

Considering Scaling Aspects in Interface Design for Adhesion-Promoting Laser Structures in Polymer–Metal Hybrids

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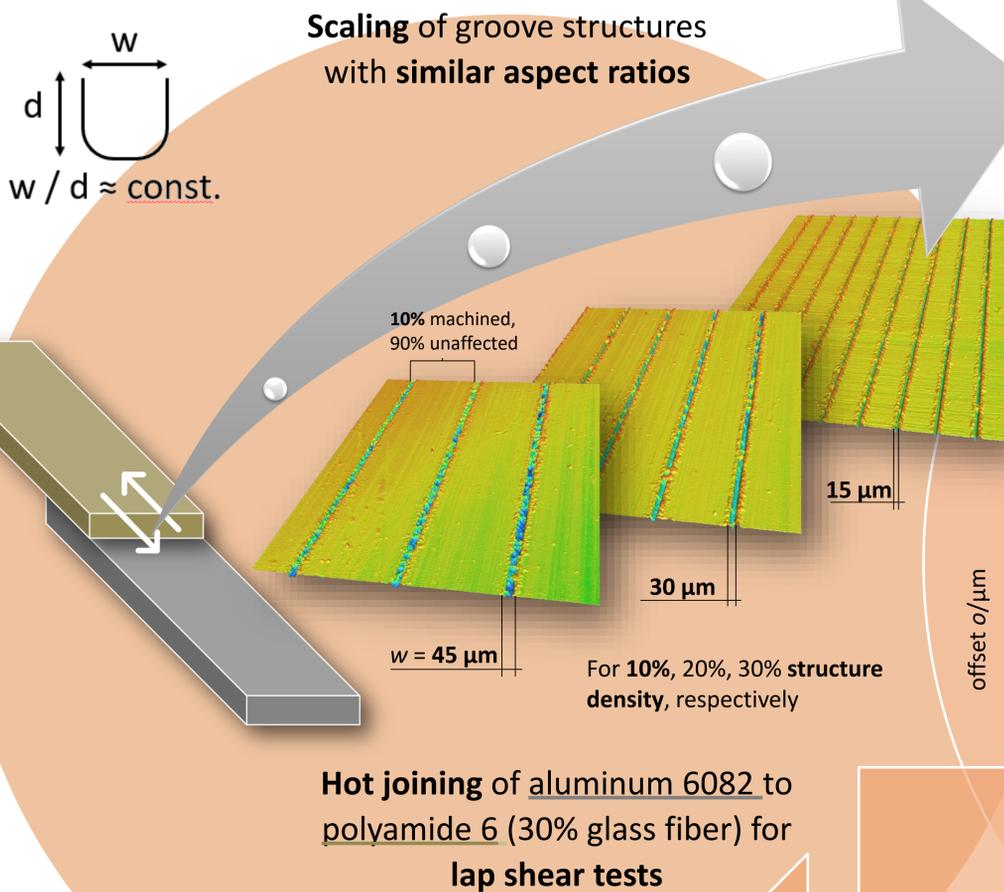
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INTRODUCTION & AIM

- Combining **polymers and metals** in lightweight construction depends on **mechanical interlocking**, enhanced by surface structuring
- Laser-Beam Machining** enables complex adhesion-promoting profiles
- Suitability of **Fractal Dimension** as scale-independent criterion for **adhesion strength prognosis** reported previously
- Research Question: How does **scaling** of laser-machined groove structures affect 1. The fractal dimension criterion 2. The adhesion strength in lap shear tests?



EXPERIMENTAL – Laser-Beam Machining

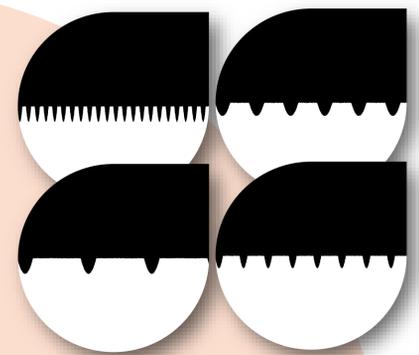
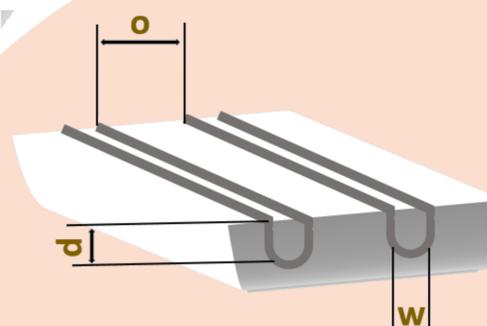


