

**BDEE  
2021**

# The 1st International Electronic Conference on Biological Diversity, Ecology and Evolution

15–31 MARCH 2021 | ONLINE

Chaired by **PROF. DR. MICHAEL WINK**



## **Native people's perception of trees in the urban landscape of the Bay of Naples**

**Adriano Stinca <sup>1,\*</sup>, Luigi Marfella <sup>2</sup>, and Assunta Esposito <sup>1</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Department of Environmental, Biological and Pharmaceutical Sciences and Technologies, University of Campania  
Luigi Vanvitelli, Via Vivaldi 43, 81100 Caserta, Italy; [adriano.stinca@unicampania.it](mailto:adriano.stinca@unicampania.it); [assunta.esposito@unicampania.it](mailto:assunta.esposito@unicampania.it)

<sup>2</sup> School of Geography, Geology and the Environment, Keele University, Staffordshire ST5 5BG, United Kingdom;  
[l.marfella@keele.ac.uk](mailto:l.marfella@keele.ac.uk)

\* Corresponding author: [adriano.stinca@unicampania.it](mailto:adriano.stinca@unicampania.it)



Università  
degli Studi  
della Campania  
Luigi Vanvitelli

*Dipartimento di Scienze e Tecnologie  
Ambientali Biologiche e  
Farmaceutiche*



# Introduction

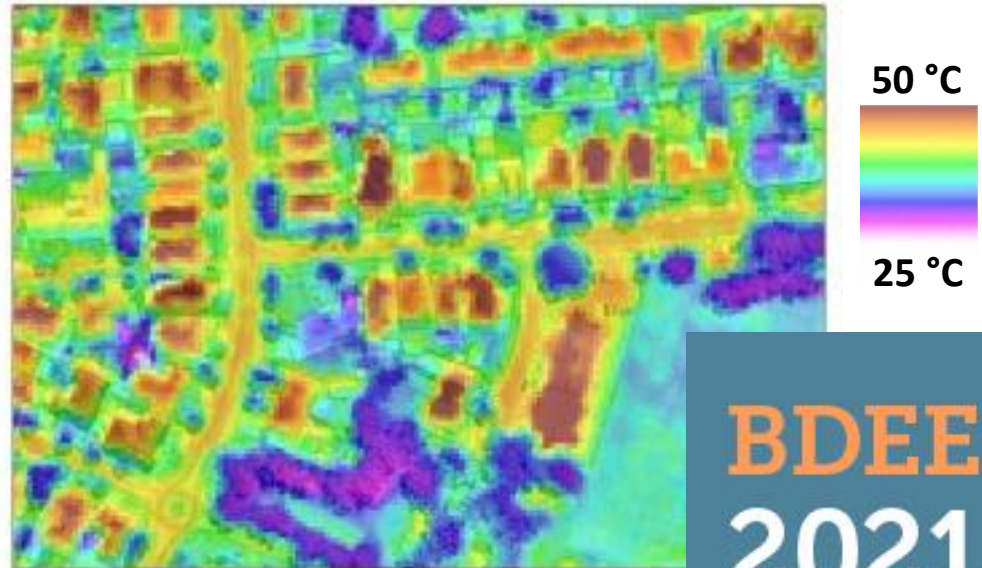


Ecosystem services from trees:

- mitigation of the urban heat island effect
- regulation of microclimate and hydrology
- provision of leisure spaces
- mitigation of air pollution
- sequestration of carbon dioxide



Improvement of human well-being



Adelaide, Australia

Ossola et al. *Landscape and Urban Planning*, 2021, 209: 104046.

**BDEE**  
**2021**

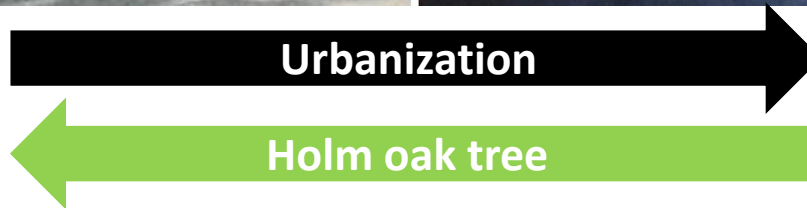
# Introduction

1950s

2021



Castellammare di Stabia,  
Italy



**BDEE**  
**2021**

# Introduction



Article

## Comparison of the Economic Value of Urban Trees through Surveys with Photographs in Two Seasons

Claudia García-Ventura<sup>1</sup>, Álvaro Sánchez-Medina<sup>2</sup>, M. Ángeles Grande-Ortiz<sup>3</sup>, Concepción González-García<sup>3</sup> and Esperanza Ayuga-Téllez<sup>2,\*</sup>

J For Res (2016) 21:261–270  
DOI 10.1007/s10310-016-0543-4



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

## Investigation of visitors' motivation, satisfaction and cognition on urban forest parks in Taiwan

Yi-Chung Wang<sup>1</sup> · Jiunn-Cheng Lin<sup>2</sup> · Wan-Yu Liu<sup>3</sup> · Chi-Chwen Lin<sup>4</sup> · Shu-Hsin Ko<sup>5</sup>

Urban Ecosyst  
DOI 10.1007/s11252-016-0581-x



## Effects of biodiversity and environment-related attitude on perception of urban green space

B. Gunnarsson<sup>1</sup> · I. Knez<sup>2</sup> · M. Hedblom<sup>3</sup> · Å. Ode Sang<sup>4</sup>

Forest Policy and Economics 71 (2016) 71–79



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Forest Policy and Economics

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/forpol](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/forpol)



Latent preferences of residents regarding an urban forest recreation setting in Ljubljana, Slovenia☆



Anže Japelj<sup>a,\*</sup>, Robert Mavsar<sup>b</sup>, Donald Hodges<sup>c</sup>, Marko Kovač<sup>d</sup>, Luka Juvančič<sup>e</sup>

236

Schroeder et al.: Residents' Attitudes Toward Street Trees



Arboriculture & Urban Forestry 2006, 32(5):236–246.



