



# 5th International Electronic Conference on Medicinal Chemistry

1-30 November 2019

chaired by Dr. Jean Jacques Vanden Eynde

sponsored by



pharmaceuticals

## Design, synthesis, anti-HIV and antimicrobial study of some 3-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-1-yl)-N-phenylalkylamide derivatives



**Rohit Singh \*, Swastika Ganguly**

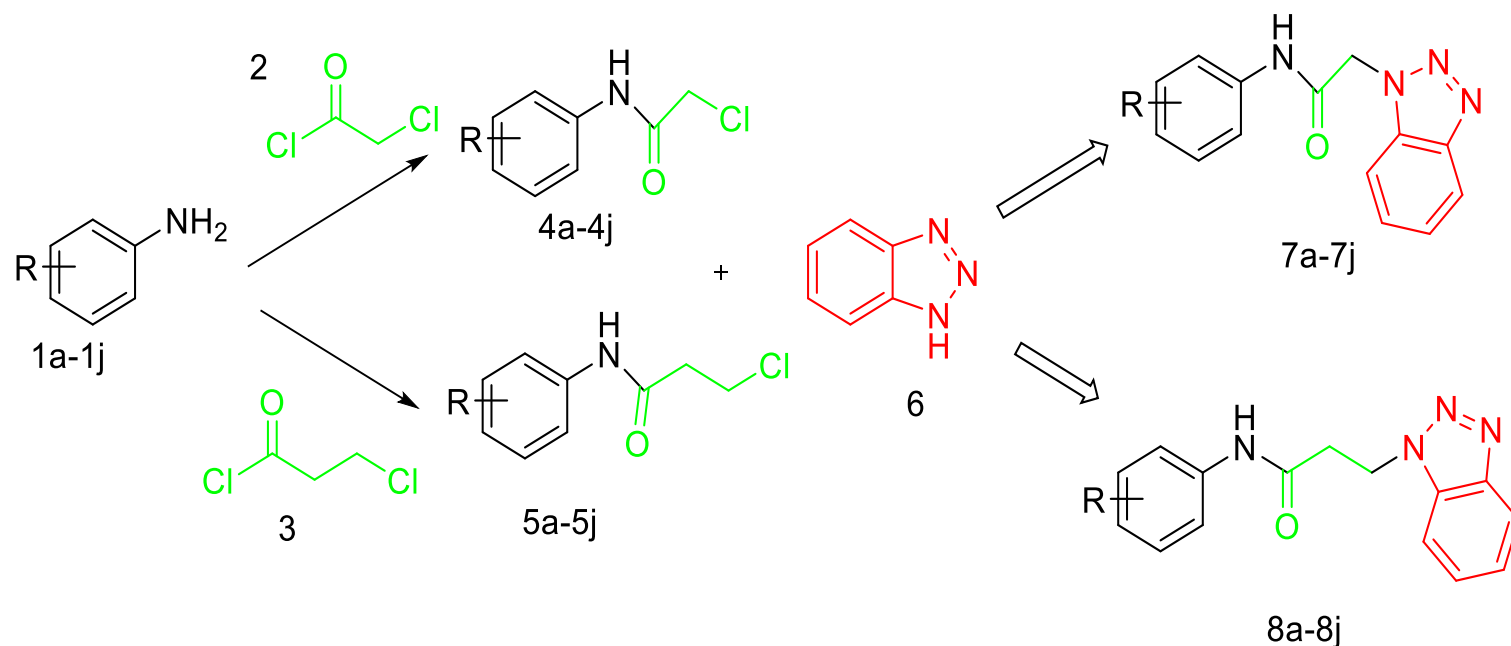
\*Corresponding Author: Rohit Singh, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Technology, Birla Institute of Technology and Sciences, Mesra, Ranchi, India.

Tel: 09454116086.

Email: [rohitsingh20485bitmesra@gmail.com](mailto:rohitsingh20485bitmesra@gmail.com)

# Design, synthesis, anti-HIV and antimicrobial study of some 3-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-1-yl)-N-phenylalkylamide derivatives

## Graphical Abstract



## ABSTRACT

### Objective-

In the present study, a series of twenty benzotriazolyl-N-phenylalkylamide derivatives (**7a-7j**) and (**8a-8j**) were synthesized, characterized by physicochemical and spectral data (IR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR and mass spectroscopy) and evaluated for their anti-HIV activity, antibacterial, antifungal and anthelmintic activity.

### Method-

A series of twenty benzotriazolyl-N-phenylalkylamide derivatives were synthesized by reacting substituted anilines (1) with 2-chloro acetylchloride (2) and 3-chloro propionylchloride (3) to form intermediate (4a-4j) and (5a-5j). Intermediates further reacted with benzotriazole (6) to form benzotriazolyl-N-alkylamide derivatives (7a-7j) and (8a-8j). The synthesized test compounds (7a-7j) and (8a-8j) were assessed by MTT colorimetric assay on C8166 cells and screened for antibacterial activity against Gram-positive bacteria: *Staphylococcus aureus* (NCIM 2122), *Bacillus subtilis* (MTCC 121) and Gram-negative bacteria: *Escherichia coli* (MTCC118), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (MTCC 647), *Salmonella typhi* (NCIM 2501), *Klebsiella pneumonia* (MTCC 3384) and *in vitro* antifungal activity [19-24] against *Candida albicans* (MTCC 227) and *Aspergillus niger* (NCIM 1056) by two fold broth serial dilution method.

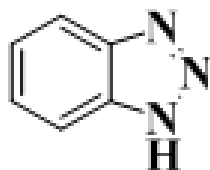
**Result-** Compounds 7h, 7j, 8i and 8j being the most active showed therapeutic index that were >24.4, 31.1, 30.5 and 51.5 compared to Zidovudine (AZT) having therapeutic index (TI) 514342.6. The test compounds 7h, 7i, 7j, 8h, 8i and 8j exhibited very high activity against all the strains of Gram (+) ve and Gram (-) ve bacteria and antifungal strains.