MODELING – Monte Carlo Method

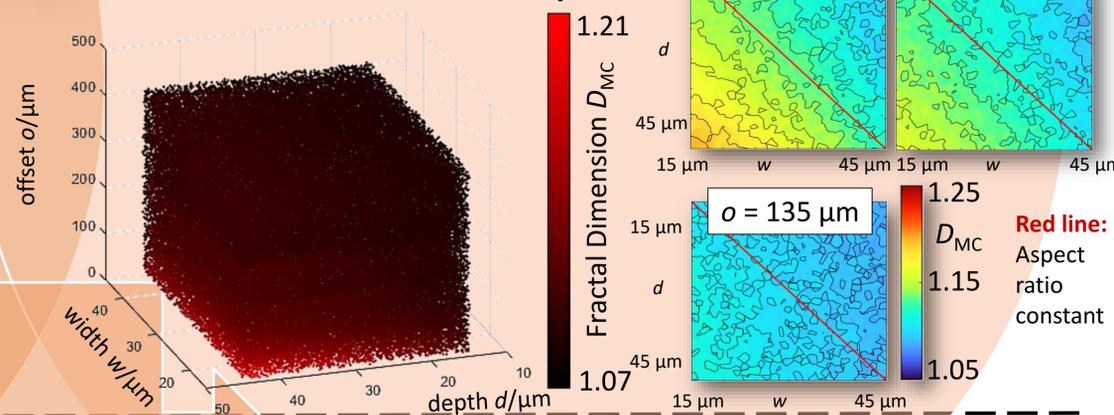
Variations of groove dimensions

o ... offset, d ... depth, w ... width

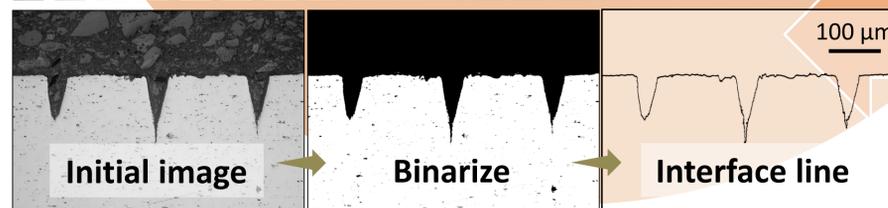
Virtual cross-sections



Scalar field and contour maps

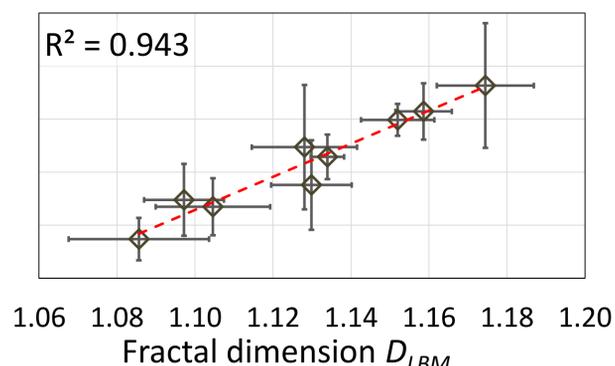
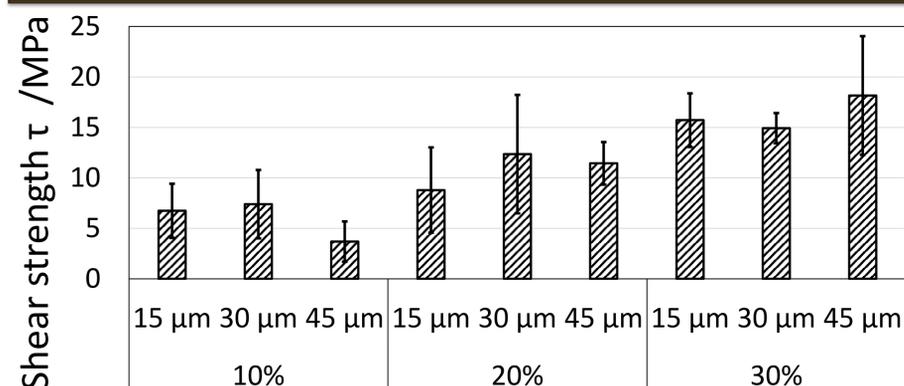


Box-Counting Algorithm



Learn more about the Calculation Method

CONCLUSIONS



- Fractal dimension used as **quantitative correlation** criterion for strength prognosis
- Scale independency indicated for fractal dimension (real and modeled) and lap shear strength
- Validation of **surface model** for design and prognosis $D_{LBM} \approx D_{MC}$