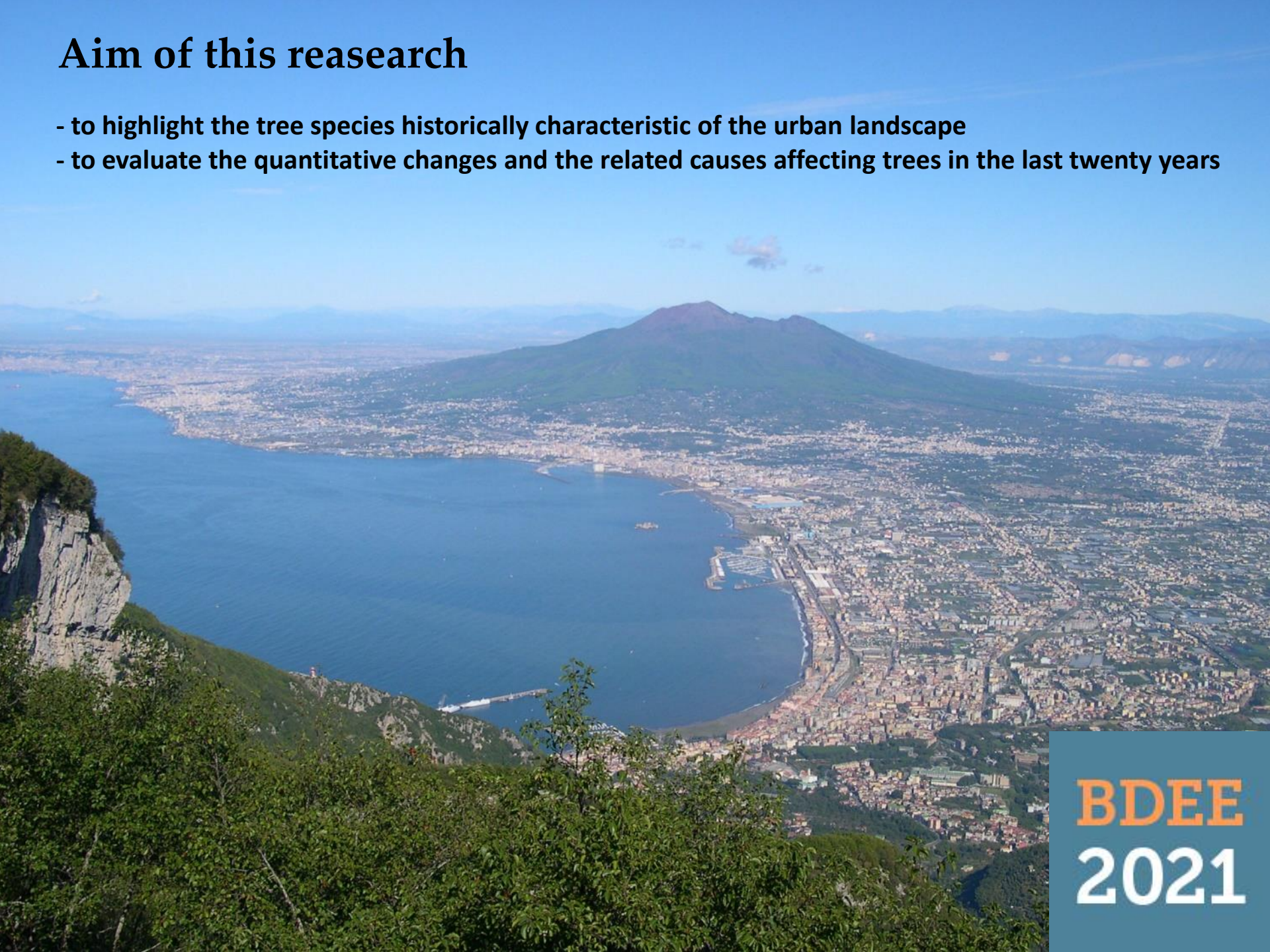
## Residents' Attitudes Toward Street Trees in the UK and U.S. Communities