**Keywords:** Benzotriazole derivatives; Anti-HIV; Antibacterial; Antifungal agents.



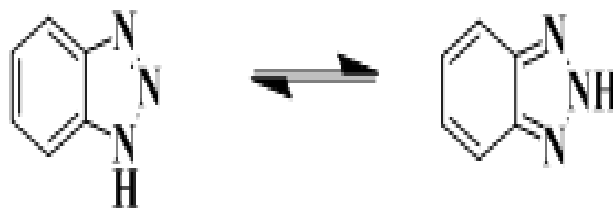
# Introduction

➤ Benzotriazole (**1**) is bicyclic heterocyclic system enclosing three nitrogen atoms in the five membered ring which is fused with six membered ring benzene bearing the chemical formula  $C_6H_5N_3$ . [1]

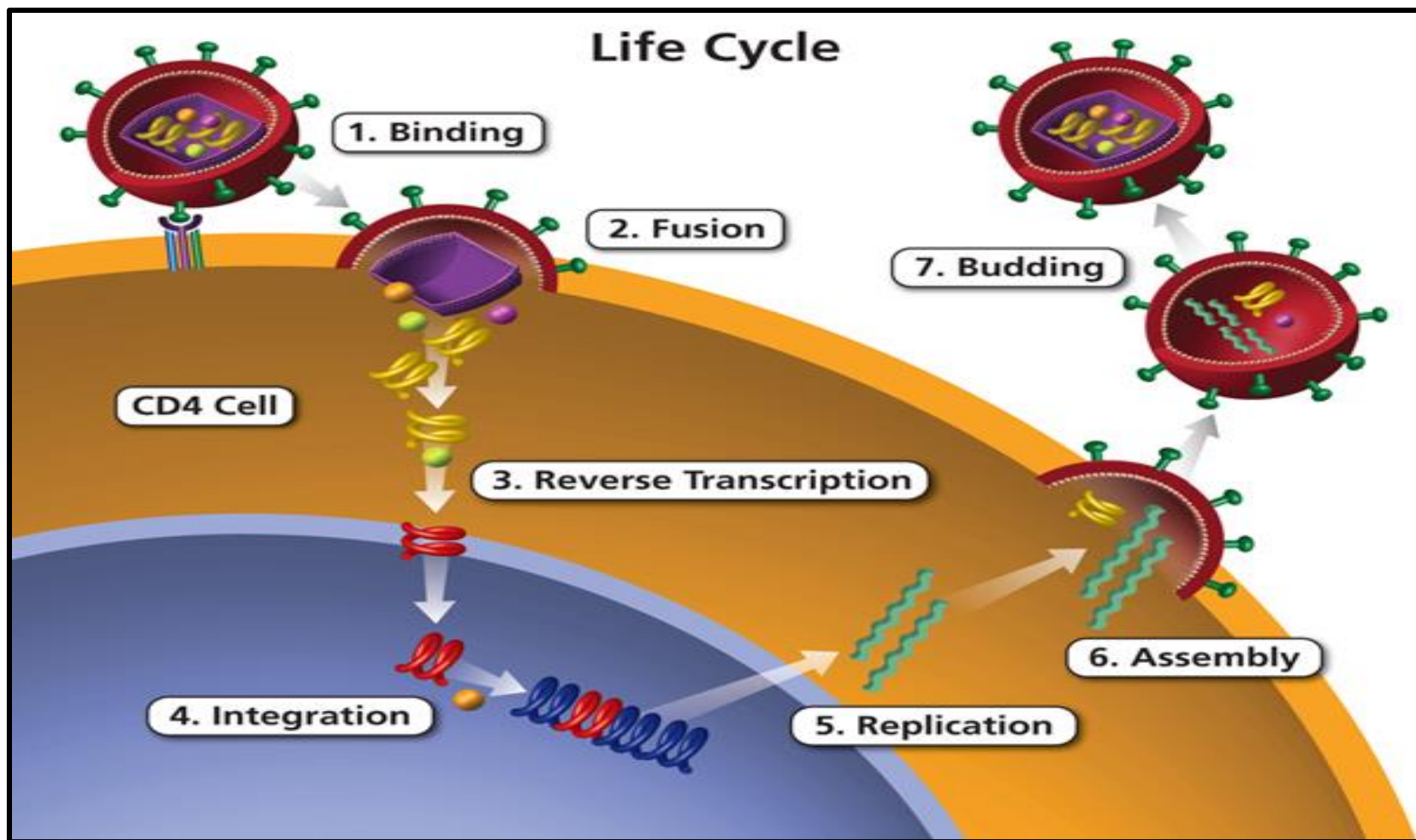


(1)

➤ The triazole nucleus of the benzotriazole moiety exists in two tautomers as the hydrogen substituent rapidly changes its position between first and second nitrogen.



