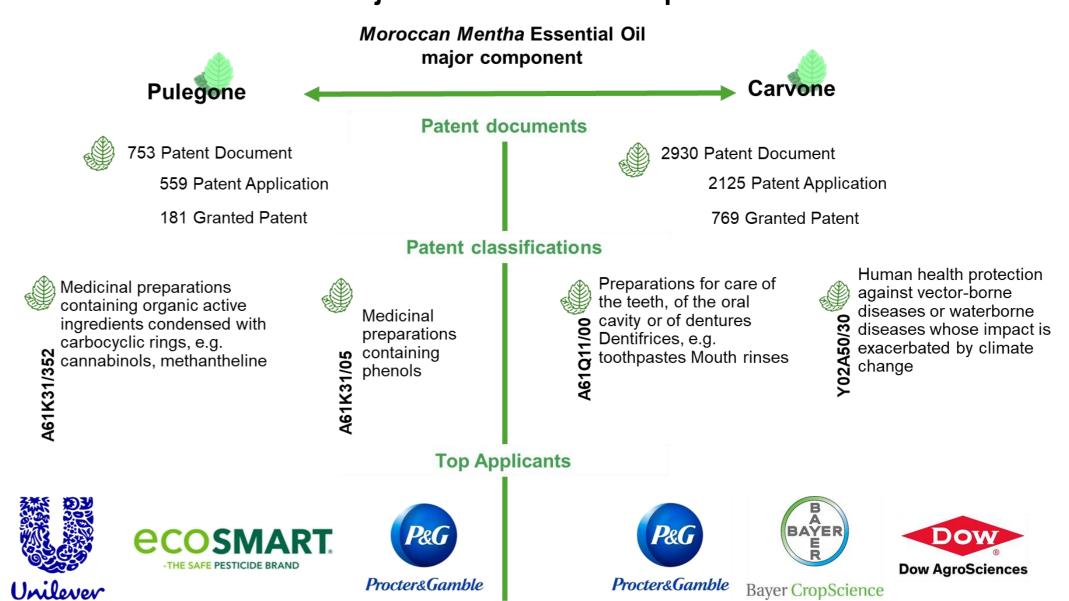


Figure 3. Summary of extracted data from patent documents concerning the pulegone and the carvone, the major components of the Moroccan Mentha essential oils

CONCLUSION

- The species *M. spicata* (A wide geographical distribution worldwide) is the most patented (69%), while only three patent applications concern *M. gattefossei* (Endemic to Morocco).
- The international patent classification data show that Moroccan mint species and their main compounds are particularly useful for cosmetic or medicinal innovations.
- This information will help map the landscape for future innovations on Moroccan mint species.

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