Herbert Schroeder, John Flannigan, and Richard Coles

**BDEE**  
**2021**

# Aim of this research

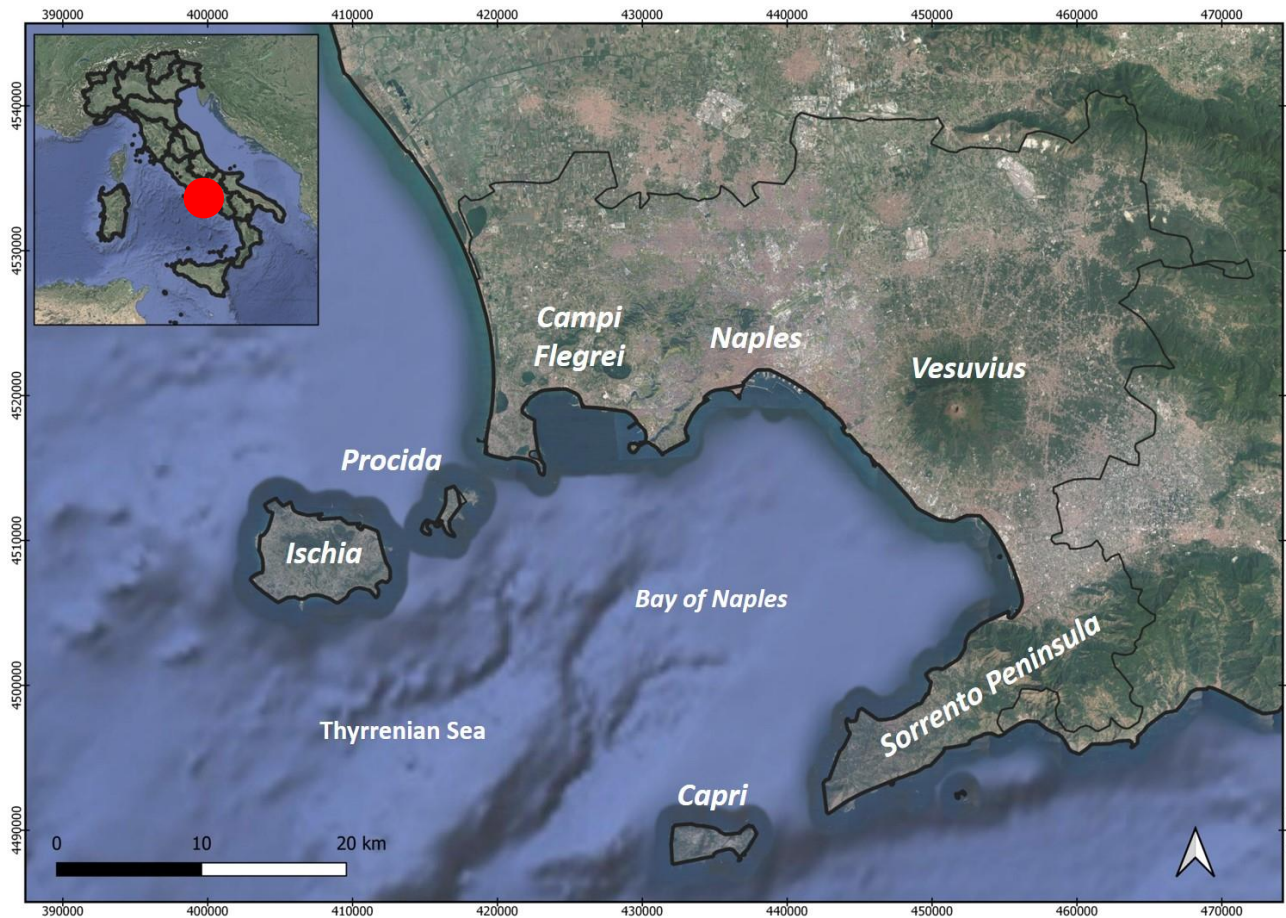
- to highlight the tree species historically characteristic of the urban landscape
- to evaluate the quantitative changes and the related causes affecting trees in the last twenty years



**BDEE**  
**2021**

# Materials and methods

## Study area



~ 1,171 km<sup>2</sup>

92 municipalities

~ 3 million dwellers

2,580 inhabitants/km<sup>2</sup>

~ 20% artificial surfaces

~ 0–600 m a.s.l.

**BDEE**  
**2021**

# Materials and methods

## *Data collection*



Google Forms

50 trees

Trees in the urban cultural landscape of the Bay of Naples

1. Which tree species do you think is historically characteristic of the urban area of the Bay of Naples?
2. Which tree species do you think has shown, in the last twenty years (2000-2020), a reduction or an increase in the number of individuals in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?
3. What factor do you think played a greater role in the reduction or increase in the number of tree individuals in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?
4. Are you satisfied with the current abundance (diversity and number of individuals) and state of conservation (phytosanitary conditions, pruning, etc.) of the trees in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?