# HIV Life Cycle

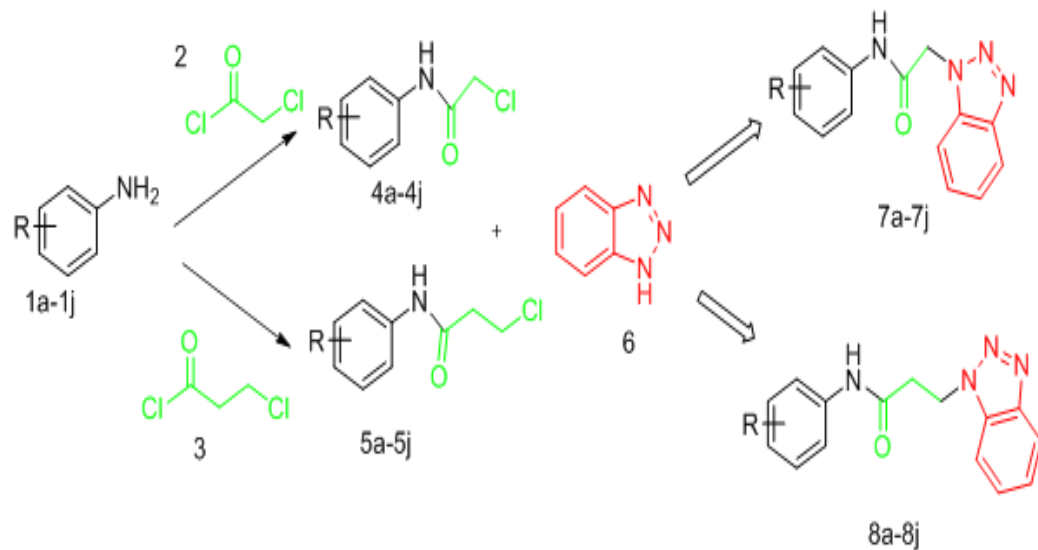


- Benzotriazole derivatives have gained attractions round the globe due to its flexibility in its wide pharmacological applications.
- Benzotriazoles have exhibited high activity as antifungal [2], antibacterial [3], antiviral [4], antiserotonergic, antiadrenergic, antihistaminic [5], anti-inflammatory and antineoplastic [6] agents. Besides benzotriazoles also possess DNA cleavage activities [6], herbicidal [7], anti-tubercular [8], antiemetic [9], protein kinase inhibitory [10] and respiratory syndrome protease inactivation activities [11] and as agonist of peroxisome proliferator activated receptor.
- In continuation of previous work on imidazole [12-15], a series of 2-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-1-yl)-N-phenylacetamide and 3-(1H-benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-1-yl)-N-phenylpropanamide were synthesized.



# Results and discussion

Analogs of type (4a-4j) were prepared according to method reported for chloroanilides [16-18]. Appropriate substituted anilines (1a-1j) were treated with 2-chloroacetyl chloride (2) resulting the formation of corresponding chloroanilides as shown in **table 1**.

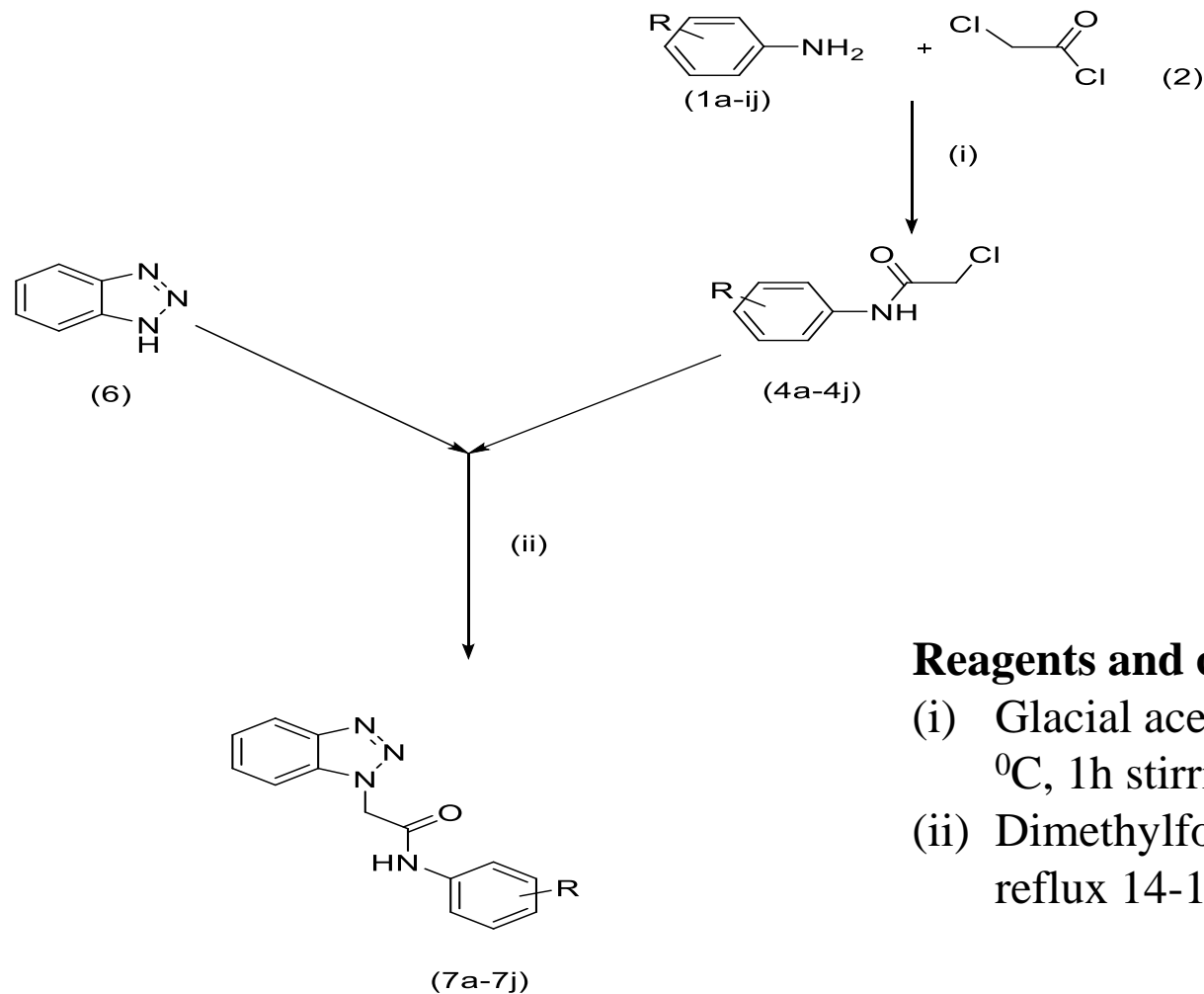


S. No.	R	S. No.	R
1a	H	1f	2,5-di- CH <sub>3</sub>
1b	o-CH <sub>3</sub>	1g	3,4-di- CH <sub>3</sub>
1c	m-CH <sub>3</sub>	1h	o-Cl
1d	p-CH <sub>3</sub>	1i	m-Cl
1e	2,4-di- CH <sub>3</sub>	1j	p-Cl

**Table 1: Types of substituent.**



## General synthetic scheme for compounds (7a-7j)



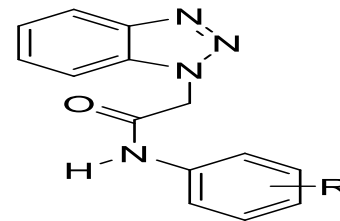
### Reagents and conditions:

- (i) Glacial acetic acid (GAA), 0-5 °C, 1h stirring,
- (ii) Dimethylformamide (DMF), reflux 14-16 h.





