FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN



NIR based approach to evaluate anhydrate-hydrate transformations



Dhara Raijada, Kinjal Koradia, Mia Larsen, Vishal Koradia, Claus Cornett, Jukka Rantanen

Electronic Conference on Pharmaceutical Sciences ECPS2011/Future Mnaufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

Outline



□ Introduction

- Need for PAT tools in pharmaceutical development
- NIR spectroscopy as a PAT tool
- □ Solid forms of Naproxen sodium (NS)
- **Objective of the present work**
- **Results**
 - TGA and PXRD patterns
 - FTIR and NIR spectra
 - Scores and loadings plot from NIR spectra

□ Summary

Need for Process Analytical Technology tools





"QUALITY PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCT"

Understanding of the solid form during various phases of development : Crucial factor

Important to identify suitable technique during early development that can monitor such changes and can be developed as a PAT tool for future manufacturing of pharmaceutical products

NIR Specroscopy as a PAT tool

- □ Fast, noninvasive and real time data acquisition possibilities makes NIR as one of the ideal PAT tools
- Multivariate data analysis from NIR spectral data can provide simple and quick approach for extracting information from NIR spectral data



Katherine A. Bakeev, Pharmaceutical Technology Europe, *Sep.* **2003** ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals



Solid forms of Naproxen Sodium



AH: Anhydrate, MH: Monohydrate, DH: Dihydrate, TH: Tetrahydrate



Objective of the present work

Alteration in physicochemical properties of NS, attributed to the anhydrate to hydrate transformation during processing, has been reported^{1,2}

However, till date no PAT tool has been evaluated for monitoring of phase transformation of NS during pharmaceutical processing..!!

Therefore, the present study focuses on evaluating feasibility of NIR spectroscopy as a real-time monitoring tool

¹Bansal, P. *et. al. Drug Dev. Ind. Pharm.* **1994**, 20, 2151-2156; ²Martino, P.D.*et.al*, *J. Pharm. Sci.* **2008**, 97, 5263-5273⁻ ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals



Thermal Gravimetric Analysis



ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN

PXRD patterns





Note:The dotted diffractograms are the calculated patterns for AH and MH forms from their crystal structures

ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN

FTIR spectra





ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals



NIR Spectra (SNV corrected)



ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals



Chemical information from FTIR and NIR spectra



101111	(FIIR)		(experimental")
MH	3450 cm ⁻¹	6900 cm ⁻¹ (1449 nm)	1446 nm
DH	3350 cm ⁻¹	6700 cm ⁻¹ (1492 nm)	1496 nm
TH	3450-3380 cm ⁻¹	6900-6760 cm ⁻¹ (1449-1479 nm)	1447-1465 nm

*calculated by multiplying the wave-number values for fundamental vibrations in FTIR spectra by 2; #observed by NIR spectroscopy

ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

form



PCA Scores plot from NIR spectral data



ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

PCA Loadings plot from NIR spectral data



ECPS 2011/Future Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals

Conclusion



- NIR spectroscopy coupled with multivariate data analysis can efficiently distinguish the NS solid forms
- □ NIR spectroscopy can be considered as a potential technique to monitor phase transformations
- Further studies will focus on development of NIR based quantitative model that can be applied for real time monitoring of hydrate formation and dehydration behaviour of the NS solid forms during processing and storage