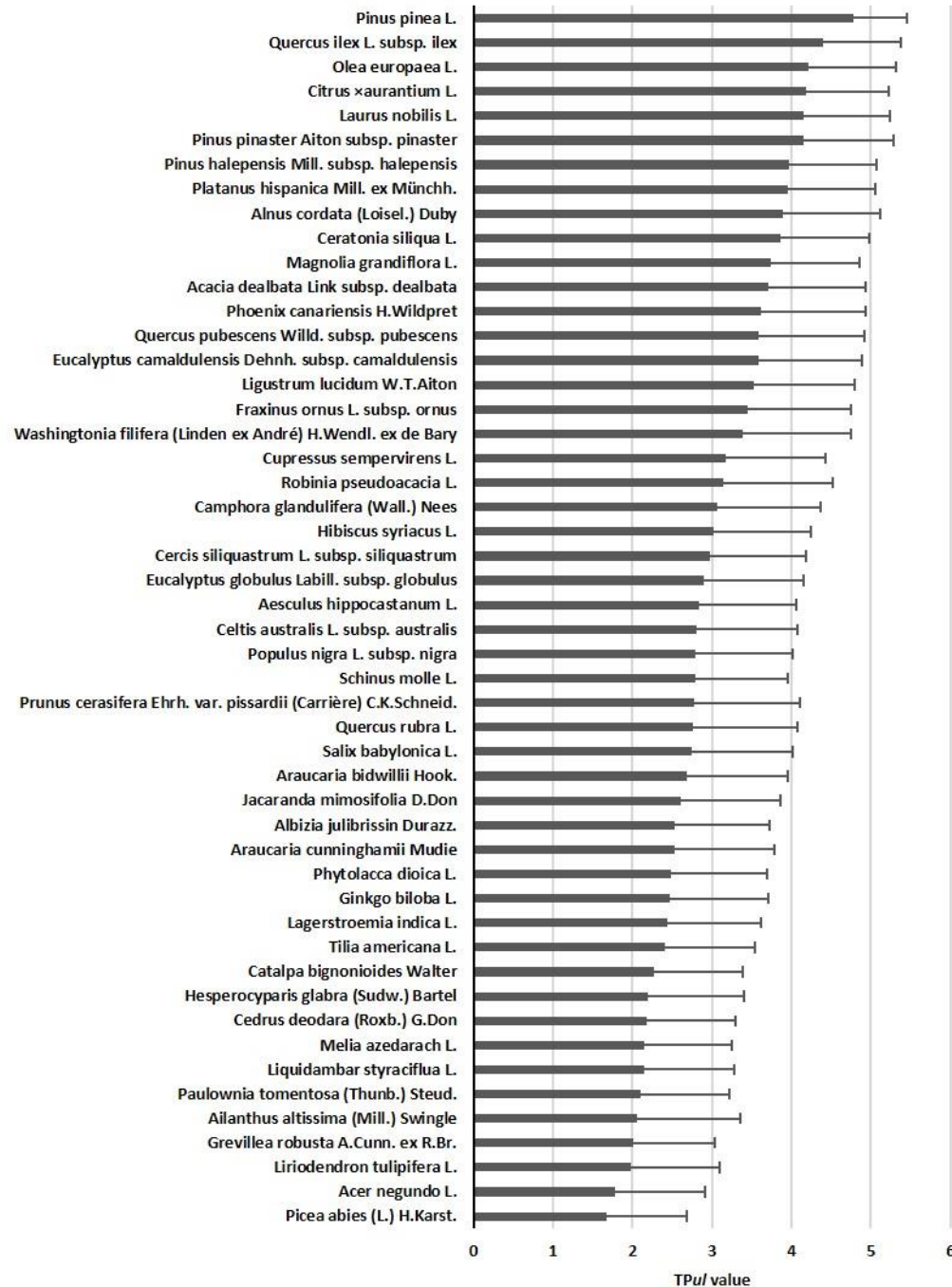


# Results

## Question 1

**Which tree species do you think is historically characteristic of the urban area of the Bay of Naples?**

[the answers 5-point rating scale ranged from 1 = "tree not characteristic of the urban landscape" to 5 = "tree very characteristic of the urban landscape"]



Tree landscape value perceived by respondents (TPul value)