## Physical and Preparative Characteristic data of Benzotriazole derivatives. (7a-7j)



COMP.	R	Yield (%)	M.p (°C)	Mol.formula	Mol.wt
7a	H	78	212-214	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	252.28
7b	2-CH <sub>3</sub>	82	196-198	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	266.30
7c	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	84	194-196	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	266.30
7d	4-CH <sub>3</sub>	80	192-194	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	266.30
7e	2,4-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	72	208-210	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
7f	2,5-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	76	218-220	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
7g	3,4-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	72	210-212	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
7h	2-Cl	69	198-200	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	286.72
7i	3-Cl	62	197-199	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	286.72
7j	4-Cl	62	228-230	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>11</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	286.72



<b>COMP.</b>	<b>IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b>MASS</b>
7a	3279.10 (N-H stretching), 1667.77 (C=O stretching), 1448.59 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1317.43 (C-N stretching)	251.13
7b	3265.59 (N-H stretching), 1666.55 (C=O stretching), 1454.38 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1363.72 (C-N stretching)	265.27
7c	3279.10 (N-H stretching), 1668.48 (C=O stretching), 1448.59 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1224.84 (C-N stretching)	265.27
7d	3276.25 (N-H stretching), 1656.42 (C=O stretching), 1462.63 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1324.26 (C-N stretching)	265.27
7e	3263.66 (N-H stretching), 1656.42 (C=O stretching), 1410.01 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1273.06 (C-N stretching).	279.18
7f	3261.74 (N-H stretching), 1668.48 (C=O stretching), 1411.94 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1226.77 (C-N stretching).	279.18
7g	3258.57 (N-H stretching), 1686.21 (C=O stretching), 1424.06 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1271.42 (C-N stretching).	279.18
7h	3304.45 (N-H stretching), 1684.02 (C=O stretching), 1356.21 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1282.35 (C-N stretching)	285.10
7i	3261.74 (N-H stretching), 1685.84 (C=O stretching), 1411.94 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1243.48 (C-N stretching)	285.10
7j	3333.10 (N-H stretching), 1683.91 (C=O stretching), 1386.86 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1232.55 (C-N stretching)	285.10

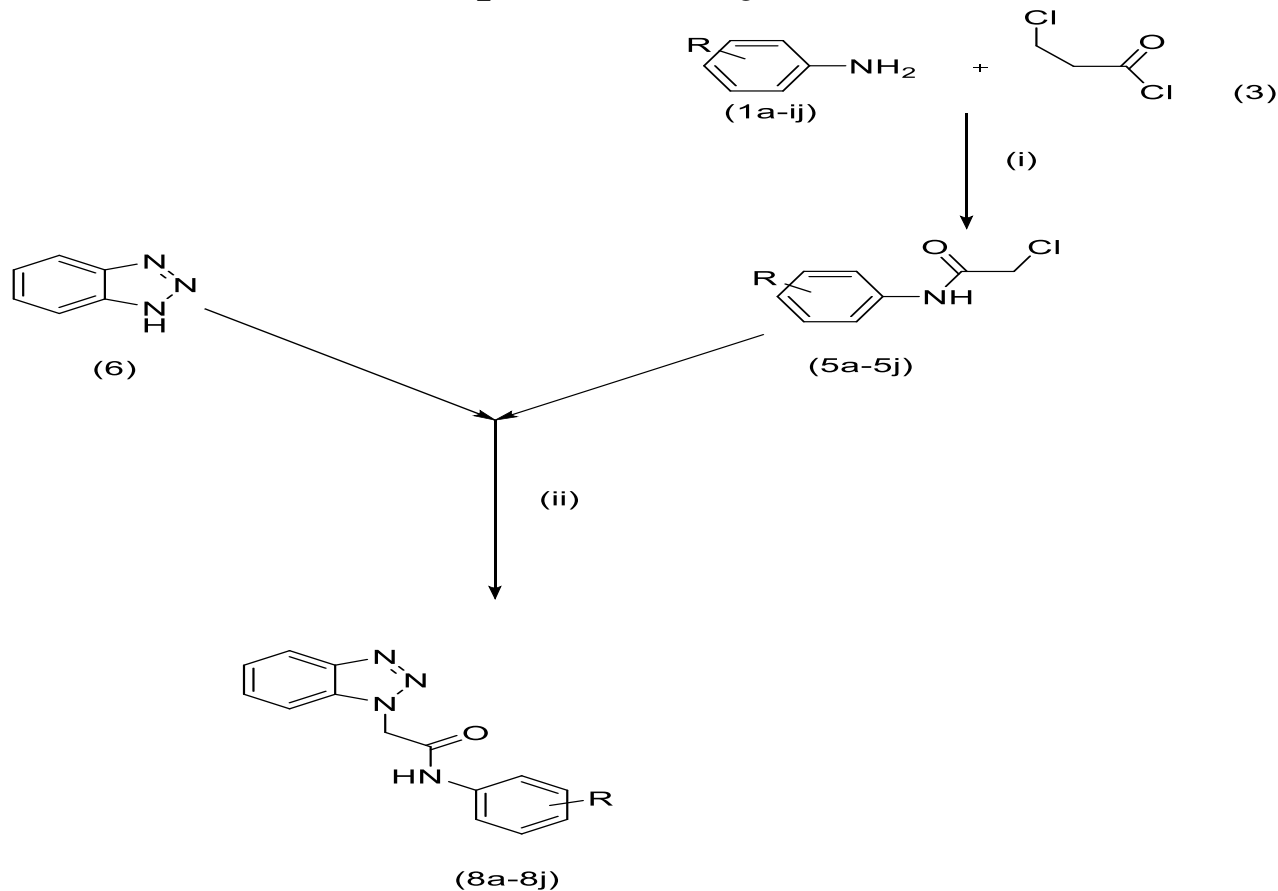
## **$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR of Synthesized Compounds.**

