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Triterpenoids identified by GC-MS in chloroform/methanol extract from leaves of *Cissus incisa*

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Abstract.

Cissus incisa is an endemic plant from Mexico and the southern United States. In traditional Mexican medicine it is used to treat respiratory and skin infections, although it has not been scientifically validated until now. The current study was undertaken primarily to investigate the phytochemistry composition of this plant. From GC/MS technique was identified several compounds, among them, series of triterpenoids. These compounds are widely distributed in the plant kingdom. They have been investigated for their biological activities, such as anticancer and antimicrobial.

Key words: *Cissus incisa;* GC/MS; phytochemical study.

Results and Discussion.

Retention times	% of Normalized Area	Compound	Molecular formula
117.951	34.98	Urs-12-en-3-ol,acetate ,3β	$C_{32}H_{52}O_2$
118.247	24.21	4,4,6a,6b,8a,11,11,14b-octametil- 1,2,3,4,4a,5,6,6a,6b,7,8,8a,9,10,11,12b ,13,14,14a,14b-icosahidropicen-3-ol	C ₃₀ H ₅₀ O
119.186	18.40	(M)urs-12-en-24- oic acid,3-oxo- ,methyl ester,(+)	$C_{31}H_{48}O_3$
119.324	12.76	(M)Lup-20(29)-en-3-ol,acetate, (3β)	C ₃₂ H ₅₂ O ₂
120.703	2.73	(M)13,27-cycloursan-3-ol, acetate, $(3\beta,13\beta,14\beta)$	C ₃₂ H ₅₂ O ₂
121.636	5.44	(R)Lanosta-8,24-dien-3-ol,acetate, (3β)	$C_{32}H_{52}O_2$

 Table 1. Compounds identified by GC / MS of the chloroform/methanol extract of the leaves of C. incisa

Conclusions

The present study contributes to the scientific knowledge of the Mexican medicinal flora, since this plant does not have phytochemical studies reported.

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