# Results

*Pinus pinea* L.  
Pianaceae



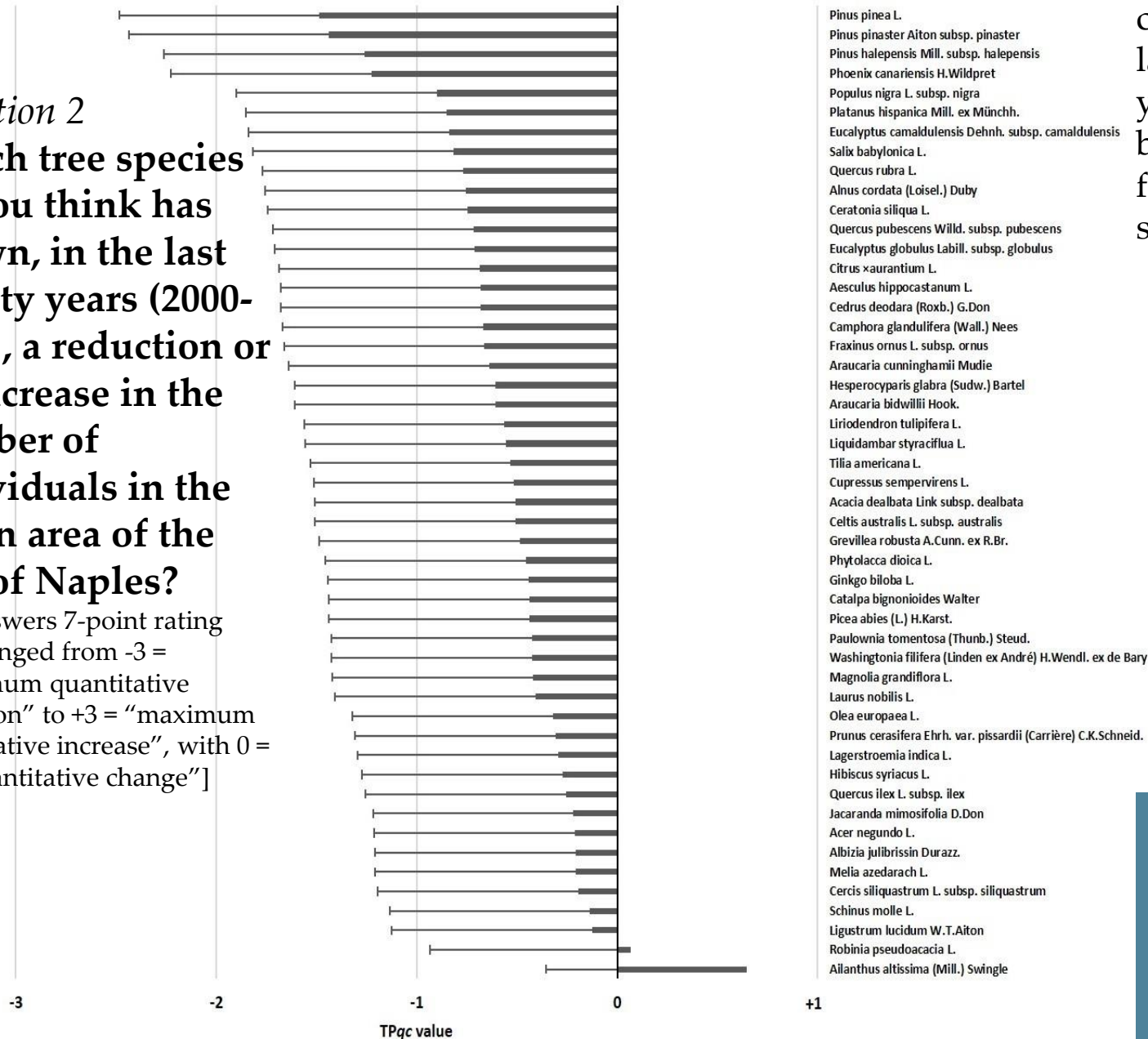
**BDEE**  
**2021**

# Results

## Question 2

**Which tree species do you think has shown, in the last twenty years (2000-2020), a reduction or an increase in the number of individuals in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?**

[the answers 7-point rating scale ranged from -3 = “maximum quantitative reduction” to +3 = “maximum quantitative increase”, with 0 = “no quantitative change”]

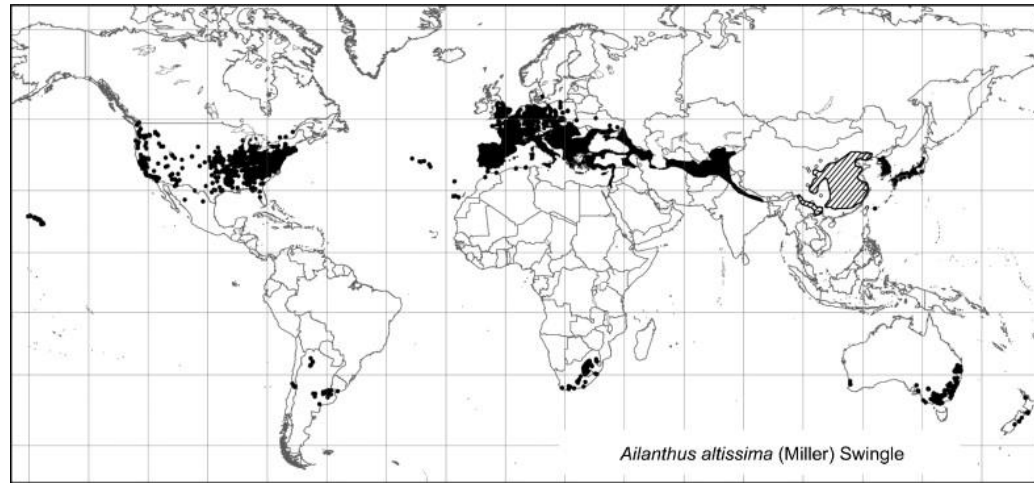


Value of tree quantitative change in the last twenty years perceived by respondents for each tree species (TPqc)



# Results

*Ailanthus altissima* (Mill.) Swingle  
Simaroubaceae



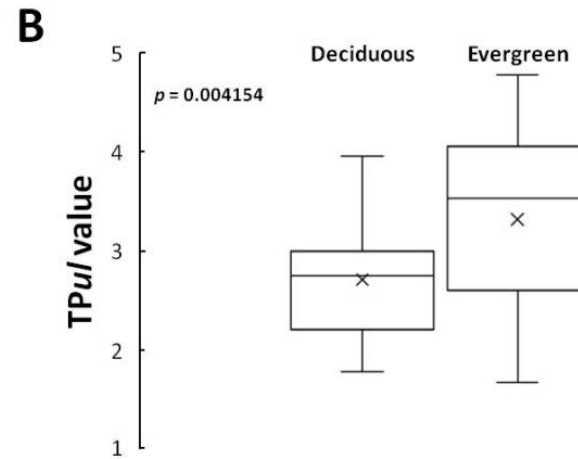
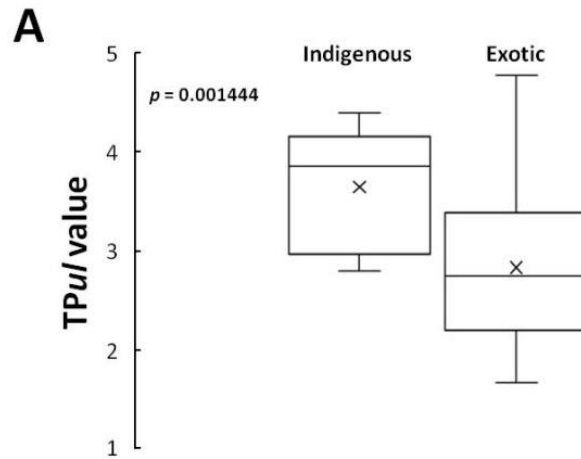
Kowarik & Säumel. *Perspect. Plant Ecol., Evol.*, 2007, 8, 207–237.