<b>COMP.</b>	<b><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 400MHz)</b>	<b><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR(DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 100MHz)</b>
7a.	11.180 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.220- 7.370 (m; 9H; Ar- $\text{H}$ ), 5.747 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ).	50.994, 111.499, 118.428, 119.779, 124.321, 127.157, 127.934, 129.448, 134.412, 138.887, 144.531, 145.604, 164.904.
7b.	9.897 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.045- 7.065 (m; 8H; Ar- $\text{H}$ ), 5.709 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.230 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	18.393, 50.726, 111.461, 118.428, 119.597, 124.426, 125.337, 126.180, 126.602, 127.119, 127.905, 130.981, 132.198, 134.354, 136.089, 144.541, 144.633, 165.096.
7c.	10.503 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.044- 6.857 (m; 8H; Ar- $\text{H}$ ), 5.647 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.228 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	21.680, 51.013, 111.509, 117.029, 118.418, 119.578, 120.373, 124.417, 125.021, 127.138, 129.275, 134.412, 138.666, 144.431, 145.604, 164.827.
7d.	10.490 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.041- 7.080 (m; 8H; Ar- $\text{H}$ ), 5.636 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.208 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	20.971, 50.965, 111.499, 118.418, 119.788, 124.426, 127.138, 127.915, 129.812, 133.300, 134.412, 136.453, 144.521, 145.595, 163.869, 164.636.
7e.	9.838 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.041- 7.003 (m; 7H; Ar- $\text{H}$ ), 5.680 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.140 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	18.278, 21.000, 50.697, 111.461, 118.428, 119.587, 124.417, 125.375, 127.090, 127.886, 131.479, 132.150, 133.482, 134.345, 135.312, 144.521, 145.623, 165.028.

## **$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR of Synthesized Compounds.**

<b>COMP.</b>	<b><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 400MHz)</b>	<b><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR(DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 100MHz)</b>
7f.	9.832 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.042- 7.059 (m; 7H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 5.710 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.182 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	17.905, 21.067, 50.726, 111.471, 118.428, 119.587, 124.517, 125.806, 126.755, 127.110, 127.895, 129.026, 130.770, 134.354, 135.792, 144.531, 145.623, 134.319, 165.038.
7g.	10.322 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.040- 7.030 (m; 7H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 5.729 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 2.181 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	18.126, 21.224, 50.722, 111.498, 118.412, 119.576, 124.509, 125.812, 126.761, 127.116, 127.889, 129.012, 130.765, 134.348, 135.786, 144.528, 145.618, 134.315, 165.032.
7h.	9.342 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.076- 7.048 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 5.924 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ).	51.016, 111.474, 118.264, 119.418, 124.015, 127.119, 131.142, 133.720, 134.404, 140.512, 144.548, 145.609, 164.365, 165.405.
7i.	8.045 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.023- 7.092 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 5.691 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ).	51.003, 111.499, 118.255, 119.405, 124.005, 127.117, 131.144, 133.722, 134.402, 140.506, 144.541, 145.604, 164.363, 165.402.
7j.	10.149 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.990- 7.269 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.949 (s; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ).	51.012, 111.506, 118.275, 119.422, 124.010, 127.123, 131.148, 133.726, 134.408, 140.509, 144.545, 145.608, 164.366, 165.406.

## General synthetic scheme for compounds (8a-8j)

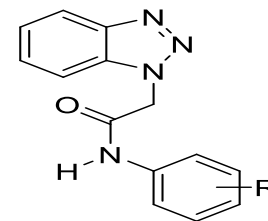


### Reagents and conditions:

- (i) Glacial acetic acid (GAA), 0-5 °C, 1h stirring,
- (ii) Dimethylformamide (DMF), reflux 14-16 h.



## Physical and Preparative Characteristic data of Benzotriazole derivatives. (8a-8j)



COMP.	R	Yield (%)	M.p (°C)	Mol.formula	Mol.wt
8a	H	81	202-204	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	266.30
8b	2-CH <sub>3</sub>	82	198-200	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
8c	3-CH <sub>3</sub>	77	146-148	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
8d	4-CH <sub>3</sub>	85	162-164	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	280.33
8e	2,4-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	76	155-157	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	294.36
8f	2,5-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	79	154-156	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	294.36
8g	3,4-di-CH <sub>3</sub>	82	160-162	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	294.36
8h	2-Cl	64	192-194	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	300.75
8i	3-Cl	62	197-199	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	300.75
8j	4-Cl	67	228-230	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> ClN <sub>4</sub> O	300.75



<b>COMP.</b>	<b>IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b>MASS</b>
8a	3305.63 (N-H stretching), 1656.22 (C=O stretching), 1367.38 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1211.49 (C-N stretching).	267.26
8b	3230.18 (N-H stretching), 1660.84 (C=O stretching), 1458.12 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1263.29 (C-N stretching).	279.25
8c	3216.27 (N-H stretching), 1659.88 (C=O stretching), 1412.74 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1284.34 (C-N stretching).	279.25
8d	3242.38 (N-H stretching), 1652.74 (C=O stretching), 1437.48 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1237.86 (C-N stretching).	279.25
8e	3220.48 (N-H stretching), 1650.13 (C=O stretching), 1440.36 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1245.37 (C-N stretching).	294.15
8f	3221.22 (N-H stretching), 1652.15 (C=O stretching), 1441.83 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1244.24 (C-N stretching).	294.15
8g	3222.45 (N-H stretching), 1650.26 (C=O stretching), 1440.82 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1242.35 (C-N stretching)	294.15
8h	3265.57 (N-H stretching), 1670.73 (C=O stretching), 1373.62 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1262.68 (C-N stretching).	299.09
8i	3311.57 (N-H stretching), 1678.58 (C=O stretching), 1296.48 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1262.94 (C-N stretching).	299.09
8j	3222.65 (N-H stretching), 1668.04 (C=O stretching), 1280.72 (C-CH <sub>3</sub> stretching), 1254.62 (C-N stretching)	299.09

