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A comparative study on the effects of starch, glycerol and clay contents on the morphological and mechanical properties of corn starch nanocomposite films Maria Zoumaki, Stylianos Raphaelides, Anna Marinopoulou* Department of Food Science and Technology, International Hellenic University

INTRODUCTION & AIM

Starch is a biodegradable, abundant, renewable, and eco-friendly polymer, which is widely used in various applications within the food, pharmaceutical, and cosmetic industries. However, starch-based films have serious problems in terms of performance, stability, and shelf life during storage [1,2].

The aim of the present work was to examine and compare the effect of starch, glycerol and sodium montmorillonite [NaMMT] contents on morphological and mechanical properties of corn starch nanocomposite films

METHOD

- Biodegradable starch films were prepared by the casting method, using different concentrations of starch [4,5 to 7.5% w/w], glycerol [20 to 40%] and sodium montmorillonite [NaMMT] [0 to 25% w/w], based on the amount of dry starch
- The morphology of the corn starch-based films was investigated using Optical microscopy and Confocal Scanning Electron microscopy.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

Mechanical properties

Glycerol

20,0

30,0

40,0



Interaction of **starch concentration with glycerol** [starch* glycerol]





Interaction of starch concentration sodium montmorillonite [MMT] [starch* MMT]

55

45

40

35

25

15



NaMMT (w/w %)

NaMMT (w/w %)

 Glycerol (w/w %)
 NaMMT (w/w %)
 Glycerol (w/w %)
 NaMMT (w/w %)

Tensile strength curves of thermoplastic starch-NaMMT clay nanocomposites as a function of clay content with glycerol contents [20, 30 or 40%]

Regression models of thermoplastic starch-NaMMT clay nanocomposites as a function of clay content with glycerol contents [20, 30 or 40%]

CONCLUSION

The interaction of starch and glycerol showed that the films prepared with low glycerol content and high starch content presented better tensile strength properties

The interaction of starch and NaMMT revealed that there is an increase tensile strength with an increase of clay content.

□ Microscopic examination revealed a uniform distribution of the clay particles in the starch film matrix.

The best mechanical properties were obtained for the nanocomposite films containing starch in the concentration ranger of 6.5 to 7.5% w/w, at glycerol concentration of about 20-40% w/w and NaMMT clay content ranging from 10-15% w/w.

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