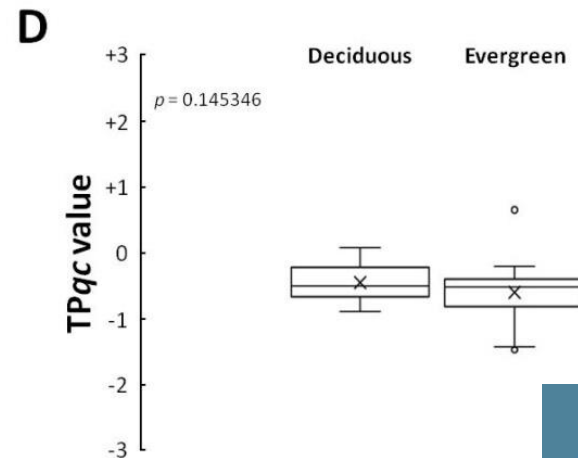
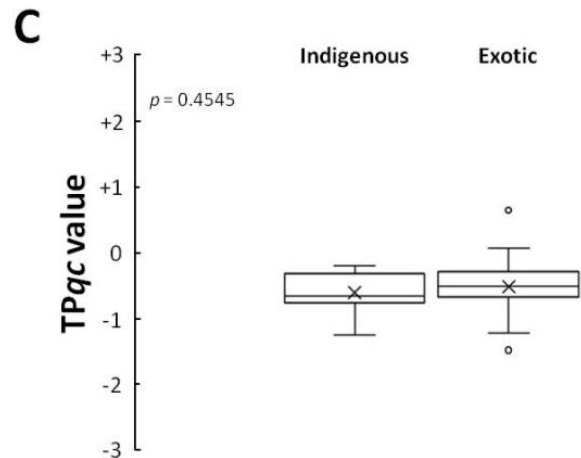
**BDEE**  
2021

# Results

Tree landscape perceived by respondents



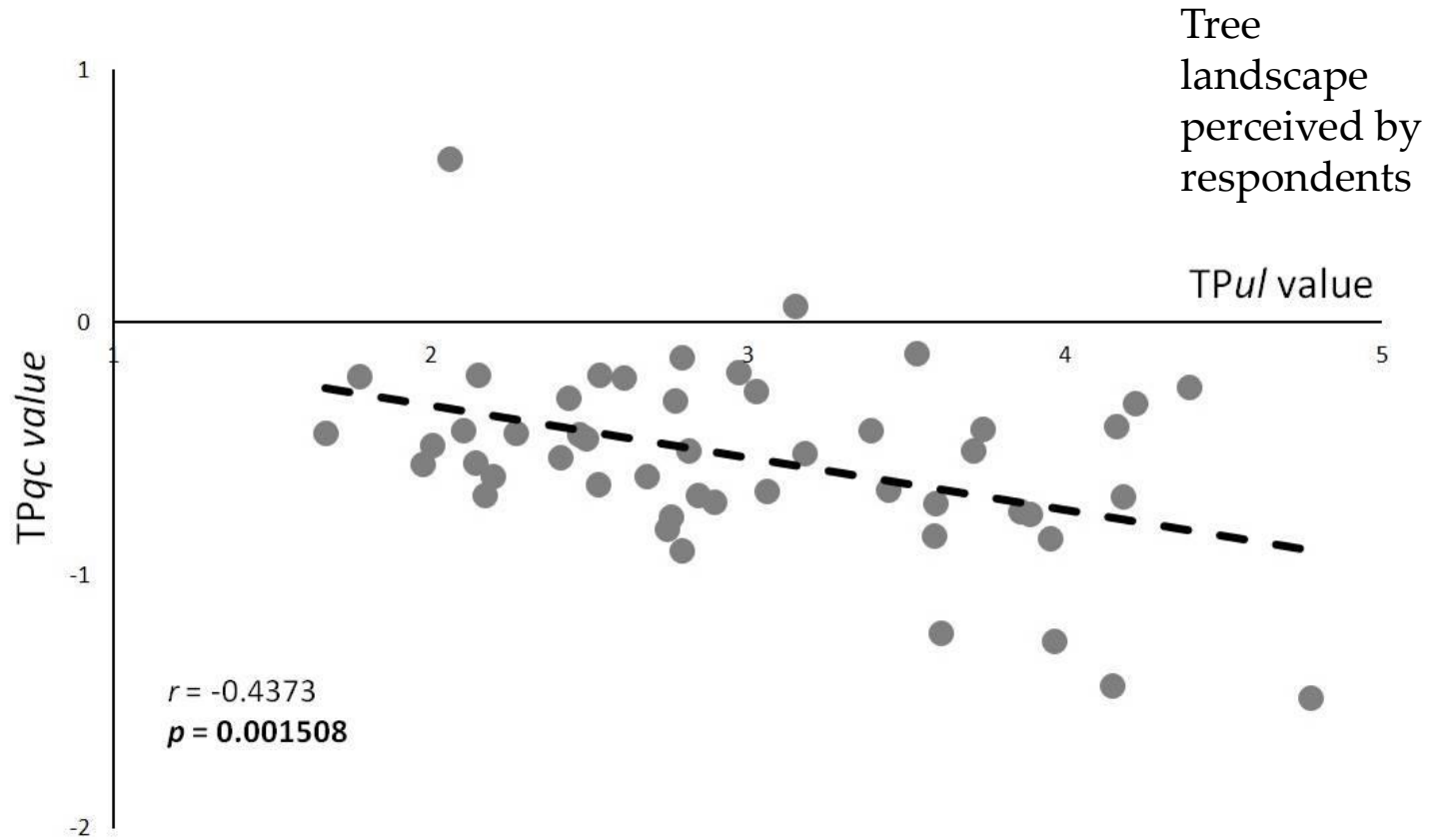
Tree quantitative changes in the last twenty years perceived by respondents