## **$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR of Synthesized Compounds.**

<b>COMP.</b>	<b><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 400MHz)</b>	<b><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR(DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 100MHz)</b>
8a.	10.001 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.991- 6.974 (m; 9H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.968-4.935 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.077-3.044 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ).	36.668, 44.200, 111.403, 118.313, 119.587, 123.746, 124.455, 126.851, 127.656, 129.237, 133.463, 139.404, 144.119, 145.604, 168.737.
8b.	10.150 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.989- 7.329 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.962-4.929 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.081-3.048 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.456 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	21.667, 36.677, 44.094, 111.365, 115.362, 118.313, 119.539, 121.434, 124.465, 126.860, 127.665, 132.073, 133.453, 138.753, 145.495, 168.967.
8c.	9.920 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.991- 6.801 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.960-4.927 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.069-3.036 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.195 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	21.680, 36.658, 44.219, 111.384, 116.818, 119.530, 120.143, 124.493, 127.646, 129.055, 133.663, 138.388, 139.337, 145.614, 168.651.
8d.	9.989 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.945- 6.821 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.964-4.932 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.072-3.045 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.224 (s; 3H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	21.672, 36.651, 44.214, 111.376, 116.811, 119.525, 120.138, 124.488, 127.639, 129.050, 133.658, 138.380, 139.332, 145.610, 168.647.
8e.	9.260 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.004- 6.868 (m; 7H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.968-4.935 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.058-3.025 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.163, 1.859 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	17.953, 20.962, 36.236, 44.573, 111.471, 119.501, 124.507, 125.653, 126.851, 127.579, 131.230, 132.246, 133.463, 133.885, 134.852, 145.643, 168.708.



## **$^1\text{H}$ and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR of Synthesized Compounds.**

<b>COMP.</b>	<b><math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR (DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 400MHz)</b>	<b><math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR(DMSO-<math>d_6</math>, 100MHz)</b>
8f.	9.258 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 8.001- 6.852 (m; 7H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.928-4.936 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.042-3.012 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.154,1.846 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	19.265, 20.109, 36.629, 44.276, 111.394, 117.201, 119.520, 120.881, 124.436, 127.627, 130.042, 131.498, 133.453, 136.740, 137.152, 168.392.
8g.	9.237 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.993- 6.825 (m; 7H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.939-4.902 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.040-3.010 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 2.159,1.844 (s; 6H; $\text{CH}_3$ ).	19.945, 20.952, 36.247, 44.569, 111.463, 119.505, 124.502, 125.648, 126.854, 127.576, 131.235, 132.242, 133.459, 133.880, 134.841, 145.639, 168.702.
8h.	10.212 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.994- 7.242 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.968-4.939 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.106-3.072 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ).	36.662, 44.054, 111.341, 117.942, 119.056, 119.545, 123.522, 124.461, 127.670, 130.957, 133.450, 140.798, 1456.600, 169.203.
8i.	10.206 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.991- 7.253 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.966-4.935 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.098-3.065 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ).	36.668, 44.056, 111.346, 117.948, 119.060, 119.549, 123.526, 124.465, 127.675, 130.962, 133.453, 140.803, 1456.604, 169.207.
8j.	10.149 (s; 1H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2$ ), 7.990- 7.269 (m; 8H; Ar- $\underline{\text{H}}$ ), 4.965-4.932 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ), 3.084-3.051 (t; 2H; $\text{NH-CO-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ ).	36.658, 44.113, 111.365, 118.313, 119.539, 121.111, 124.465, 126.851, 127.330, 127.665, 129.166, 133.453, 138.341, 145.595, 168.938.

# Anti-HIV-1 Activity of Test Samples *in Vitro*

## Testing Report

**Supplier** : Dr. Swastika Ganguly (Department of Pharmaceutical Science and Technology, Birla Institute of Technology, Mesra, India)

**Testing Lab** : Laboratory of Molecular Immunopharmacology, Kunming Institute of Zoology, CAS

**Address**: 32 Jiaochang Donglu Kunming, Yunnan 650223, China

**Director of Lab** : Prof. Yong-Tang Zheng

**Experimenter** : Si-Ying Xiang

**Test date** : Jan. 2016—Oct. 2016

**Organization** : Kunming Institute of Zoology, Chinese Academy of Science

**Report Date**: Nov. 25, 2016

**Correspondent** : Prof. Yong-Tang Zheng



**Table 2.** Cytotoxicity and AntiHIV activities of compound (7a-7j) and (8a-8j)

Compounds	Experiment	Method	CC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ M)	EC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ M)	Therapeutic Index (TI)
7a	Cytotoxicity assay	MTT	87.2	-	17.5
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	4.98	
7b	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	64.35	-	19.9
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.23	
7c	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	36.4	-	3.4
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	10.72	
7d	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	31.01	-	9.1
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.4	
7e	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	59.23	-	17.8
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.37	
7f	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	27.14	-	8.1
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.39	
7g	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	109.83	-	8.02
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	13.7	
7h	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	20.91	-	5.5
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.77	
7i	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	25.21	-	9.1
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	2.77	
7j	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	19.91	-	1.6
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	12.43	



8a	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	31.69	-	2.7
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	11.75	
8b	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	42.03	-	2.8
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	15.09	
8c	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	>200	-	>22.4
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	8.92	
8d	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	80.00	-	31.1
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	2.57	
8e	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	104.63	-	30.5
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.43	
8f	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	100.9	-	51.5
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	1.96	
8g	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	7.00	-	15.7
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	4.97	
8h	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	88.11	-	6.8
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	13.00	
8i	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	117.39	-	34.6
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	3.39	
8j	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	25.14	-	11.4
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	2.2	
AZT	Cytotoxicity Assay	MTT	1291.00	-	514342.6
	Inhibition of syncytium formation	CPE	-	0.00251	



## Antibacterial Activity

<b>Strain</b>	Gram-positive bacteria: <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> NCIM 2122 , <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> MTCC 121. Gram-negative bacteria: <i>Escherichia coli</i> MTCC 118, <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> MTCC 647, <i>Salmonella typhi</i> NCIM 2501, <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> MTCC 3384.
<b>Medium</b>	Double strength nutrient broth
<b>Method</b>	Two fold serial dilution
<b>Culture used</b>	$10^8$ - $10^7$ CFU/mL
<b>Test compounds</b>	1-60
<b>Standard</b>	Ciprofloxacin
<b>Incubation Condition</b>	35 - 37 ° C for 24 h
<b>Growth assessment</b>	Visual Observation
<b>MIC</b>	Lowest concentration tested that completely inhibited growth.





