

# Simplification of Calculations for Repeating Decimal Fractions Using a Direct Method

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## INTRODUCTION & OBJECTIVE

### Introduction:

Traditional methods require fraction conversion and multi-step procedures.

### Objective:

To simplify direct computations on repeating decimals.

## SYNCHRONIZATION CASES

- Equal Periods
- Digit Extension
- Cyclic Shifts
- LCM Expansion
- Compound Alignment

$$1. \begin{array}{r} 0.23 \\ + 0.428\overline{6} \\ \hline \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{r} 0.230\overline{0} \\ + 0.428\overline{6} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$2. \begin{array}{r} 0.412\overline{4} \\ - 0.12\overline{3} \\ \hline \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{r} 0.412\overline{44} \\ - 0.123\overline{23} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## PROPOSED DIRECT METHOD

### Core Concept:

Repeating periods are synchronized before direct computation.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.3\overline{2} \\ + 0.2\overline{51} \\ \hline \end{array} \downarrow \begin{array}{r} 0.3\overline{23} \\ + 0.2\overline{51} \\ \hline 0.5\overline{74} \end{array}$$

### Advantages:

No fraction conversion; maximizes speed with 100% accuracy.

## FUTURE WORK

- Multiplication methods
- Python/C++ tools

## REFERENCES

1. A. Y. Khinchin, Continued Fractions, 1964
2. H. Davenport, The Higher Arithmetic, 2008