ANOVA, Tukey test,  $p < 0.05$

# Results

Tree quantitative changes in the last twenty years perceived by respondents



Pearson's correlation,  $p < 0.05$

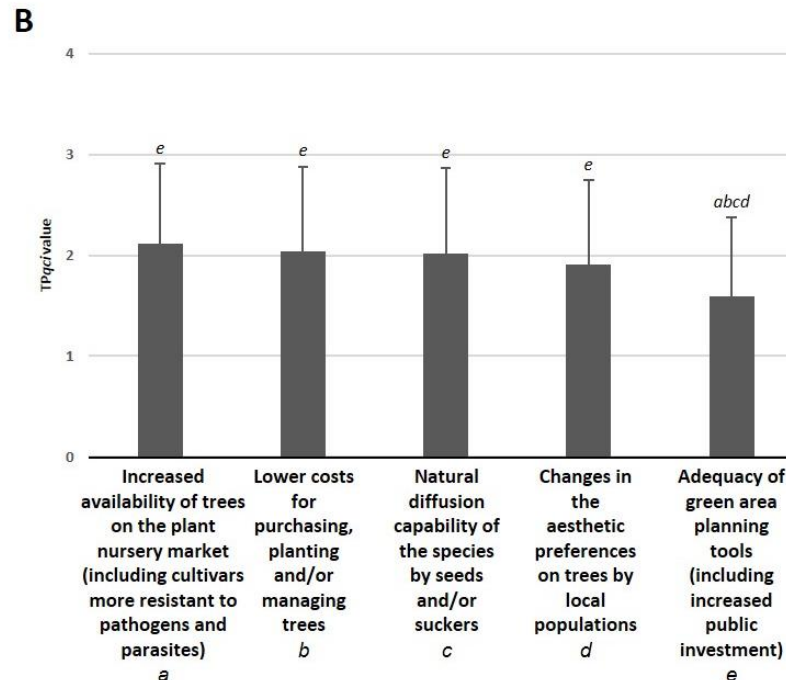
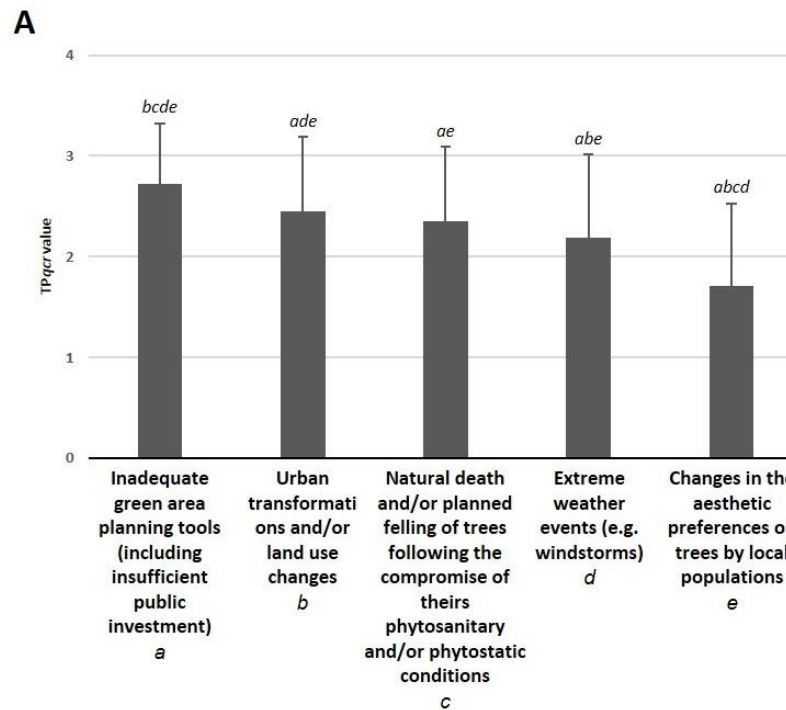
# Results

## Question 3

**What factor do you think played a greater role in the reduction or increase in the number of tree individuals in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?**

[the answers 3-point rating scale ranged from 1 = “not very important factor” to 3 = “very important factor”]