## Antifungal Activity

<b>Strain</b>	<i>Candida albicans</i> MTCC 227 and <i>Aspergillus niger</i> NCIM 1026
<b>Medium</b>	Double strength malt yeast extract broth
<b>Method</b>	Two fold serial dilution
<b>Culture used</b>	$10^8$ - $10^7$ CFU/mL
<b>Test compounds</b>	1-60
<b>Standard</b>	Fluconazole
<b>Incubation Condition</b>	25 - 27 ° C for 48 h
<b>Growth assessment</b>	Visual Observation
<b>MIC</b>	Lowest concentration tested that completely inhibited growth.



**Table 4:** Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) of test compounds (7a-7j) and (8a-8j) against *Candida albicans* and *Aspergillus niger*.

Test compound	MIC( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )	
	<i>C.albicans</i> (MTCC 227)	<i>A.niger</i> (NCIM 1056)
7a	12.5	12.5
7b	12.5	12.5
7c	6.25	12.5
7d	12.5	12.5
7e	3.125	6.25
7f	3.125	6.25
7g	12.5	25
7h	6.25	12.5
7i	6.25	6.25
7j	3.125	3.125
8a	12.5	12.5
8b	12.5	12.5
8c	6.25	6.25
8d	3.125	6.25
8e	6.25	6.25
8f	6.25	12.5
8g	3.125	3.125
8h	3.125	3.125
8i	6.25	6.25
8j	12.5	25
Fluconazole	12.5	12.5



## Anthelmintic Activity

<b>Earthworm species</b>	Pheretima Posthuma
<b>Medium</b>	2% v/v Tween80 and normal saline
<b>Method</b>	Two fold serial dilution
<b>Paralysis and Death assessment</b>	Paralysis- When worms do not revive even in normal saline Death-When worms lost their motility followed with fading away of their body color
<b>Test compounds</b>	1-60
<b>Standard</b>	Albendazole
<b>PT</b>	Paralysis Time (Time taken to paralysis)
<b>LT</b>	Lethal Time (Time taken to death)



**Table 5:** Anthelmintic activity of test compounds 7a-7j and 8a-8j against *Pheretima Posthuma*.

Test Compound	Time Taken for Paralysis (P) and Death (D)					
	Paralysis time(PT)			Lethal time (LT)		
	5mg	10 mg	20mg	5mg	10 mg	20mg
7a	20.96±0.47	15.96±0.61	12.45±0.45	24.73±0.55	19.40±0.71	11.95±0.33
7b	14.21±0.55	9.06±0.47	5.93±0.55	19.33±0.55	14.66±0.37	8.70±0.60
7c	12.56±0.47	10.53±0.47	6.73±0.70	16.50±0.56	13.55±0.71	9.30±0.62
7d	18.57±0.57	19.64±0.68	8.60±0.45	21.63±0.41	23.86±0.68	11.96±0.58
7e	14.06±0.51	10.66±0.26	7.10±0.32	20.40±1.15	16.06±0.31	11.75±0.11
7f	20.00±0.70	17.67±0.50	12.3±0.20	26.10±0.42	20.70±0.61	14.35±0.34
7g	18.03±0.47	15.73±0.36	14.56±0.6	24.70±0.60	20.93±0.37	17.46±0.60
7h	29.96±0.41	20.75±0.52	14.7±0.43	35.96±0.51	24.35±0.80	17.00±0.50
7i	11.63±0.51	10.9±0.71	6.1±0.43	15.70±0.70	12.60±0.62	8.90±0.62
7j	19.87±0.31	14.90±0.41	9.26±0.18	29.60±0.36	20.00±0.35	12.2±0.21
8a	10.5±0.51	9.66±0.61	6.34±0.10	15.93±0.26	12.86±0.68	9.96±0.49
8b	17.66±0.47	13.63±0.47	8.67±0.66	23.73±0.47	18.00±0.55	10.26±0.60
8c	22.43±0.22	18.13±0.51	8.63±0.55	26.33±0.58	23.90±0.65	15.34±0.15
8d	09.80±0.52	6.60±0.43	4.35±0.20	13.06±0.51	9.53±0.73	6.66±0.37
8e	25.75±0.41	17.63±0.51	12.63±0.66	24.63±0.47	20.80±0.55	16.03±0.55
8f	23.57±0.73	18.26±0.85	8.43±0.05	33.56±0.43	22.90±0.42	12.23±0.11
8g	20.96±0.47	15.96±0.61	7.45±0.45	24.73±0.55	19.40±0.71	11.95±0.33
8h	10.21±0.55	8.06±0.47	4.93±0.55	16.33±0.55	12.66±0.37	7.70±0.60
8i	12.56±0.47	10.53±0.47	6.73±0.70	16.50±0.56	13.55±0.71	9.30±0.62
8j	17.57±0.57	19.64±0.68	8.6±0.45	21.63±0.41	23.86±0.68	11.96±0.58
Albendazole		05.32±0.72			08.35±0.54	

# Conclusions

- Compounds containing benzotriazole nucleus, exhibited a wide variety of activities such as anti-HIV, antibacterial, antifungal, anthelmintic, antiprotozoal, antiviral, anticancer, antihistaminic, antiulcer, antipshycotic and various other biological activities.
- All the test compounds (7a-7j) and (8a-8j) were evaluated for anti-HIV, antibacterial, antifungal and anthelmintic activities.
- All the test compounds from (7a-7j) and (8a-8j) were screened for anti-HIV activities. Compounds 7a, 7b, 7e, 7i, 8c, 8d, 8e, 8f and 8i showed a significant degree of anti-HIV activity compared to zidovudine (AZT).
- The test compounds 7h, 7i, 7j, 8h, 8i and 8j exhibited very high activity against all the strains of Gram (+) ve and Gram (-) ve bacteria.
- The test compounds 7a, 7b, 7c, 7d, 7e, 7f, 7g, 7h, 7i, 7j, 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 8e, 8f, 8g, 8h, 8i and 8j were found to be very active against both the above fungal strains.
- Test compounds 7b, 7e, 7i, 8a, 8d, 8h and 8i were found very active at all concentrations of dose which was comparable to the standard dose of albendazole.



