

# The 6th International Electronic Conference on Applied Sciences



09-11 December 2025 | Online

sciforum-141453

# Effective Outlier Detection in Smart Home Energy Consumption Using Integrated Change Point Detection and Unsupervised Learning

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## **INTRODUCTION & AIM**

- As smart homes proliferate globally, smart meter energy consumption data has become vital for data-driven decisions, making data quality crucial for reliable analytics.
- However, smart meter data often contain anomalies such as outliers, missing values, and redundant entries, caused by communication delays, transmission errors, and device malfunctions.
- These anomalies can significantly compromise the accuracy of applications, including billing, contingency analysis, and energy forecasting.
- Among them, outliers are particularly detrimental, as they can distort statistical analysis, mislead machine learning models, and undermine overall system reliability.

### METHOD

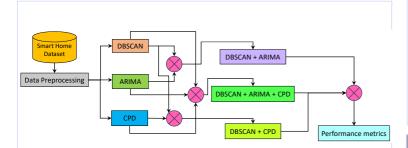


Fig. 1. Conceptual workflow for Detection of Outliers

# Fig. 2. Conceptual workflow for Detection of Outliers Convert 'day' column to 'datetime' and extract energy consumption Detection Methods Detection Methods Detection Methods Detection Methods Detection Methods Detection Methods Fit(p,d,q) Performance metrics and recommendations Stop Performance metrics and recommendations Stop

Model	Precision (%)	Recall (%)	F1-Score (%)	Accuracy (%)
ARIMA	0.91	0.89	0.90	0.92
CPD	0.85	0.72	0.78	0.90
DBSCAN	0.94	0.91	0.92	0.94
ARIMA+DBSCAN	0.93	0.90	0.91	0.96
CPD+DBSCAN	0.88	0.75	0.81	0.92
ARIMA+CPD+DBSCAN	0.96	0.94	0.95	0.98

Table 1. Evaluation Metrics

## **CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE**

- Resultant sequential hybrid approach demonstrating the advantage of integrating statistical and clustering-based methods for robust outlier detection in smart home energy.
- Future research can focus on deep learning integration, real-time deployment, multivariate analysis.

## **RESULTS & DISCUSSION**

- A Sequential hybrid approaches ARIMA+DBSCAN, CPD+DBSCAN, and ARIMA+CPD+DBSCAN were computed along with individual models such as ARIMA, CPD, DBSCAN to detect outliers.
- The evaluation metrics were computed to know the performance of each model. The sequential hybrid methods performs better than individual methods.
- The results shows a sequential hybrid model interprets better performance with a precision of 0.96, sensivity of 0.94, F1-score of 0.95, and accuracy of 0.98.

## **KEY REFERENCES**

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