ANOVA, Tukey test,  $p < 0.05$

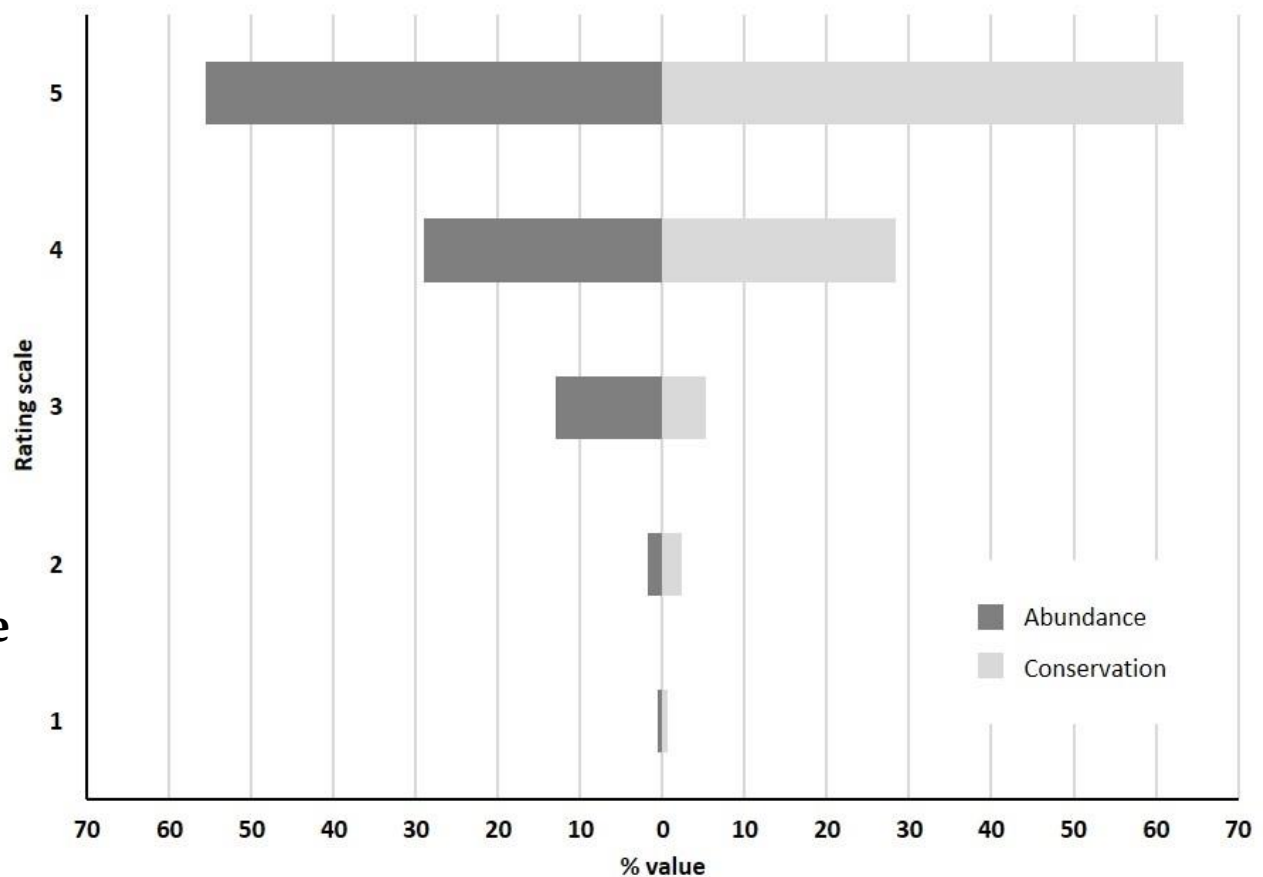


# Results

## Question 4

**Are you satisfied with the current abundance (diversity and number of individuals) and state of conservation (phytosanitary conditions, pruning, etc.) of the trees in the urban area of the Bay of Naples?**

[the answers 5-point rating scale ranged from 1 = “not satisfied” to 5 = “very satisfied”]



# Conclusion



Natural  
resources of  
the landscape

People's  
perception  
of the  
landscape

Cultural  
resources of  
the landscape

Landscape  
designer

**BDEE**  
**2021**



**BDEE**  
**2021**

# The 1st International Electronic Conference on Biological Diversity, Ecology and Evolution

15–31 MARCH 2021 | ONLINE

Chaired by **PROF. DR. MICHAEL WINK**



## **Native people's perception of trees in the urban landscape of the Bay of Naples**

**Adriano Stinca <sup>1,\*</sup>, Luigi Marfella <sup>2</sup>, and Assunta Esposito <sup>1</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Department of Environmental, Biological and Pharmaceutical Sciences and Technologies, University of Campania  
Luigi Vanvitelli, Via Vivaldi 43, 81100 Caserta, Italy; [adriano.stinca@unicampania.it](mailto:adriano.stinca@unicampania.it); [assunta.esposito@unicampania.it](mailto:assunta.esposito@unicampania.it)

<sup>2</sup> School of Geography, Geology and the Environment, Keele University, Staffordshire ST5 5BG, United Kingdom;  
[l.marfella@keele.ac.uk](mailto:l.marfella@keele.ac.uk)

\* Corresponding author: [adriano.stinca@unicampania.it](mailto:adriano.stinca@unicampania.it)



Università  
degli Studi  
della Campania  
Luigi Vanvitelli

*Dipartimento di Scienze e Tecnologie  
Ambientali Biologiche e  
Farmaceutiche*