# Acknowledgments

The authors are grateful to Central Instrumentation Department (CIF) of Birla Institute of Technology, Mesra for spectral characterization of NMR, Mass and Elemental analysis of synthesized compound. One of the authors (ROHIT SINGH) gratefully acknowledges the University Grants Commission-Major Research Project [UGC-MRP letter No. F. No. 42-690/2013(SR)] for the award of fellowship during the work.



BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
MESRA, RANCHI, INDIA



ज्ञान - विज्ञानं विमुक्तये  
UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION  
(UGC)



5th International Electronic Conference  
on Medicinal Chemistry  
1-30 November 2019

sponsors:



pharmaceuticals

# References

1. Suma, B.; Natesh, N.; Madhavan, V., Benzotriazole in medicinal chemistry: An overview. *Journal of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Research* **2011**, 3 (6), 375-81.
2. Patel, P. D.; Patel, M. R.; Kocsis, B.; Kocsis, E.; Graham, S. M.; Warren, A. R.; Nicholson, S. M.; Billack, B.; Fronczek, F. R.; Talele, T. T., Design, synthesis and determination of antifungal activity of 5 (6)-substituted benzotriazoles. *European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry* **2010**, 45 (6), 2214-2222.
3. Ramachandran, R.; Rani, M.; Senthana, S.; Jeong, Y. T.; Kabilan, S., Synthesis, spectral, crystal structure and in vitro antimicrobial evaluation of imidazole/benzotriazole substituted piperidin-4-one derivatives. *European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry* **2011**, 46 (5), 1926-1934.
4. Ren, Y.; Zhang, L.; Zhou, C.-H.; Geng, R., Recent development of benzotriazole-based medicinal drugs. *Medicinal Chemistry* **2014**, 4 (9), 640-62.
5. Boido, A.; Boido, C. C.; Sparatore, F., Synthesis and pharmacological evaluation of aryl/heteroaryl piperazinyl alkyl benzotriazoles as ligands for some serotonin and dopamine receptor subtypes. *Il Farmaco* **2001**, 56 (4), 263-275.
6. Fu, J.; Yang, Y.; Zhang, X.-W.; Mao, W.-J.; Zhang, Z.-M.; Zhu, H.-L., Discovery of 1H-benzo [d][1, 2, 3] triazol-1-yl 3, 4, 5-trimethoxybenzoate as a potential antiproliferative agent by inhibiting histone deacetylase. *Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry* **2010**, 18 (24), 8457-8462.
7. Crews, A.; Condon, M.; Manfredi, M., Synthesis and Herbicidal Activity of Aryloxyphenyl and Heterocyclic Substituted Phenyl N-Arylbenzotriazoles. ACS Publications: 1998.
8. Anand, N.; Ramakrishna, K.; Gupt, M. P.; Chaturvedi, V.; Singh, S.; Srivastava, K. K.; Sharma, P.; Rai, N.; Ramachandran, R.; Dwivedi, A., Identification of 1-[4-benzyloxyphenyl]-but-3-enyl]-1 h-azoles as new class of antitubercular and antimicrobial agents. *ACS Medicinal Chemistry Letters* **2013**, 4 (10), 958-963.
9. Hirokawa, Y.; Yamazaki, H.; Yoshida, N.; Kato, S., A novel series of 6-methoxy-1H-benzotriazole-5-carboxamide derivatives with dual antiemetic and gastroprokinetic activities. *Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters* **1998**, 8 (15), 1973-1978.
10. Battistutta, R.; De Moliner, E.; Sarno, S.; Zanotti, G.; Pinna, L. A., Structural features underlying selective inhibition of protein kinase CK2 by ATP site-directed tetrabromo-2-benzotriazole. *Protein Science* **2001**, 10 (11), 2200-2206.
11. Verschueren, K. H.; Pumpor, K.; Anemuller, S.; Chen, S.; Mesters, J. R.; Hilgenfeld, R., A structural view of the inactivation of the SARS coronavirus main proteinase by benzotriazole esters. *Chemistry & Biology* **2008**, 15 (6), 597-606.
12. Singh, R.; Ganguly, S. Molecular Docking Studies of Novel Imidazole analogs as HIV-1 RT inhibitors, *International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research* 2017, 8(9), 3751-3757.
13. Singh, R.; Ganguly, S. Design, Synthesis and Evaluation of Some Novel 1-phenyl-3-(5-phenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl) Thiourea Derivatives as Anti-HIV Agents, *Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Education and Research*, 52 (4), **2018**.
14. R. Singh and S. Ganguly, "Synthesis, Anti-Microbial Evaluation and Structure Activity Relationship (SAR) Studies of Some 1-phenyl-3-(5-phenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl) thiourea Derivatives" *Anti-Infective Agents*, **2017**, 15.
15. R. Singh and S. Ganguly, "Synthesis and Antimicrobial Evaluation of Some 1-Phenyl-3-(5-phenyl- 1H-imidazol-1-yl)thiourea Derivatives" *Indian Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry*, 2018, 28, 361-366.

Thank  
you



5th International Electronic Conference  
on Medicinal Chemistry  
1-30 November 2019

sponsors:



pharmaceuticals